THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 18, NUMBER 22. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1899. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

Special Sale!

MONDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 15th, '99,

From 1 o'clock p. m. Till 5 o'clock p. m.

AT CALE'S STORE.

Handkerchiefs.

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10	cent	Handkerchiefs	for.....	5 cents
15	"	"	"	7 "
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Silk Gloves, Silk Mitts, Gloves and Mitts of every description, which will also go at just ONE-HALF actual value.

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L. J. CALE

Cale Block, Front Street.

CRESCENT, MONARCH, STEARNS,

We Give You Entire Satisfaction ....

The Best Wheels For BRAINERD BICYCLE BUYERS.

Will Give You a Trade On That Old Wheel ...

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We Repair Breaks on Short Order.

F. H. GRUENHAGEN, - Laurel St.

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There is nothing so delightful as a delicious box of Bon Bons or Fine Candy when Absolutely Pure and Freshly Made. In order to be assured that goods are Pure and Fresh you should buy only HOME MADE CANDIES.

C. J. AUSTIN,

An Experienced and Practical Confectioner and Candy Maker, has established a Candy Factory in the basement of Abbott & Wilkin's store, where the Finest Candies the heart could wish are manufactured. When you purchase Candy from the retail dealer, insist on having

Austin's Fine Confections,

As they are not only Fresh, but the Best and Purest Made. Be sure and ask for Austin's Home Made Candies.

House Wife's Trouble



Is House Cleaning. We aim to help and save them the greatest trouble, that of cleaning lace curtains and carpets. Charges right. Plain lace curtains, 25 cents a pair. Goods called for or delivered to any part of the City .....

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Prof. Bruns the expert optician, will be at the Arlington, May 22, 23 and 24. Eyes examined free.

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Over in Otter Tail county farmers are spearing pickerel and red horse and throwing them on the land for fertilizer. It is about all that class of fish are good for but it isn't evident that the legislature intended the fish to be put to that use when they passed the law allowing them to be taken at any time and in any manner.

The Wadena Tribune has added a new Hoe drum cylinder press and other new machinery to its plant and appears to be enjoying its share of the general prosperity of the country, although from week to week it continues to howl that the country has gone to hades under the present administration. It is too bad for some of these calamity howlers that the country didn't go to the above mentioned place and take them with it.

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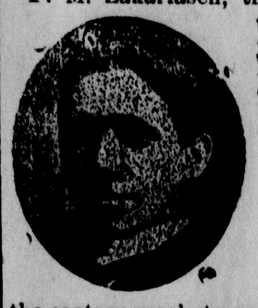
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Mean well, do ill, and you'll get yourself disliked.

Some individuals may trust to luck, but the trusts do not.

The man who is the first to argue is usually the last to act.

Health means wealth for the patient, but poverty for the doctor.

The man who boasts of his small feet always has a head to match.

When a matrimonial engagement is broken it is a case of heart failure.

The hotel annunciator frequently summons the bellboy to another climb.

People who never make mistakes are dangerous persons to associate with.

Women have a cute way of saying mean things that men can never hope to equal.

The pain of parting is experienced by the small boy when his mother combs his hair.

Dress reform people say the short skirt has many friends. Yes, but not among the thin sisters.

Croker has postponed his trip to Europe, which proves that he still has some regard for appearances.

The individual who can move from Chicago to St. Louis without complaining is a true philosopher.

Mr. Reed has evidently concluded that Maine is too far east to hope to furnish a president for this country.

It will be recalled that the anti-annexationists saw similar hobgoblins while the acquisition of Alaska was in progress.

Aguinaldo has degenerated to such an extent that his name is no longer good for even a ripple of laughter at a vaudeville performance.

Mrs. Lease has repudiated the Democratic party, and an exchange says that some Democrats are ungallant enough to go around bragging about it.

The Philadelphia girl who claims to have had her hand squeezed $5,000 worth will doubtless make it costly for the chap who takes a chance with her waist.

An Ohio genius has invented a chair that can be adjusted to one thousand different positions. It is designed for the small boy to sit in when he goes to church.

Kind looks, kind words, kind acts, and warm hand shakes—these are the secondary means of grace, when men are in trouble, and are fighting their unseen battles.—Dr. John Hall.

The French deputies want their salaries doubled on the ground that it will put them beyond the reach of temptation. We hear of a burglar who promises to reform if somebody will give him a fortune.

The whisky surplus in Scotland amounts to nearly forty million gallons. That is a good country for the professional temperance men to go to. For once in their lives they would find enough to go around.

We have a large number of heroes in stock just now, and all of them are distinctly human. Pictured by imaginative writers, some earlier masters of achievement seem more than human. It is quite refreshing, therefore, to get a very prosiac view of Lord Nelson as he is presented in recent reminiscences. He stands on the deck of the Victory, with pieces of brown paper, soaked in vinegar, tied on his silk-stockinged legs, red tape being used to hold in place the soothing applications. The pain of mosquito-bites had been too much for the hero. The demigod is hardly apparent here.

An Anti-Alcohol Congress was held in Paris last week. The chief countries of the world were represented by 500 delegates. It is said that France, of all the European nations, suffers most from the evils of intemperance, which has made terrible progress during the last twenty years. In portions of northern France the population is disappearing as rapidly as did the North American Indians before "fire-water." In Normandy the women drink more than the men, and the mortality among children is excessive in consequence. It is estimated that each inhabitant drinks yearly fifteen quarts of alcohol, which is claimed alone accounts for the alarming depopulation of the nation.

A New York magazine editor has been appointed minister to Greece. He probably figures that he can fill the place just as well as not during the next year or two, owing to the fact that enough war articles have already been set up in type to last that long.

Trouble has just been had in a Chicago court over the copyright of Julius Caesar's "De Bello Gallico." It seems that Julius failed to file a copy of his book with the librarian of congress at Washington, but the court held that the copyright stood, all the same.

PITH OF THE NEWS

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports — The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

Criminal Record.

A young woman in Chicago kills herself after shooting an attorney.

An examination of the books of J. E. Wiscoski, ex-city treasurer of Argentine, Kan., discloses a shortage of between $20,000 and $30,000. Wiscoski disappeared last week.

The New York assembly has given the Mazet committee full power to inquire into the matters which Croker and his friends refused to answer, and to commit to jail recalcitrant witnesses.

At Mayari, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, between Holguin and Sagus de Tanamo, an unsuccessful attempt was recently made by four outlaws to rescue the bandit chief, Miguel Gonzales and five other bandits who were in the custody of the rural guard.

The jury in the case of Charles E. Summers, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the Kentucky senate, charged with bribery, after being out a day and a half at Frankfort, failed to reach a verdict. The jury stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal.

George Pare and W .H. Holden, charged with the robbery of $32,000 from the Dominion Bank, and who gave queens' evidence against Bank Teller Holden at the trial, escaped from the jail at Napanee, Ont.

Foreign.

The Anglo-Russian agreement arrests the despoilation of China.

Admiral Kautz has been informed that his government indorses all he has done in Samoa.

The total customs receipts at Porto Rico from August, 1898, to April 15, 1899, were $903,161.

Henry Charles Fitzroy Somerset, eighth duke of Beaufort, is dead. He was in his seventy-sixth year.

The Montreal bankers have passed a resolution opposing the establishment of a Canadian mint.

Power Henry Lepont Trench, who was British minister to Japan in 1891 and had formerly represented Great Britain in Mexico, died in his fifty-eighth year.

A sensation has been created by the discovery of new forgeries in the Dreyfus case. It is alleged that the documents prove the innocence of Dreyfus.

M. Labori, who was counsel for M. Zola when the latter was on trial in December last for his famous "I accuse" letter, is dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

Advices from Alaska say the Dawson judiciary are imprisoning people for debt under the ancient English masters and servants' act. Six or eight debtors are now in jail.

Despite the efforts of the Social Democratic leaders, May day was but little noticed at Berlin. There were thirty-five meetings in the city and suburbs, but they were sparsely attended and without special incident.

A heavy earthquake shock lasting six seconds was felt at Vincennes, Ind., and at Sullivan. The vibrations extended from south to north. Several chimneys were shaken down and some brick walls were cracked.

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Personal.

In an interview at Detroit recently, Senator Depew said he did not believe Gov. Roosevelt was looking for the next presidential nomination.

J. Pierpont Morgan, the American banker, who is undergoing the cure at Aix-Les Baines, France, has given the hospital there 50,000 francs.

Stanley Turner of Detroit, Mich., has been selected as United States consul of Windsor, Ont., to succeed Julius Lay, named for the consulate at Barcelona, Spain.

The president has appointed Julius G. Lay, now consul at Windsor, Ont., as consul general at Barcelona, Spain, to succeed Mr. Bowen, yesterday appointed minister to Persia.

John C. Weity of Canton, Ohio, the lawyer who defended Mrs. Anna E. George, will likely be a candidate for governor of Ohio on the Democratic ticket.

Ten of the fourteen Republican members of congress from Illinois have decided to support Congressman Albert J. Hopkins of Aurora for speaker of the national house.

Maj. Brown, prominent on the staff of Gen. Hartsuff during the late war, died at Toledo, Ohio, aged sixty-four. He was one of the most prominent men in G. A. R. circles in Ohio.

Rev. S. J. MacPherson, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Chicago, has announced his intention of resigning to become head of the Lawrenceville academy at Lawrenceville, N. J.

The condition of Col. Duncan Hood, of the Second Immunes regiment at Havana, is reported as being without change. The surgeons regard him as seriously ill, but say his recovery is likely.

Addison Johnson of Port Chester, N. Y., succeeds O. V. Sage as warden of Sing Sing prison.

Senator Kyle of South Dakota has tendered his resignation as chairman of the industrial commission. This action was taken on account of the senator's ill-health. He will continue, to serve as a member of the commission.

George A. Griswold of Almont, Iowa, aged seventy-four, president of the Territorial Pioneers and Old Settlers' Association of Clinton county, and Mrs. Viola Rasmussen of Clinton, were married at Lyons, Iowa, by Justice Alva McLaughlin.

Accidental Happenings.

An excursion train was wrecked at Rochester, N. Y., with fatal effects.

The home of Gen. Wade Hampton, at Columbia, S. C., was burned. A library of 6,000 volumes was destroyed. There was no insurance.

A fire at Sebastopol, Cal., destroyed Chinatown, consuming fifty houses and causing a loss of $20,000. One Chinaman was burned to death.

Fire destroyed $50,000 worth of property in the Polish settlement at Noble and Oliver streets, Chicago, rendering twenty-five families homeless.

Wind and rain has caused much damage all over the State of Nebraska. Columbus and Kearney have been the greatest sufferers.

The steamship Kanawha of New York foundered 150 miles from Bermuda, April 6. Officers and crew were saved.

Sixty-two miners were killed and a large number more seriously injured by the flooding of the Ktschnar gold mine in Poland. The trouble was the result of the collapse of a shaft.

The banking house of C. F. Shinkle of Ellsworth, Ill., was robbed of $1,100 recently by burglars, who blew the safe with gunpowder and made their escape.

Two men were killed and one injured while excavating for a new building at New York. A cave-in occurred, and several other workmen narrowly escaped. The dead are Jones Morelli and Peter Burns, laborers.

L. M. Pitkin, president of the Variety Iron Works company, Cleveland, Ohio, was struck and instantly killed yesterday by the west-bound Lake Shore flyer at Colts, a suburb. Mr. Pitkin was seventy years of age.

Rev. W. J. Reese had just concluded a marriage ceremony near Afton, O. T., when lightning struck the house. The bolt killed Mr. Reese, stunned his three children and literally tore the clothes off his wife.

Lewis Brown, senior member of the class of engineers at Ann Arbor university, was drowned in Whitmore lake, Mich., while in swimming. He was a member of the Zeta Phi fraternity. His home was at Bay City, Mich.

Fire badly damaged the former convent of St. Francis Xavier, a large stone building on St. Catherine street, New York, now occupied by about a dozen small manufacturing concerns. Loss, $75,000.

The bodies of Mrs. William Hickman and Mrs. H. A. Hassal, clasped in a loving embrace, were found in a room of a lodging house at Stockton, Cal., a bullet having ended the life of each. Mrs. Hassal had been morbidly infatuated with Mrs. Hickman for some months. Monday night Mrs. Hassal told Mrs. Hickman that she was going to start for London the following day, but begged Mrs. Hickman to spend the night with her, to which the latter consented. Medical men are of the opinion that Mrs. Hassal was insane.

From Washington.

Gen. Miles may ask for a congressional investigation of beef charges.

Secretary Alger comes out as a candidate for United States senator.

The Filipinos say they desire the same form of government the South American republics have.

A statement prepared at the war department shows that 198 were killed in the Philippines from Feb. 4 to April 28, and 1,111 wounded. Total, 1,309.

Col. Frederick Funston of Kansas has been appointed a brigadier general.

The United States pays the $20,000,000 to Spain.

The secretary of state and attorney general are giving close attention to the question whether Spanish-Philippine cable concessions should be recognized.

The cruiser Chicago has been ordered to Tangier, Morocco. The United States has several claims against the Moorish government, and Admiral Howlson will consult with the American consul respecting them.

President McKinley has approved a parcels post convention between this government and Venezuela, which has just been signed by the postmaster general and Minister Andrade. It is to take effect July 1 next, after ratification by the Venezuelan congress.

The sultan of Turkey has authorized Minister Strauss to telegraph President McKinley that his majesty has promised to pay the American claim of $20,000 for losses sustained by Americans in Turkey during the Armenian massacres in 1895.

Senator Thurston and Representative Mercer of Nebraska, and W. A. Hunin, correspondent of the Omaha Bee, called upon the president and invited him to visit the Greater American Exposition at Omaha, between July 1 and Sept. 1. The president spoke pleasantly of his recollections of the trip to Omaha last fall, and said if he could arrange to stop at Omaha on his Western trip this summer it would give him pleasure to do so.

General.

Gen. Gomez favors the immediate formation of a Cuban militia.

The Barrett-Johnson Iron company at Yarmouth, N. S., has closed its plant for an indefinite period.

Representative Marks of the Delaware legislature was acquitted of offering a bribe to a fellow member.

The total customs receipts of Porto Rico from August, 1898, to April 15, 1899, were $903,161.

The New York Evening Post reports the combination of large sugar interests in New York State and Maryland.

The famous asbestos mine at Salt mountain, in White county, Ga., has been sold for $200,000 to Bancroft & Kennick, mining engineers, London.

A perpetual injunction protecting the copyright of Rudyard Kipling's "The White Man's Burden" has been granted against the publishing firm of F. B. Whipple & Co. of Chicago.

The torpedo boat Somers, which was bought by the United States in Germany previous to the war with Spain, has arrived at New York on board the liner Manhattan.

The steamer Hope went into dock at St. Johns, N. F., to be thoroughly overhauled before proceeding northward to the relief of Lieut. Peary in the Arctic regions.

DYNAMITE IS USED

STRIKERS TRY TO BLOW UP A STREET CAR AT DULUTH.

Charge of Dynamite Is Placed on the Rails—Passengers Have a Miraculous Escape—The Fact That the Force of the Explosion Tended Downward Saved the Car From Annihilation — Slight Injuries Were Experienced by Most of the Strikers—The Sheriff May Be Called on for Protection by the Receiver.

Duluth, Minn., May 11.—Rioters attempted to blow up a West Duluth street car with dynamite at 11 o'clock last night. The car carried ten passengers. It was running rapidly. When between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west there was an explosion so loud that it was plainly heard all over the central part of the city. The forward part of the car leaped up in the air and the vehicle careened and shot over on its side. A dynamite charge had been placed on one of the rails. It was large enough to blow the car to pieces, but the force of the explosion tended more largely downward. Slight injuries were experienced by most of the passengers, including two women, but nobody was seriously hurt. All were deafened by the report and have been unable to hear anything since. The trucks of the car were blown to pieces. No arrests were made. The explosion occurred within a couple of blocks of the strikers' headquarters. The cars ran all day without interruption, but as soon as evening came on the tactics of Sunday night

Were Renewed.

The cars on the Woodland and Garfield avenue lines were stoned so persistently that after one passenger on an interstate car had been cut in the face by a stone the company ordered operations abandoned. The city council last night passed a resolution demanding of the street railway company that it operate all the cars required by its franchise. Nobody seemed to know just what exactions this action would make of the company. It is said, however, that the receiver will retort that he would be glad to comply when the city has furnished him protection.

It is questionable, indeed, after the use of dynamite last night, if the receiver does not ask the district court for the protection of the sheriff. It is said that the city will be held responsible for the damage already done to the cars by the rioters. The council committee appointed to try to bring the company and strikers together reported that the company that it has nothing to arbitrate as to the nine men that it refuses to re-employ. It is said that the company accuses these men of knocking down fares.

THE DULUTH STRIKE.

The Company Believes That It Has Won Out.

Duluth, May 11.—The street railway strike is not lifted but the company feels that it has practically won out. All of the cars are not running but all the crews now employed, it is said, are given regular relief and not asked to work over-time. The strikers are doing missionary work among the non-union employes, and have succeeded in getting about twenty to quit in the last two days.

GOMEZ'S PET PROJECT.

He Wants a Cuban Standing Army of 150,000 Men.

Havana, May 11.—Gen. Maximo Gomez is trying to persuade Gov. Gen. Brooke that a Cuban standing army of 15,000 men is a necessary adjunct to the proper government of the island. He has presented his views in writing, but without eliciting as yet any reply. The proposition is not likely to receive much consideration at headquarters, where considerable surprise was occasioned by this magnificent project, which, if adopted, Gomez doubtless believes, would be placed under his personal control. The growing conviction that there is no need of rural guords except in the wilder portions of the Provinces of Santiago and Puerto Principe, is confirmed by the investigations of Capt. Hickey, of the governor general's staff, who returned yesterday from a 2,000-mile trip of the provinces east of Havana, which has occupied two months. Capt. Hickey's carefully written reports to Gen. Brooke assert that with the exception of a few in Santiago province, he found no trace of bandits. "Political feeling in the country districts," he declares, "is far less intense than in Havana, where the malcontents are gathered. Most of the Cubans of the province favor ultimate independence, but they are willing to have the American occupation continue for a year at least, for they recognize that the island's revenues are expended honestly upon betterments."

DEPRESSION IN CHILE.

New Issue of Paper Currency Desired by the People.

Santiago, Chile, May 11.—The financial market here is very much depressed, and bonds are declining on account of scarcity of the paper notes. The public hopes for a new issue of currency to save the situation, but the government seems opposed to such a measure.. The Chilean congress will meet on June 1.

Denied by Haskell.

Toledo, Ohio, May 11. — Charles N. Haskell, whom Attorney General Monett accused as being a party to offering him a bribe to quit prosecution in the Standard oil cases, says he absolutely had nothing to do with offering a bribe to any one.

Comtesse Esterhazy Is Free.

Paris, May 11.—The suit for divorce instituted last month by Comtesse Esterhazy against her husband, Comte Esterhazy, was passed by default, and the final decree will follow in July.

THEY CAN DO NOTHING.

Gen. Miles and Other Officers Suffer Stings of Criticism.

Washington, May 10. — A very close friend of Gen. Miles and an officer of the army, when asked if there was anything for the general to say or do in regard to the report of the beef board, replied:

"There is nothing for him to say or do. The report has been approved by the president, and the president is commander-in-chief of the army Criticism of the report or any other action would be a violation of military duty."

Inquiry was made as to the status of officers criticised and what course they might pursue, and it was stated that as a military legal proposition it was impossible for any action to be taken by any of the officers aggrieved. They might demand a court of inquiry, but this was a court of inquiry which recommended that no further action be taken; this being approved by the president precluded any further inquiry. Gen. Eagan, who is specified in the report, is not likely to ask for further investigation. But Col. Maus, of Gen. Miles' staff, the other officer criticised, feels it keenly His friends say he was among the witnesses whom Gen. Miles asked to be called and was not called by the court.

SWORD FOR FUNSTON.

Kansas Testimonial to the Hero of the Philippine Campaign.

Topeka, Kan., May 10.—The Topeka Capital has started a popular subscription to purchase a sword for Gen. Funston. Every county, town and city in the state is asked to contribute. The appeal for contributions says:

"The wonderful energy of the Twentieth's colonel in battle in the Philippine campaign has spread the fame of Kansas throughout the world, and the press of England, as well as our country, is ringing with his praises. Kansas is preparing to give them such a reception on their home-going as will show how great is the popular appreciation of their gallantry. As a special testimonial to Gen. Funston, we believe that thousands of loyal Kansans will be glad of an opportunity to contribute toward the purchase of a sword commemorating the important part he has played in the campaign. It is the intention to have the sword specially manufactured and ready to present to Gen. Funston on his return home."

THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH.

No Foundation for Recent Sensational Stories.

Washington, May 10. — There is no foundation for the sensational stories sent out from this city that the president is in wretched health. It is true he has suffered from neuralgia recently, but when he left for a two weeks' outing at Hot Springs, Va., last night he looked well and seemed as bright and cheerful as usual. One of the principal reasons why the president and Mrs. McKinley have chosen this time to take a short vacation is that improvements are being made in the sanitary arrangements of the executive mansion. It will take a week or ten days to make the pipe connections and the work will be accompanied by much noise from the hammering and packing of the new pipes. This annoyance will be avoided.

M'KINLEY IN DANGER.

The President Barely Escapes Being Run Over.

Washington, May 10.—President McKinley had a narrow escape from being run over by a horse yesterday afternoon. He was out walking with Adjt. Gen. Corbin, and, as they crossed Pennsylvania avenue, near Lafayette square, a horse, which had been standing by the curb attached to a light buggy, became frightened and ran away. The two gentlemen were talking and neither saw the horse until he was nearly upon them. Gen. Corbin pulled the president out of the way just in time to save him from being struck.

PAYING CUBAN TROOPS.

The Process Is Expected to Begin Wednesday.

Havana, May 10. — Col. Cespedes, private secretary of Gen. Gomez, states that the distribution of the $3,000,000 granted by the United States for payment of Cuban soldiers will probably begin Wednesday. At a conference between Gen. Gomez and Gen. Brooke the date of payment was fixed at between the 10th and 14th. The distribution will be made at the seaports and railroad centers, as far as practicable. The soldiers will be paid by battalions under their commanders, and those having arms will give them up.

IN DEWEY'S PLACE.

Rear Admiral Watson to Take Command of the Asiatic Squadron.

Washington, May 10.—The navy department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic station. Orders have been issued detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there.

Germany Needs a Navy.

Berlin, May 10.—The Neuset Nachrichten, urging the immediate increase of the German naval power, confesses that Germany is "not able to compete with the United States at sea apart from English influence."

The Orizaba at Havana.

New York, May 10. — Cable advices from Havana announce the arrival of the steamer Orizaba. This sets at rest any anxiety caused by the finding of a life-preserver marked "S. S. Orizaba" off Kitty Hawk, N. C.

Strike Unchanged.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 10.—The strike is now practically unchanged. All efforts to bring about a settlement have been balked by the absolute refusal of the strikers to consider any proposition that did not abrogate Connors' contract.

Not All to Close Sunday.

Winona, May 10. — Galesville, Wis., has adopted the Sunday closing movement. A movement is on foot to close saloons at Fountain City, Minnesota City, but it is not probable that it will be carried through.

SWINDLER IN JAIL

HE WORKED A BLIND POOL GAME IN STOCKS.

One Man Was the Whole Company and He Duped Many Investors—The "Investors' Guaranty and Trust Company" Goes to Pieces With a $100,000 Deficit — The "Company" Fled and Was Arrested in Los Angeles—Says He Was a Fool to Think He Could Beat the Market.

New York, May 10.—The police of this city say that the total sum involved in a swindle of which Dr. Heglesburg, now under arrest in Los Angeles, Cal., is accused, will reach $100,000. Dr. Hegelsburg was president of the "Investors' Guaranty and Trust company," with offices in this city. It is alleged that the company did a "blind pool" business in stocks.

About April 20 last patrons of the company who called at its offices found the doors locked and no information was obtainable as to the whereabouts of the members of the concern. Ernest S. May, keeper of a restaurant, made specific complaint that he had invested $8,100 with the concern and that he believed that he had been swindled. Hegelsburg was thought to have started for New Mexico. The police at El Paso were telegraphed to and the police throughout the State of California were notified. Capt. McCluskey sent a telegram to Chief of Police Glasser at Los Angeles to hold Hegelsburg until requisition papers were completed.

Two days before the company's offices were closed some of Hegelsburg's customers received from him a typewritten circular dated at Newark, N. J., saying that disaster had overtaken him. He attributed it to the panicky market and said he had destroyed the books and asked for a few months in which to make everything square. He confessed that he alone constituted the whole company. The letter continued:

"I was a fool to think I could beat the market and make a fortune for you and me, but you will hardly be more successful. You lose only a few dollars while I lose my very existense."

Capt. McCluskey said a man named Young, who was a friend of May, the restaurantkeeper, had also been induced to invest money in Hegelsburg's concern, and that May and Young had lost about $30,000 between them.

ANTARTIC RUMMAGING.

Some Points Discovered by the Belgian Expedition.

Buenos Ayres, Argentina, May 10. — Adrian de Gerlach, chief of the Belgian Antarctic expedition, has sent a dispatch to the Prensa containing further details of the expedition. He stated that the so-called Hughes bay is the entrance to the channel which separates Graham Land from the group of islands which explorers called Palmer's archipelago. Feb. 12 the expedition began a new journey southward and advanced until 71 deg. 36 min. was reached. They remained blocked there a whole year. Fearing they would have to remain there another year, the explorers cut a channel of 750 meters through the ice. This passageway was finished in February, 1899, and March 14 the explorers sailed northward. Lieut. De Gerlach praises the conduct of all the members of the expedition. He says that on his arrival at Buenos Ayres he will remain some time to repair the vessel and then start for Europe.

HAVANA HEALTHFUL.

Immunity From Yellow Fever Since Occupied by Americans.

Havana, May 10—The continued absence of yellow fever from this city astonishes even the members of the sanitary department. Resident physicians believe that the steps taken since American occupation have made it possible that the disease may be checked for a short time, and look forward to a summer of comparative immunity from yellow fever. Medical practitioners, however, believe that some cases will develop before June. As the duties of Federico Mora, the former civil governor of Havana, who was recently appointed to the attorney generalship of Cuba, will not begin before the supreme court for several weeks, no appointment to the civil governorship will be made at present.

NEW COMBINE.

Plow Manufacturers the Latest to Get Together.

Chicago, May 10.—Representatives of more than a score of the leading plow manufacturing concerns of the United States met and virtually completed the organization of a combination into which it is proposed ultimately to take all manufacturers of agricultural implements. Committees of the temporary organization formed some time ago have been at work upon the matter in New York and elsewhere. The capitalization of the new combination is placed at over $65,000,000. The greatest secrecy was maintained regarding the proceedings.

TO ENFORCE PAYMENT.

Cruiser Chicago Has Arrived at the Moorish Capital.

Tangier, Morocco, May 10—The United States cruiser Chicago has arrived here to support the claims of the United States government against the sultanate of Morocco. Rear Admiral Howison and the United States consul general, Mr. Samuel R. Gunners, paid a visit to the foreign minister of Morocco, Sid Hamed Ben Musa.

Fatal Fall.

Nantuckett, Mass., May 10.—Maj. L. C. Overman, U. S. A., retired, was instantly killed by falling from a staging on which he was at work at his summer home. At one time he had charge of government work at Cleveland, Ohio.

Tramps in a Bloody Fight.

Shelby, Ohio, May 10. — Twenty tramps engaged in a drunken fight near the depot here and two of them were badly shot, one receiving fatal wounds.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

Mean well, do ill, and you'll get yourself disliked.

Some individuals may trust to luck, but the trusts do not.

The man who is the first to argue is usually the last to act.

Health means wealth for the patient, but poverty for the doctor.

The man who boasts of his small feet always has a head to match.

When a matrimonial engagement is broken it is a case of heart failure.

The hotel annunciator frequently summons the bellboy to another climb.

People who never make mistakes are dangerous persons to associate with.

Women have a cute way of saying mean things that men can never hope to equal.

The pain of parting is experienced by the small boy when his mother combs his hair.

Dress reform people say the short skirt has many friends. Yes, but not among the thin sisters.

Croker has postponed his trip to Europe, which proves that he still has some regard for appearances.

The individual who can move from Chicago to St. Louis without complaining is a true philosopher.

Mr. Reed has evidently concluded that Maine is too far east to hope to furnish a president for this country.

It will be recalled that the anti-annexationists saw similar hobgoblins while the acquisition of Alaska was in progress.

Aguinaldo has degenerated to such an extent that his name is no longer good for even a ripple of laughter at a vaudeville performance.

Mrs. Lease has repudiated the Democratic party, and an exchange says that some Democrats are ungallant enough to go around bragging about it.

The Philadelphia girl who claims to have had her hand squeezed $5,000 worth will doubtless make it costly for the chap who takes a chance with her waist.

An Ohio genius has invented a chair that can be adjusted to one thousand different positions. It is designed for the small boy to sit in when he goes to church.

Kind looks, kind words, kind acts, and warm hand shakes—these are the secondary means of grace, when men are in trouble, and are fighting their unseen battles.—Dr. John Hall.

The French deputies want their salaries doubled on the ground that it will put them beyond the reach of temptation. We hear of a burglar who promises to reform if somebody will give him a fortune.

The whisky surplus in Scotland amounts to nearly forty million gallons. That is a good country for the professional temperance men to go to. For once in their lives they would find enough to go around.

We have a large number of heroes in stock just now, and all of them are distinctly human. Pictured by imaginative writers, some earlier masters of achievement seem more than human. It is quite refreshing, therefore, to get a very prosiac view of Lord Nelson as he is presented in recent reminiscences. He stands on the deck of the Victory, with pieces of brown paper, soaked in vinegar, tied on his silk-stockinged legs, red tape being used to hold in place the soothing applications. The pain of mosquito-bites had been too much for the hero. The demigod is hardly apparent here.

An Anti-Alcohol Congress was held in Paris last week. The chief countries of the world were represented by 500 delegates. It is said that France, of all the European nations, suffers most from the evils of intemperance, which has made terrible progress during the last twenty years. In portions of northern France the population is disappearing as rapidly as did the North American Indians before "firewater." In Normandy the women drink more than the men, and the mortality among children is excessive in consequence. It is estimated that each inhabitant drinks yearly fifteen quarts of alcohol, which is claimed alone accounts for the alarming depopulation of the nation.

A New York magazine editor has been appointed minister to Greece. He probably figures that he can fill the place just as well as not during the next year or two, owing to the fact that enough war articles have already been set up in type to last that long.

Trouble has just been had in a Chicago court over the copyright of Julius Caesar's "De Bello Gallico." It seems that Julius failed to file a copy of his book with the librarian of congress at Washington, but the court held that the copyright stood, all the same.

PITH OF THE NEWS

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Reports — The Notable Events at Home and Abroad That Have Attracted Attention.

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John C. Welty of Canton, Ohio, the lawyer who defended Mrs. Anna E. George, will likely be a candidate for governor of Ohio on the Democratic ticket.

Ten of the fourteen Republican members of congress from Illinois have decided to support Congressman Albert J. Hopkins of Aurora for speaker of the national house.

Maj. Brown, prominent on the staff of Gen. Hartsuff during the late war, died at Toledo, Ohio, aged sixty-four. He was one of the most prominent men in G. A. R. circles in Ohio.

Rev. S. J. MacPherson, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of Chicago, has announced his intention of resigning to become head of the Lawrenceville academy at Lawrenceville, N. J.

The condition of Col. Duncan Hood, of the Second Immunes regiment at Havana, is reported as being without change. The surgeons regard him as seriously ill, but say his recovery is likely.

Addison Johnson of Port Chester, N. Y., succeeds O. V. Sage as warden of Sing Sing prison.

Senator Kyle of South Dakota has tendered his resignation as chairman of the industrial commission. This action was taken on account of the senator's ill-health. He will continue, to serve as a member of the commission.

George A. Griswold of Almont, Iowa, aged seventy-four, president of the Territorial Pioneers and Old Settlers' Association of Clinton county, and Mrs. Viola Rasmussen of Clinton, were married at Lyons, Iowa, by Justice Alva McLaughlin.

Accidental Happenings.

An excursion train was wrecked at Rochester, N. Y., with fatal effects.

The home of Gen. Wade Hampton, at Columbia, S. C., was burned. A library of 6,000 volumes was destroyed. There was no insurance.

A fire at Sebastopol, Cal., destroyed Chinatown, consuming fifty houses and causing a loss of $20,000. One Chinaman was burned to death.

Fire destroyed $50,000 worth of property in the Polish settlement at Noble and Oliver streets, Chicago, rendering twenty-five families homeless.

Wind and rain has caused much damage all over the State of Nebraska. Columbus and Kearney have been the greatest sufferers.

The steamship Kanawha of New York foundered 150 miles from Bermuda, April 6. Officers and crew were saved.

Sixty-two miners were killed and a large number more seriously injured by the flooding of the Kitschnar gold mine in Poland. The trouble was the result of the collapse of a shaft.

The banking house of C. F. Shinkle of Ellsworth, Ill., was robbed of $1,100 recently by burglars, who blew the safe with gunpowder and made their escape.

Two men were killed and one injured while excavating for a new building at New York. A cave-in occurred, and several other workmen narrowly escaped. The dead are Jones Morelli and Peter Burns, laborers.

L. M. Pitkin, president of the Variety Iron Works company, Cleveland, Ohio, was struck and instantly killed yesterday by the west-bound Lake Shore flyer at Colts, a suburb. Mr. Pitkin was seventy years of age.

Rev. W. J. Reese had just concluded a marriage ceremony near Afton. O. T., when lightning struck the house. The bolt killed Mr. Reese, stunned his three children and literally tore the clothes off his wife.

Lewis Brown, senior member of the class of engineers at Ann Arbor university, was drowned in Whitmore lake, Mich., while in swimming. He was a member of the Zeta Phi fraternity. His home was at Bay City, Mich.

Fire badly damaged the former convent of St. Francis Xavier, a large stone building on St. Catherine street, New York, now occupied by about a dozen small manufacturing concerns. Loss, $75,000.

The bodies of Mrs. William Hickman and Mrs. H. A. Hassal, clasped in a loving embrace, were found in a room of a lodging house at Stockton, Cal., a bullet having ended the life of each. Mrs. Hassal had been morbidly infatuated with Mrs. Hickman for some months. Monday night Mrs. Hassal told Mrs. Hickman that she was going to start for London the following day, but begged Mrs. Hickman to spend the night with her, to which the latter consented. Medical men are of the opinion that Mrs. Hassal was insane.

From Washington.

Gen. Miles may [illegible] for a congressional investigation [illegible] beef charges.

Secretary Alger [illegible] it as a candidate for United States senator.

The Filipinos say they desire the same form of government the South American republics have.

A statement prepared at the war department shows that 198 were killed in the Philippines from Feb. 4 to April 28, and 1,111 wounded. Total, 1,309.

Col. Frederick Funston of Kansas has been appointed a brigadier general.

The United States pays the $20,000,000 to Spain.

The secretary of state and attorney general are giving close attention to the question whether Spanish-Philippine cable concessions should be recognized.

The cruiser Chicago has been ordered to Tangier, Morocco. The United States has several claims against the Moorish government, and Admiral Howison will consult with the American consul respecting them.

President McKinley has approved a parcels post convention between this government and Venezuela, which has just been signed by the postmaster general and Minister Andrade. It is to take effect July 1 next, after ratification by the Venezuelan congress.

The sultan of Turkey has authorized Minister Strauss to telegraph President McKinley that his majesty has promised to pay the American claim of $20,000 for losses sustained by Americans in Turkey during the Armenian massacres in 1895.

Senator Thurston and Representative Mercer of Nebraska, and W. A. Hunin, correspondent of the Omaha Bee, called upon the president and invited him to visit the Greater American Exposition at Omaha, between July 1 and Sept. 1. The president spoke pleasantly of his recollections of the trip to Omaha last fall, and said if he could arrange to stop at Omaha on his Western trip this summer it would give him pleasure to do so.

General.

Gen. Gomez favors the immediate formation of a Cuban militia.

The Barrett-Johnson Iron company at Yarmouth, N. S., has closed its plant for an indefinite period.

Representative Marks of the Delaware legislature was acquitted of offering a bribe to a fellow member.

The total customs receipts of Porto Rico from August, 1898, to April 15, 1899, were $903,161.

The New York Evening Post reports the combination of large sugar interests in New York State and Maryland.

The famous asbestos mine at Salt mountain, in White county, Ga., has been sold for $200,000 to Bancroft & Kennick, mining engineers, London.

A perpetual injunction protecting the copyright of Rudyard Kipling's "The White Man's Burden" has been granted against the publishing firm of F. B. Whipple & Co. of Chicago.

The torpedo boat Somers, which was bought by the United States in Germany previous to the war with Spain, has arrived at New York on board the liner Manhattan.

The steamer Hope went into dock at St. Johns, N. F., to be thoroughly overhauled before proceeding northward to the relief of Lieut. Peary in the Arctic regions.

DYNAMITE IS USED

STRIKERS TRY TO BLOW UP A STREET CAR AT DULUTH.

Charge of Dynamite Is Placed on the Rails—Passengers Have a Miraculous Escape—The Fact That the Force of the Explosion Tended Downward Saved the Car From Annihilation—Slight Injuries Were Experienced by Most of the Strikers—The Sheriff May Be Called on for Protection by the Receiver.

Duluth, Minn., May 11.—Rioters attempted to blow up a West Duluth street car with dynamite at 11 o'clock last night. The car carried ten passengers. It was running rapidly. When between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west there was an explosion so loud that it was plainly heard all over the central part of the city. The forward part of the car leaped up in the air and the vehicle careened and shot over on its side. A dynamite charge had been placed on one of the rails. It was large enough to blow the car to pieces, but the force of the explosion tended more largely downward. Slight injuries were experienced by most of the passengers, including two women, but nobody was seriously hurt. All were deafened by the report and have been unable to hear anything since. The trucks of the car were blown to pieces. No arrests were made. The explosion occurred within a couple of blocks of the strikers' headquarters. The cars ran all day without interruption, but as soon as evening came on the tactics of Sunday night

Were Renewed.

The cars on the Woodland and Garfield avenue lines were stoned so persistently that after one passenger on an interstate car had been cut in the face by a stone the company ordered operations abandoned. The city council last night passed a resolution demanding of the street railway company that it operate all the cars required by its franchise. Nobody seemed to know just what exactions this action would make of the company. It is said, however, that the receiver will retort that he would be glad to comply when the city has furnished him protection.

It is questionable, indeed, after the use of dynamite last night, if the receiver does not ask the district court for the protection of the sheriff. It is said that the city will be held responsible for the damage already done to the cars by the rioters. The council committee appointed to try to bring the company and strikers together reported that the company that it has nothing to arbitrate as to the nine men that it refuses to re-employ. It is said that the company accuses these men of knocking down fares.

THE DULUTH STRIKE.

The Company Believes That It Has Won Out.

Duluth, May 11.—The street railway strike is not lifted but the company feels that it has practically won out. All of the cars are not running but all the crews now employed, it is said, are given regular relief and not asked to work over-time. The strikers are doing missionary work among the non-union employes, and have succeeded in getting about twenty to quit in the last two days.

GOMEZ'S PET PROJECT.

He Wants a Cuban Standing Army of 150,000 Men.

Havana, May 11.—Gen. Maximo Gomez is trying to persuade Gov. Gen. Brooke that a Cuban standing army of 15,000 men is a necessary adjunct to the proper government of the island. He has presented his views in writing, but without eliciting as yet any reply. The proposition is not likely to receive much consideration at headquarters, where considerable surprise was occasioned by this magnificent project, which, if adopted, Gomez doubtless believes, would be placed under his personal control. The growing conviction that there is no need of rural guords except in the wilder portions of the Provinces of Santiago and Puerto Principe, is confirmed by the investigations of Capt. Hickey, of the governor general's staff, who returned yesterday from a 2,000-mile trip of the provinces east of Havana, which has occupied two months. Capt. Hickey's carefully written reports to Gen. Brooke assert that with the exception of a few in Santiago province, he found no trace of bandits. "Political feeling in the country districts," he declares, "is far less intense than in Havana, where the malcontents are gathered. Most of the Cubans of the province favor ultimate independence, but they are willing to have the American occupation continue for a year at least, for they recognize that the island's revenues are expended honestly upon betterments."

DEPRESSION IN CHILE.

New Issue of Paper Currency Desired by the People.

Santiago, Chile, May 11.—The financial market here is very much depressed, and bonds are declining on account of scarcity of the paper notes. The public hopes for a new issue of currency to save the situation, but the government seems opposed to such a measure.. The Chilean congress will meet on June 1.

Denied by Haskell.

Toledo, Ohio, May 11. — Charles N. Haskell, whom Attorney General Monett accused as being a party to offering him a bribe to quit prosecution in the Standard oil cases, says he absolutely had nothing to do with offering a bribe to any one.

Comtesse Esterhazy Is Free.

Paris, May 11.—The suit for divorce instituted last month by Comtesse Esterhazy against her husband, Comte Esterhazy, was passed by default, and the final decree will follow in July.

THEY CAN DO NOTHING.

Gen. Miles and Other Officers Suffer Stings of Criticism.

Washington, May 10. — A very close friend of Gen. Miles and an officer of the army, when asked if there was anything for the general to say or do in regard to the report of the beef board, replied:

"There is nothing for him to say or do. The report has been approved by the president, and the president is commander-in-chief of the army Criticism of the report or any other action would be a violation of military duty."

Inquiry was made as to the status of officers criticised and what course they might pursue, and it was stated that as a military legal proposition it was impossible for any action to be taken by any of the officers aggrieved. They might demand a court of inquiry, but this was a court of inquiry which recommended that no further action be taken; this being approved by the president precluded any further inquiry. Gen. Eagan, who is specified in the report, is not likely to ask for further investigation. But Col. Maus, of Gen. Miles' staff, the other officer criticised, feels it keenly His friends say he was among the witnesses whom Gen. Miles asked to be called and was not called by the court.

SWORD FOR FUNSTON.

Kansas Testimonial to the Hero of the Philippine Campaign.

Topeka, Kan., May 10.—The Topeka Capital has started a popular subscription to purchase a sword for Gen. Funston. Every county, town and city in the state is asked to contribute. The appeal for contributions says:

"The wonderful energy of the Twentieth's colonel in battle in the Philippine campaign has spread the fame of Kansas throughout the world, and the press of England, as well as our country, is ringing with his praises. Kansas is preparing to give them such a reception on their home-going as will show how great is the popular appreciation of their gallantry. As a special testimonial to Gen. Funston, we believe that thousands of loyal Kansans will be glad of an opportunity to contribute toward the purchase of a sword commemorating the important part he has played in the campaign. It is the intention to have the sword specially manufactured and ready to present to Gen. Funston on his return home."

THE PRESIDENT'S HEALTH.

No Foundation for Recent Sensational Stories.

Washington, May 10. — There is no foundation for the sensational stories sent out from this city that the president is in wretched health. It is true he has suffered from neuralgia recently, but when he left for a two weeks' outing at Hot Springs, Va., last night he looked well and seemed as bright and cheerful as usual. One of the principal reasons why the president and Mrs. McKinley have chosen this time to take a short vacation is that improvements are being made in the sanitary arrangements of the executive mansion. It will take a week or ten days to make the pipe connections and the work will be accompanied by much noise from the hammering and packing of the new pipes. This annoyance will be avoided.

M'KINLEY IN DANGER.

The President Barely Escapes Being Run Over.

Washington, May 10.—President McKinley had a narrow escape from being run over by a horse yesterday afternoon. He was out walking with Adjt. Gen. Corbin, and, as they crossed Pennsylvania avenue, near Lafayette square, a horse, which had been standing by the curb attached to a light buggy, became frightened and ran away. The two gentlemen were talking and neither saw the horse until he was nearly upon them. Gen. Corbin pulled the president out of the way just in time to save him from being struck.

PAYING CUBAN TROOPS.

The Process Is Expected to Begin Wednesday.

Havana, May 10. — Col. Cespedes, private secretary of Gen. Gomez, states that the distribution of the $3,000,000 granted by the United States for payment of Cuban soldiers will probably begin Wednesday. At a conference between Gen. Gomez and Gen. Brooke the date of payment was fixed at between the 10th and 14th. The distribution will be made at the seaports and railroad centers, as far as practicable. The soldiers will be paid by battalions under their commanders, and those having arms will give them up.

IN DEWEY'S PLACE.

Rear Admiral Watson to Take Command of the Asiatic Squadron.

Washington, May 10.—The navy department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic station. Orders have been issued detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there.

Germany Needs a Navy.

Berlin, May 10.—The Neuset Nachrichten, urging the immediate increase of the German naval power, confesses that Germany is "not able to compete with the United States at sea apart from English influence."

The Orizaba at Havana.

New York, May 10. — Cable advices from Havana announce the arrival of the steamer Orizaba. This sets at rest any anxiety caused by the finding of a life-preserver marked "S. S. Orizaba" off Kitty Hawk, N. C.

Strike Unchanged.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 10.—The strike is now practically unchanged. All efforts to bring about a settlement have been balked by the absolute refusal of the strikers to consider any proposition that did not abrogate Connors' contract.

Not All to Close Sunday.

Winona, May 10. — Galesville, Wis., has adopted the Sunday closing movement. A movement is on foot to close saloons at Fountain City, Minnesota City, but it is not probable that it will be carried through.

SWINDLER IN JAIL

HE WORKED A BLIND POOL GAME IN STOCKS.

One Man Was the Whole Company and He Duped Many Investors—The "Investors' Guaranty and Trust Company" Goes to Pieces With a $100,000 Deficit — The "Company" Fled and Was Arrested in Los Angeles—Says He Was a Fool to Think He Could Beat the Market.

New York, May 10.—The police of this city say that the total sum involved in a swindle of which Dr. Heglesburg, now under arrest in Los Angeles, Cal., is accused, will reach $100,000. Dr. Hegelsburg was president of the "Investors' Guaranty and Trust company," with offices in this city. It is alleged that the company did a "blind pool" business in stocks.

About April 20 last patrons of the company who called at its offices found the doors locked and no information was obtainable as to the whereabouts of the members of the concern. Ernest S. May, keeper of a restaurant, made specific complaint that he had invested $8,100 with the concern and that he believed that he had been swindled. Hegelsburg was thought to have started for New Mexico. The police at El Paso were telegraphed to and the police throughout the State of California were notified. Capt. McCluskey sent a telegram to Chief of Police Glasser at Los Angeles to hold Hegelsburg until requisition papers were completed.

Two days before the company's offices were closed some of Hegelsburg's customers received from him a typewritten circular dated at Newark, N. J., saying that disaster had overtaken him. He attributed it to the panicky market and said he had destroyed the books and asked for a few months in which to make everything square. He confessed that he alone constituted the whole company. The letter continued:

"I was a fool to think I could beat the market and make a fortune for you and me, but you will hardly be more successful. You lose only a few dollars while I lose my very existense."

Capt. McCluskey said a man named Young, who was a friend of May, the restaurantkeeper, had also been induced to invest money in Hegelsburg's concern, and that May and Young had lost about $30,000 between them.

ANTARTIC RUMMAGING.

Some Points Discovered by the Belgian Expedition.

Buenos Ayres, Argentina, May 10. — Adrian de Gerlach, chief of the Belgian Antarctic expedition, has sent a dispatch to the Prensa containing further details of the expedition. He stated that the so-called Hughes bay is the entrance to the channel which separates Graham Land from the group of islands which explorers called Palmer's archipelago. Feb. 12 the expedition began a new journey southward and advanced until 71 deg. 36 min. was reached. They remained blocked there a whole year. Fearing they would have to remain there another year, the explorers cut a channel of 750 meters through the ice. This passageway was finished in February, 1899, and March 14 the explorers sailed northward. Lieut. De Gerlach praises the conduct of all the members of the expedition. He says that on his arrival at Buenos Ayres he will remain some time to repair the vessel and then start for Europe.

HAVANA HEALTHFUL.

Immunity From Yellow Fever Since Occupied by Americans.

Havana, May 10—The continued absence of yellow fever from this city astonishes even the members of the sanitary department. Resident physicians believe that the steps taken since American occupation have made it possible that the disease may be checked for a short time, and look forward to a summer of comparative immunity from yellow fever. Medical practitioners, however, believe that some cases will develop before June. As the duties of Federico Mora, the former civil governor of Havana, who was recently appointed to the attorney generalship of Cuba, will not begin before the supreme court for several weeks, no appointment to the civil governorship will be made at present.

NEW COMBINE.

Plow Manufacturers the Latest to Get Together.

Chicago, May 10.—Representatives of more than a score of the leading plow manufacturing concerns of the United States met and virtually completed the organization of a combination into which it is proposed ultimately to take all manufacturers of agricultural implements. Committees of the temporary organization formed some time ago have been at work upon the matter in New York and elsewhere. The capitalization of the new combination is placed at over $65,000,000. The greatest secrecy was maintained regarding the proceedings.

TO ENFORCE PAYMENT.

Cruiser Chicago Has Arrived at the Moorish Capital.

Tangier, Morocco, May 10—The United States cruiser Chicago has arrived here to support the claims of the United States government against the sultanate of Morocco. Rear Admiral Howison and the United States consul general, Mr. Samuel R. Gunners, paid a visit to the foreign minister of Morocco, Sid Hamed Ben Musa.

Fatal Fall.

Nantuckett, Mass., May 10.—Maj. L. C. Overman, U. S. A., retired, was instantly killed by falling from a staging on which he was at work at his summer home. At one time he had charge of government work at Cleveland, Ohio.

Tramps in a Bloody Fight.

Shelby, Ohio, May 10. — Twenty tramps engaged in a drunken fight near the depot here and two of them were badly shot, one receiving fatal wounds.

DIGGLES WOUNDED

MINNESOTA MAJOR SHOT IN THE HEAD BY REBELS.

He Was Leading a Reconnoitering Party North of Baliuay—His Command Fired Into by a Force of Rebels in a Trench—Minnesotans Charged and Repulsed the Enemy — Rebels Massed in Great Force at Mount Arayat and a Severe Engagement Is Expected to Be Fought There.

Manila, May 11. — A reconnoitering party from Maj. Gen. Lawton's command, and which consisted of two companies of the Minnesota regiment and two companies of the Oregon regiment, under command of Maj. Diggles, of the Minnesota regiment, advanced yesterday to a point near San Miguel, which is about twelve miles north of Balinag. There the Americans were met with a volley from a force of rebels behind a trench. Maj. Diggles was wounded. Maj. Diggles was wounded in the head, and a private was also wounded. Maj. Diggles and the private, together with ten typhoid patients, were brought by special train to Manila.

The Don Jose, the last of the missing steamers under the American flag which were detained by the insurgents since the beginning of the war, was found by the gunboat Manila at Batangas, and has arrived here.

MAJ. DIGGLES' WOUND.

Story of the Engagement in Which It Was Received.

New York, May 11.—A Journal special from Manila says: Maj. Diggles, while leading a battalion of the Minnesota volunteers toward San Miguel, about a mile west of Calumpit, was shot in the head by Filipinos, who fired several volleys from apparently deserted trenches. The Americans charged and repulsed the enemy. One private was wounded during the assault.

The insurgents are massed at Mount Arayat in great force, and a severe engagement is expected to be fought there. Gen. Lawton has his column at Baling and Maasin, fifteen miles east of Gen. MacArthur, and on the other side of the Rio Grande river. It is thought that a junction of these two commands will be made before the advance upon Mount Arayat is begun.

Gunboats have been busy in the Rio Grande river driving out the rebel bands which, from the jungles and swamps have been harrassing Gen. MacArthur's men.

COL. AMES CABLES.

Confirms the News of Maj. Diggles' Wound.

St. Paul, May 11. — The following cablegram was received at the governor's office from Col. Amers: "Maj. Diggles dangerously wounded, head; hopeful."

Maj. Diggles is a resident of Minneapolis and has been for a number of years previous to the beginning of the war with Spain, a member of the national guard as captain of Company B.

DEWEY WILL BE THERE.

He Promises to Attend the G. A. R. National Encampment.

Philadelphia, May 11. — Admiral Dewey has expressed his intention of attending the thirty-third annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in this city next September if he can possibly get away. He will be the guest of Naval Post No. 400, and will be asked to preside over the naval veterans' convention, which will be held in Independence hall at that time. The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Dewey on the subject: "If the exigencies of the service permit you may confidently count on my being with you in the fall to attend your convention."

7,000,000 FEET.

Green Timber Found Cut on the Pretense of "Dead and Down."

Washington, May 11.—The secretary of the interior has received word from Agent Nessler that he has discovered 7,000,000 feet of green timber cut under pretense of "dead and down" in one of the timber camps in Minnesota. He has been instructed not to release the timber until permission has been made at the rate of $3 per thousand feet. Officials at the department refuse to say in which camp this green timber was found, and will not give out any further information.

HOPE FOR SETTLEMENT.

The Strike at Buffalo May Be Fixed Up.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 11. — While the strike situation remains unchanged after a day of great quietness, there is still hope for a speedy settlement of the strike. The grain shovelers are obdurate in that they still persist that nothing will satisfy them except the abolishment of contractors and middlemen. They assert that they can furnish sufficient bonds to guarantee that they themselves can handle all of the grain which is transported by the Lake Carriers' association.

Confederate Reunion.

Charleston, S. C., May 11.—The Confederate reunion will open to-day with the usual parade, in which 10,000 veterans will participate. Gen. John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief; Gen. C. A. Evans, Gen. Stephen D. Lee, Gan. Wade Hampton and many other distinguished officers have arrived. More than 25,000 visitors are already here.

Bloody Pistol Fight.

Dallas, Tex., May 11.—There was a bloody pistol fight here in which Dan Cannon was fatally shot by Lewis Carroll, and Carroll received a bullet in the left breast below the heart. The difficulty was over the dissolution of partnership which had existed.

Open Up the Soudan.

Cairo, May 11.—Gen. Lord Kitchener intends to open the Soudan to all traders on the completion of the railroad to Khartoum, and foreign goods will be admitted free of duty.

ARE HAND IN HAND.

United States and Great Britian for Arbitration.

Washington, May 11. — The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, which will be presented to the disarmament conference at its meeting in The Hague on the 16th of the present month. The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly well-digested plan for the execution of this long-cherished project, while the British delegates are prepared with a plan which is almost identical with the American project.

The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the projects of the conference. It is known, however, that there are essentially differences between this last plan and that embodies in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote which failed of action in the senate when submitted for atification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an

Impartial Adjudication

than in the principles of the former convention, and it is believed that on these points the British and American proposition are not precisely similar. It cannot be said that the American delegates go to the conference with any strong expectations that their own scheme for securing the adjustment of disputes by arbitration, or, indeed, any project of the kind, will secure the adhesion of the entire conference or even a majority of the delegates. But they are content to plant the seed and make a beginning which, it is hoped by President McKinley and Secretary Hay, will in the end have substantial result. The American delegates go committed to this arbitration project much more strongly than to anything likely to figure before the conference. Regarding disarmament, the instructions to tell the conference that the present armament of the United States and any within the possibilities of the future are so far below the present minimum armaments with which any of the great powers of Europe are likely to be content that there is really no reason why the United States should be called into the argument.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 11. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 71 @ 71 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 69 1-2@70c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 31 3-4@32c; No. 2, 31 1-2@31 3-4c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c; No. 3, 27 1-2 @28c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 36@40c; No. 2 rye, 56c; No. 3 rye, 55c.

Duluth, May 11. — Wheat — Cash, e No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 68 1-4c; No. 3 spring, 65 1-4c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; May, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; July, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 73c; September, No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c. Oats, 27@27 1-2c; rye, 57 1-2c; barley, 38@40c; flax, to arrive, $1.09.

Minneapolis, May 11. — Wheat — May opened at 69 3-4c and closed at 70 1-8c; July opened at 70 7-8c and closed at 71 3-4c; September opened at 68 3-8c and closed at 69c. On track —No. 1 hard, 72 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 71 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 69 5-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 11. — Flour is firm. Wheat easier; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-2@74c; No. 2 Northern, 72c. Oats easier at 29 1-4@30c. Rye higher; No. 1, 60@60 1-4c. Barley lower; No. 2, 41c; sample, 36@41c.

Chicago, May 11. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 75@76c; No. 3, 71 1-2@74 1-2c; No. 2 hard winter, 69@72c; No. 3, 67@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 72 1-2@73c; No. 2, 71@72 1-2c; No. 3, 68@71c. Corn— No. 2, 34 1-4c; No. 3, 33 1-4c. Oats— No. 2, 27 1-2@27 3-4c; No. 3, 27@ 27 1-2c.

Chicago, May 11. — Hogs — Light, $3 65@3.85; mixed, $3.65@3.90; heavy, $3.80@3.95; rought, $3.55@3.70. Cattle —Beeves, $4.25@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@2.75; Texas steers, $3.55@ 4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5. Sheep — Natives, $3.60@5.25; lambs, $4.50@6.10.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 11. — Hogs — $3.55@3.70. Cattle — Beeves, $4 @ 5; cows and bulls, mixed, $2@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.60; calves and yearlings, $3.75@5.25.

South St. Paul, May 11. — Hogs — $3.55@3.65. Cattle — Cows, $3@3.50; steers, $3.90@4.70; stockers, $4@4.70; calves, $5@6; heifers, $3@3.90; bulls, $2.75@3.30.

THE IDAHO RIOTERS.

Arrests Made in Montana by Federal Troops.

Helena, Mont., May 11.—"Black Pat," one of the rioters who helped to blow up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill, and four other suspects were arrested by a company of the Twenty-fourth infantry at Missoula. The company arrived at that city with twenty men arrested at Thompson Falls, one of the gateways through which union miners escaped from Coeur d'Alenes. For a time a clash of authority between the lieutenants commanding the company and Deputy United States Marshal Meiikeljohn promised trouble. The deputy marshal wanted the men taken before a United States commissioner and examined at Missoula unless taken out of the state by a requisition. In the end the deputy marshal gave in and the soldiers with their twenty prisoners left for Wardner.

Prominent Lawyer Dead.

Chicago, May 11. — Augustus Van Buren, for many years one of the foremost criminal lawyers of Chicago and the state, died of apoplexy, aged 69. His father was a cousin of President Martin Van Buren.

Accident at a Show.

Cincinnati, May 10.—During the performance of the Buffalo Bill show the roof of old Turner hall, across the street, on which were 300 spectators, fell, throwing fifty people thirty feet. Four were dangerously injured.

Changes in Banks.

Washington, May 11. — Changes in the officers of the national banks of Wisconsin have been made as follows: The National Bank of Manitowoc, G. J. Moses, cashier, in place of Clarence Hill.

NO PLOW COMBINE.

Three Large Concerns Deny That a Trust Has Been Formed.

Chicago, May 11. — Dispatches received here contain denials from the Oliver and South Bend Chilled Plow companies of South Bend, the J. I. Case Plow works of Racine, Wis., and the Moline Plow Company of Moline, Ill., three of the largest concerns of the kind in the country, that a combination of plow manufacturers has been formed, as was reported last night. The business interests declare the recent meeting was a session of the Northwestern Plow association, held to consider the advisability of raising the price of plows to meet the advance in raw materials. C. H. Deere said an advance of 15 per cent in prices would be announced soon. At South Bend it was said a proposition was made for a combination with a capital of $50,000,000 and that some of the manufacturers favored the plan, but that few options were given.

GREAT SEND-OFF.

Demonstrations at San Juan in Honor of Gen. Henry.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 11.—Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry, the retiring governor general of Porto Rico, left for the United States on board the transport McPherson. His departure was attended by lively and affecting demonstrations. All the military and civil officials of San Juan, representatives of the principal societies, hundreds of public school children, large crowds of citizens, together with delegations from the surrounding towns thronged the quay, wheresoever bands played and numerous flags and decorations lent animation to the scene. Gen. Henry and Mrs. Henry were presented with a portrait of the former and received many other gifts and testimonials of affection. He was visibly affected by the unmistakable tokens of good will.

TERRORIZED BY A MOB.

Masked Men on a Hunt for Victims.

Lebanon, Tenn., May 11.—A mob of fifty masked men terrorized this place at an early hour yesterday morning. First the jail was visited and Ewing Hodge, who is charged with attempting to murder a white woman, was demanded. Being assured by a search of the jail that Hodge had been spirited away, the members turned their attention to the city work house. There Bill Dibble and Leslie Hugins, two negroes charged with attempting to force themselves into Mrs. Mace's home, were confined, and they were soon in the mob's hands. Officers attempted to interfere and in the mix-up Hugins escaped. Then Dibble was hustled into a spring wagon and started to the country. Nothing further is definitely known, but it is rumored that the nego escaped with a severe beating.

DIVORCE INVALID.

Pilgrim to North Dakota Convicted of Bigamy in New York.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 11.—Foster L. Cook, a wealthy young farmer of Amenia, Dutchess county, was convicted of bigamy by a jury in the county court here. Cook's arrest was made on the complaint of his first wife, Althea M. Cook. They separated in 1885. Cook then went to North Dakota, where he obtained a divorce. He returned to Dutchess county and married Edith May Tompkins. Cook's first wife heard that he was married again and promptly caused his arrest on a charge of bigamy, the courts of New York State having decided that Dakota divorces are worthless in this state. She also sued for divorce and obtained a decree. He will be sentenced to-morrow.

INHALER EXPLODED.

Minnesota Man Sues a Patent Medicine Company.

Chicago, May 11. — Frederick W. Parsons of Litchfield, Minn., has brought suit against a well known patent medicine company for $30,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained by him through the explosion of a medical inhaler manufactured by the company. The plaintiff declares that as a result of the injury the loss of his eyesight is threatened. Counsel for the defendant company declares that there is no foundation for the action, as the accident could only have occurred through the direct violation of the printed directions for the use of the inhaler.

FOUR WERE KILLED.

Result of a Serious Fight Which Started in a Quarrel Over a Bill.

Okolona, Miss., May 11.—Dr. William Murphy became involved in a dispute with Charles D. Clarke over a bill. Clarke drew a knife and, rushing at the physician, severed his jugular vein. Howard Murphy, the physician's son, hearing of the trouble, rushed to the scene with a revolver and shot Clarke dead. Walter Clarke, a brother, then came up and engaged Howard Murphy in a duel with pistols. The fight was a vicious one and resulted in the death of both young men.

FATAL PLEASANTRY.

Unfortunate Termination of a Bit of Fun at Jamestown, Ohio.

Jamestown, Ohio, May 11.—Postmaster George A. McLaughlin lies dead from a thoughtless piece of pleasantry. He was killed by his most intimate friend. The postmaster, late last night, with some boy friends, was putting a "tic-tac" on the window of the home of E. E. Ginn. Mr. Ginn, hearing the noise, and thinking to frighten the boys, fired a shot through the window, killing McLaughlin instantly. McLaughlin had recently been appointed postmaster.

Kanabec County's Debt.

Mora, Minn., May 11.—The board of county commissioners has adopted a resolution providing for a bond issue to take up the floating indebtedness of Kanabec county, amounting to $12,500, bonds to run from five to fifteen years.

May Die of the Kick.

Princeton, Minn., May 11—Hans Ecklund was kicked by a horse on the face, and, it is feared, is fatally injured. He has a large family. He was working on the stable floor near the horse when kicked.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

The state grand lodge of Orangemen met last week in Minneapolis.

The appointment of Archibald Stevens as government tea inspector at St. Paul, has been announced.

Samuel Braden, founder of the town of Wnithrop, died at the latter place, aged seventy-seven years.

Capt. Fred B. Wood of Austin has been selected as an additional major for the Second regiment M. N. G.

The Northwestern Swedish Methodist conference will be held at Red Wing Sept. 7.

Lightning struck in three places in Morristown recently, doing considerable damage, burning Edgar Denny's barn with hay and a road wagon.

James Taylor died at his residence at Henning of pneumonia, aged sixty-nine years. He was a veteran of the civil war.

The city council of Red Wing elected C. W. Lee chief of police; M. Cappel president of the council; W. E. Taylor city clerk; F. M. Wilson, attorney.

The fortieth annual convention of the Goodhue County Sunday School association will be held at Pine Island June 13 and 14.

W. S. Gladson, a brakeman on the St. Paul & Duluth, was seriously injured while coupling cars at Grantsburg. His left leg was broken and his hip crushed.

Prof. Darius Steward of Fargo has been elected superintendent of the Stillwater schools, succeeding Prof. Weld, who will be president of the Moorhead normal.

The missing daughter of the late A. N. Knudson has been located in Austin. She is the wife of Fred Webber. She has not heard of her father's death nor of the fortune awaiting her.

The residence of Mrs. Sophia Smith at Red Wing, occupied by J. S. Crooks and family, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. Nothing was saved. The loss is $2,000, with an insurance of $1,500.

The board of directors of the Lutheran Orphans' home at Vasa, held a meeting and awarded the contract for rebuilding the home, which was totally destroyed by fire last January, to C. L. Linden of Red Wing.

The school board of Eden Valley engaged the following teachers for the year: U. M. McCombs, principal; the Misses McLaren, Costello and Show for the lower grades. The principal resigned.

The Farmers' Grain and Implement company is the name of a new organization, with a capital stock of $20,000, licensed to do business in Paynesville. Swanson Brothers are the principal owners.

William Charles and Jesse Clements, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree at Redwood Falls, having stolen fifty bushels of wheat from a granary of J. H. Sites, was sentenced to Stillwater for two years and four months each.

Fire burned the roof off the First National Bank building at Duluth and gutted the offices on the sixth floor. The Duluth Telephone compan's exchange was located there and was entirely destroyed. There will probably be no telephone service for at least ten days.

George Schmidt, formerly of the New Ulm Roller Mill company, and A. F. Coch of Young America, have purchased the Crown Roller mills and elevator at the latter place, and will hereafter conduct the same under the firm name of Schmidt & Coch.

R. L. Tigen, a wagonmaker of Kasson, was found in his barn, hanging from a cow stanchion. Despondency is assigned as the cause of the suicide. He was born in Bergen, Norway, and has lived in Kasson about twenty-five years. He was fifty-one years of age, and leaves a wife and four children.

A man went into the house of Chas. Wacholz, two miles west of Waconia, recently, bound Mrs. Wacholz and compelled her to show him over the house. He poured kerosene on her clothing and threatened to fire it if she did not divulge the hiding place of money, but he secured nothing.

Allen Odell, a farmer living three-quarters of a mile west of Smith Lake, was found dead, entangled in the running gear of his buggy in his barnyard. He was at Howard Lake, and no doubt fell into the running gear on his way home and his horse ran into the barnyard.

An inmate of the state reformatory at St. Cloud broke and ran from the guard under whose control he was working, into a field near the institution. A half-hour later he was recaptured a mile or two down the river. A guard on horseback had tracked and overtaken him.

Harry Halverson, a brakeman on the Great Northern, was instantly killed near Johnson & Wentworth's sawmills at Cloquet. The young man fell from the train on which he was braking while the cars were being switched in the lumber company's yards. He was twenty-two years of age and a resident of Cloquet.

A young Swede named Nels Aggerson was drowned in Fox lake, near Sherburn, while fishing from a boat in company with Bert Bercheld and L. E. Olson. The boat sank, upsetting the occupants into the water. Berchold hung to the boat, Olson swam ashore, but Aggerson, being unable to swim, sank and did not rise.

The heaviest failure that has thus far been recorded in the United States court at Frazee is that of Ray W. Jones of Frazee, whose petition in bankruptcy places his liabilities at $200,765; assets, nothing. Mr. Jones has been interested in some large lumber deals in the vicinity of Thief River Falls.

At a meeting of the newly-elected city council of Preston, the matter of fixing the amount of license was determined, and the same raised frm $600 to $700.

News has reached Little Falls of the destruction of the largest dam on Crow Wnig river. It is supposed to have been destroyed by farmers living near by, with the aid of dynamite. There are about 35,000,000 feet of logs to come out of Shell river this year, and as the destroyed dam contained the greatest volume of water, and is most important, it is doubtful if all the logs can be taken out this year.

LOG MOONSHINERS

Trespassers on Pine Lands Are Becoming Very Bold.

A special from Bemidji says: Following close upon the visit last week of Attorney George B. Edgerton, in behalf of the state, to look after trespassers upon state lands, comes a report that the large pine land owners have tired of the constant trespass of a certain class of settlers in this vicinity, and have organized to attach a large lot of logs now on the banks or in the channel of the Schoolcraft river, and to prosecute criminally the trespassers. It is reported that in one instance the trespasser on one tract, held and owned by C. A. Weyerhauser, stripped from an eighty-acre tract over 200,000 feet of pine saw logs, taking only the butts of the trees and leaving the top logs, and the agents of Weyerhauser have taken possession of the logs and are about to arrest the trespasser. The cruisers for the pine land men say that there is a regular moonshine gang organized within ten miles of Bemidji, and that when the thieving operations are going on a regular armed patrol is maintained, gunshots being the signals of warning to the choppers and teamsters that a cruiser is approaching. Whether this can be established or not, it is noticeable that the cruisers are very much more aggressive than formerly was the case, and that a large number of logs have been taken under attachment against settlers living near town. It is a curious coincidence that but a few of the logs lost come from the Pillsbury lands, and that many of them do come from the lands of Weyerhauser and Walker and the non-residents of the state. A settler's common answer to the charge of stealing, is that the rich men stole the timber, and ought to divide with the settler who is opening up the country. But the fact seems to be that the pine land owner doesn't want the country settled up, and that it is settling much too rapidly to please them as a class, for schools and townships mean taxation, and in two years there have been thirty new school districts created in Beltrami county.

SETTLERS' STRUGGLES.

Selfishness of Loggers Ruin Lands Upon Which They Subsist.

A special from Park Rapids says: A case which is attracting much attention in this section is a contest between the settlers in the southeastern part of the county, along the Crow Wing river, and the Pine Tree Lumber company. The latter have, in years past, built sluice dams across the rivers for the purpose of raising the water to run logs out further up the river, and have flooded and otherwise injured the lands owned by the settlers along the river bottoms, who are dependent upon the river bottoms for their hay. There has been some trouble about it for the last two or three years, but never until this winter have the settlers made an organized, determined effort to protect their rights and obtain redress. During the latter part of the winter the lumber company, as usual, built a dam and submerged the bottom lands, and ruined all the corduroy roads and bridges. The settlers protested, and the company has, in various ways, fought for delays, trying to take out a charter in the name of Ben Tisdale, from whom no damages could be collected. The county commissioners refused to grant this, and the company has kept delaying and putting off, at the same time proceeding with the dam and maintaining it by keeping guards to watch it constantly.

The settlers have finally brought matters to a climax by having warrants issued and the guards arrested for wilfully obstructing the public highway, and as soon as the guards were in the hands of the sheriff, the dam was blown up with dynamite and the water has disappeared. This action throws the contest into the courts, and the aggressive action and the burden of proof on to the lumber company, and the settlers are on the defensive. The fight will be a hard one.

SUSPECT FOUL PLAY.

Disappearance of a Strange Boy Not Satisfactorily Explained.

The police authorities of Redwood county, since the adjournment of the last grand jury, and acting under instructions from that body, have been investigating the alleged mysterious disappearance of a seventeen-year-old boy named Fred Bailey, who, up to the time of his disappearance, two years ago, resided with a farmer in Sheridan township, Redwood county. It appears that the boy came from Shropshire, Eng., shortly before his disappearance. The case was uncovered by neighborhood gossip, caused by an attempt on the part of the farmer to sell the boy's clothing and other personal effects. When called upon for an explanation the farmer told several different stories. One was that he had sent the boy to the reform school, which could not be done without due legal process. Second, that he had given him a certain sum of money and placed him on board the train at North Redwood. Third, that he had put him on the train at Belview. The neighbors are inclined to believe or suspect foul play, and, just as the grand jury was about to adjourn, reported to that body, which ordered an investigation.

INSANE HOSPITAL COTTAGES.

Committee Will Go to Wisconsin to Secure Pointers.

The quarterly meeting of the board of trustees for the insane hospital was held at Fergus Falls recently. W. B. Dunnell was re-elected architect for the board at $1,000 per year. In accordance with the wishes of Gov. Lind, a committee, consisting of Drs. Jones and Daniels and Messrs. Coleman and Wagoner were appointed to visit the hospitals at Jefferson and Madison, Wis., in company with the architect, with a view to securing suitable designs for the cottages to be erected in this state. This committee will go to Wisconsin next Wednesday, and on its return will call for bids for the erection of a cottage at Hastings and one at Anoka, both to be constructed during the coming summer. Two others will be erected during the following year. Each cottage for the first two can be let and the work begun in six weeks. The board is anxious to have the work pushed as rapidly as possible, and will probably transfer enough chronic cases from the present hospital to fill the new buildings as soon as they are completed.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for perfect happiness comes with good health

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Her Husband Twice Her Age.

A curious marriage has taken place at Newcastle, Eng. For the third time a lady named Makings has been before the altar in the character of a bride, and there was something remarkable in each of her three engagements. Her first husband was a Quaker, her second a Roman Catholic and her present a Protestant. Each husband was twice her age. At 16 she married a gentleman of 32, at 30 she took one of 60, and now, at 42, she is united to a gentleman of 84.

Catalogues by Carloads.

A statistical genius has figured that the various manufacturers of harvesting machinery have printed and distributed enough "advertising matter" during the last decade to fill 2,000 freight cars. The greater portion of this literature has been expended on the farmers of this country in an effort to make them believe that almost any kind of a machine is "as good as the Deering." In the meantime the Deering Harvester Company of Chicago has prospered until at the present time its works employ more hands than any single manufacturing plant of any kind in America.

Shoppy.

His Daughter—Yes; the story ends in the same old way; they marry and live happy ever after.

The Furniture Man—Ah! Antique finish!—Indianapolis Journal.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Runs In the Family.

"They say he's very fond of horses."

"Yes; it runs in the family. He had a brother hanged by a Texas vigilance committee for the same thing.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Chicago Great Western Increase.

The earnings of Chicago Great Western Ry., "Maple Leaf Route," for the third week of April, 1899, shows an increase of $14,026.63 Total increase since beginning of fiscal year (July 1st) to date, $392,382.06.

Why He Waits.

"Why don't you get married? You have plenty of money, and sixty is the very prime of life."

"I'm going to wait a few more years; then I can have any girl I want."—Life.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

He that will watch providences shall never want providences to watch.—Flavel.

Every time the weather has a cold it takes a drop of mercury for it.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Better be three hours too soon than one minute too late. Shakespeare.

It is hard to convince some people that honesty is the best politics.

Some women may not earn their salt, but Mr. Lot's wife certainly did.



The debilitating drains and discharges which weaken so many women are caused by Catarrh of the distinctly feminine organs. The sufferer may call her trouble Leuchorrhoea, or Weakness, or Female Disease or some other name, but the real trouble is catarrh of the female organs and nothing else.

Pe-ru-na radically and permanently cures this and all other forms of Catarrh. It is a positive specific for female troubles caused by catarrh of the delicate lining of the organs peculiar to women. It always cures if used persistently. It is prompt and certain.

DIGGLES WOUNDED

MINNESOTA MAJOR SHOT IN THE HEAD BY REBELS.

He Was Leading a Reconnoitering Party North of Balinay—His Command Fired Into by a Force of Rebels in a Trench—Minnesotans Charged and Repulsed the Enemy — Rebels Massed in Great Force at Mount Arayat and a Severe Engagement Is Expected to Be Fought There.

Manila, May 11. — A reconnoitering party from Maj. Gen. Lawton's command, and which consisted of two companies of the Minnesota regiment and two companies of the Oregon regiment, under command of Maj. Diggles, of the Minnesota regiment, advanced yesterday to a point near San Miguel, which is about twelve miles north of Balinag. There the Americans were met with a volley from a force of rebels behind a trench. Maj. Diggles was wounded. Maj. Diggles was wounded in the head, and a private was also wounded. Maj. Diggles and the private, together with ten typhoid patients, were brought by special train to Manila.

The Don Jose, the last of the missing steamers under the American flag which were detained by the insurgents since the beginning of the war, was found by the gunboat Manila at Batangas, and has arrived here.

MAJ. DIGGLES' WOUND.

Story of the Engagement in Which It Was Received.

New York, May 11.—A Journal special from Manila says: Maj. Diggles, while leading a battalion of the Minnesota volunteers toward San Miguel, about a mile west of Calumpit, was shot in the head by Filipinos, who fired several volleys from apparently desered trenches. The Americans charged and repulsed the enemy. One private was wounded during the assault.

The insurgents are massed at Mount Arayat in great force, and a severe engagement is expected to be fought there. Gen. Lawton has his column at Baling and Maasin, fifteen miles east of Gen. MacArthur, and on the other side of the Rio Grande river. It is thought that a junction of these two commands will be made before the advance upon Mount Arayat is begun.

Gunboats have been busy in the Rio Grande river driving out the rebel bands which, from the jungles and swamps have been harrassing Gen. MacArthur's men.

COL. AMES CABLES.

Confirms the News of Maj. Diggles' Wound.

St. Paul, May 11. — The following cablegram was received at the governor's office from Col. Amers: "Maj. Diggles dangerously wounded, head; hopeful."

Maj. Diggles is a resident of Minneapolis and has been for a number of years previous to the beginning of the war with Spain, a member of the national guard as captain of Company B.

DEWEY WILL BE THERE.

He Promises to Attend the G. A. R. National Encampment.

Philadelphia, May 11. — Admiral Dewey has expressed his intention of attending the thirty-third annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in this city next September if he can possibly get away. He will be the guest of Naval Post No. 400, and will be asked to preside over the naval veterans' convention, which will be held in Independence hall at that time. The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Dewey on the subject: "If the exigencies of the service permit you may confidently count on my being with you in the fall to attend your convention."

7,000,000 FEET.

Green Timber Found Cut on the Pretense of "Dead and Down."

Washington, May 11.—The secretary of the interior has received word from Agent Nessler that he has discovered 7,000,000 feet of green timber cut under pretense of "dead and down" in one of the timber camps in Minnesota. He has been instructed not to release the timber until permission has been made at the rate of $3 per thousand feet. Officials at the department refuse to say in which camp this green timber was found, and will not give out any further information.

HOPE FOR SETTLEMENT.

The Strike at Buffalo May Be Fixed Up.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 11. — While the strike situation remains unchanged after a day of great quietness, there is still hope for a speedy settlement of the strike. The grain shovelers are obdurate in that they still persist that nothing will satisfy them except the abolishment of contractors and middlemen. They assert that they can furnish sufficient bonds to guarantee that they themselves can handle all of the grain which is transported by the Lake Carriers' association.

Confederate Reunion.

Charleston, S. C., May 11.—The Confederate reunion will open to-day with the usual parade, in which 10,000 veterans will participate. Gen. John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief; Gen. C. A. Evans, Gen. Stephen D. Lee, Gan. Wade Hampton and many other distinguished officers have arrived. More than 25,000 visitors are already here.

Bloody Pistol Fight.

Dallas, Tex., May 11.—There was a bloody pistol fight here in which Dan Cannon was fatally shot by Lewis Carroll, and Carroll received a bullet in the left breast below the heart. The difficulty was over the dissolution of partnership which had existed.

Open Up the Soudan.

Cairo, May 11.—Gen. Lord Kitchener intends to open the Soudan to all traders on the completion of the railroad to Khartoum, and foreign goods will be admitted free of duty.

ARE HAND IN HAND.

United States and Great Britian for Arbitration.

Washington, May 11. — The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, which will be presented to the disarmament conference at its meeting in The Hague on the 16th of the present month. The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly well-digested plan for the execution of this long-cherished project, while the British delegates are prepared with a plan which is almost identical with the American project.

The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the projects of the conference. It is known, however, that there are essentially differences between this last plan and that embodies in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote which failed of action in the senate when submitted for atification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an

Impartial Adjudication

than in the principles of the former convention, and it is believed that on these points the British and American proposition are not precisely similar. It cannot be said that the American delegates go to the conference with any strong expectations that their own scheme for securing the adjustment of disputes by arbitration, or, indeed, any project of the kind, will secure the adhesion of the entire conference or even a majority of the delegates. But they are content to plant the seed and make a beginning which, it is hoped by President McKinley and Secretary Hay, will in the end have substantial result. The American delegates go committed to this arbitration project much more strongly than to anything likely to figure before the conference. Regarding disarmament, the instructions to tell the conference that the present armament of the United States and any within the possibilities of the future are so far below the present minimum armaments with which any of the great powers of Europe are likely to be content that there is really no reason why the United States should be called into the argument.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, May 11. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 71 @ 71 3-4c; No. 2 Northern, 69 1-2@70c. Corn — No. 3 yellow, 31 3-4@32c; No. 2, 31 1-2@31 3-4c. Oats —No. 3 white, 28@28 1-2c; No. 3, 27 1-2 @28c. Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 36@40c; No. 2 rye, 56c; No. 3 rye, 55c.

Duluth, May 11. — Wheat — Cash, e No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; No. 2 Northern, 68 1-4c; No. 3 spring, 65 1-4c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; May, No. 1 hard, 75 1-4c; No. 1 Northern, 72 1-4c; July, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 Northern, 73c; September, No. 1 Northern, 70 7-8c. Oats, 27@27 1-2c; rye, 57 1-2c; barley, 38@40c; flax, to arrive, $1.09.

Minneapolis, May 11. — Wheat — May opened at 69 3-4c and closed at 70 1-8c; July opened at 70 7-8c and closed at 71 3-4c; September opened at 68 3-8c and closed at 69c. On track —No. 1 hard, 72 1-8c; No. 1 Northern, 71 1-8c; No. 2 Northern, 69 5-8c.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 11. — Flour is firm. Wheat easier; No. 1 Northern, 73 1-2@74c; No. 2 Northern, 72c. Oats easier at 29 1-4@30c. Rye higher; No. 1, 60@60 1-4c. Barley lower; No. 2, 41c; sample, 36@41c.

Chicago, May 11. — Wheat — No. 2 red, 75@76c; No. 3, 71 1-2@74 1-2c; No.2 hard winter, 69@72c; No. 3, 67@68c; No. 1 Northern spring, 72 1-2@73c; No. 2, 71@72 1-2c; No. 3, 68@71c. Corn— No. 2, 34 1-4c; No. 3, 33 1-4c. Oats— No. 2, 27 1-2@27 3-4c; No. 3, 27@ 27 1-2c.

Chicago, May 11. — Hogs — Light, $3 65@3.85; mixed, $3.65@3.90; heavy, $3.80@3.95; rought, $3.55@3.70. Cattle —Beeves, $4.25@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.90@2.75; Texas steers, $3.55@ 4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5. Sheep — Natives, $3.60@5.25; lambs, $4.50@6.10.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 11. — Hogs — $3.55@3.70. Cattle — Beeves, $4 @ 5; cows and bulls, mixed, $2@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.60; calves and yearlings, $3.75@5.25.

South St. Paul, May 11. — Hogs — $3.55@3.65. Cattle — Cows, $3@3.50; steers, $3.90@4.70; stockers, $4@4.70; calves, $5@6; heifers, $3@3.90; bulls, $2.75@3.30.

THE IDAHO RIOTERS.

Arrests Made in Montana by Federal Troops.

Helena, Mont., May 11.—"Black Pat," one of the rioters who helped to blow up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill, and four other suspects were arrested by a company of the Twenty-fourth infantry at Missoula. The company arrived at that city with twenty men arrested at Thompson Falls, one of the gateways through which union miners escaped from Coeur d'Alenes. For a time a clash of authority between the lieutenants commanding the company and Deputy United States Marshal Meilkeljohn promised trouble. The deputy marshal wanted the men taken before a United States commissioner and examined at Missoula unless taken out of the state by a requisition. In the end the deputy marshal gave in and the soldiers with their twenty prisoners left for Wardner.

Prominent Lawyer Dead.

Chicago, May 11. — Augustus Van Buren, for many years one of the foremost criminal lawyers of Chicago and the state, died of apoplexy, aged 69. His father was a cousin of President Martin Van Buren.

Accident at a Show.

Cincinnati, May 10.—During the performance of the Buffalo Bill show the roof of old Turner hall, across the street, on which were 300 spectators, fell, throwing fifty people thirty feet. Four were dangerously injured.

Changes in Banks.

Washington, May 11. — Changes in the officers of the national banks of Wisconsin have been made as follows: The National Bank of Manitowoc, G. J. Moses, cashier, in place of Clarence Hill.

NO PLOW COMBINE.

Three Large Concerns Deny That a Trust Has Been Formed.

Chicago, May 11. — Dispatches received here contain denials from the Oliver and South Bend Chilled Plow companies of South Bend, the J. I. Case Plow works of Racine, Wis., and the Moline Plow Company of Moline, Ill., three of the largest concerns of the kind in the country, that a combination of plow manufacturers has been formed, as was reported last night. The business interests declare the recent meeting was a session of the Northwestern Plow association, held to consider the advisability of raising the price of plows to meet the advance in raw materials. C. H. Deere said an advance of 15 per cent in prices would be announced soon. At South Bend it was said a proposition was made for a combination with a capital of $50,000,000 and that some of the manufacturers favored the plan, but that few options were given.

GREAT SEND-OFF.

Demonstrations at San Juan in Honor of Gen. Henry.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 11.—Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry, the retiring governor general of Porto Rico, left for the United States on board the transport McPherson. His departure was attended by lively and affecting demonstrations. All the military and civil officials of San Juan, representatives of the principal societies, hundreds of public school children, large crowds of citizens, together with delegations from the surrounding towns thronged the quay, wheresoever bands played and numerous flags and decorations lent animation to the scene. Gen. Henry and Mrs. Henry were presented with a portrait of the former and received many other gifts and testimonials of affection. He was visibly affected by the unmistakable tokens of good will.

TERRORIZED BY A MOB.

Masked Men on a Hunt for Victims.

Lebanon, Tenn., May 11.—A mob of fifty masked men terrorized this place at an early hour yesterday morning. First the jail was visited and Ewing Hodge, who is charged with attempting to murder a white woman, was demanded. Being assured by a search of the jail that Hodge had been spirited away, the members turned their attention to the city work house. There Bill Dibble and Leslie Hugins, two negroes charged with attempting to force themselves into Mrs. Mace's home, were confined, and they were soon in the mob's hands. Officers attempted to interfere and in the mix-up Hugins escaped. Then Dibble was hustled into a spring wagon and started to the country. Nothing further is definitely known, but it is rumored that the nego escaped with a severe beating.

DIVORCE INVALID.

Pilgrim to North Dakota Convicted of Bigamy in New York.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 11.—Foster L. Cook, a wealthy young farmer of Amenia, Dutchess county, was convicted of bigamy by a jury in the county court here. Cook's arrest was made on the complaint of his first wife, Althea M. Cook. They separated in 1885. Cook then went to North Dakota, where he obtained a divorce. He returned to Dutchess county and married Edith May Tompkins. Cook's first wife heard that he was married again and promptly caused his arrest on a charge of bigamy, the courts of New York State having decided that Dakota divorces are worthless in this state. She also sued for divorce and obtained a decree. He will be sentenced to-morrow.

INHALER EXPLODED.

Minnesota Man Sues a Patent Medicine Company.

Chicago, May 11. — Frederick W. Parsons of Litchfield, Minn., has brought suit against a well known patent medicine company for $30,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained by him through the explosion of a medical inhaler manufactured by the company. The plaintiff declares that as a result of the injury the loss of his eyesight is threatened. Counsel for the defendant company declares that there is no foundation for the action, as the accident could only have occurred through the direct violation of the printed directions for the use of the inhaler.

FOUR WERE KILLED.

Result of a Serious Fight Which Started in a Quarrel Over a Bill.

Okolona, Miss., May 11.—Dr. William Murphy became involved in a dispute with Charles D. Clarke over a bill. Clarke drew a knife and, rushing at the physician, severed his jugular vein. Howard Murphy, the physician's son, hearing of the trouble, rushed to the scene with a revolver and shot Clarke dead. Walter Clarke, a brother, then came up and engaged Howard Murphy in a duel with pistols. The fight was a vicious one and resulted in the death of both young men.

FATAL PLEASANTRY.

Unfortunate Termination of a Bit of Fun at Jamestown, Ohio.

Jamestown, Ohio, May 11.—Postmaster George A. McLaughlin lies dead from a thoughtless piece of pleasantry. He was killed by his most intimate friend. The postmaster, late last night, with some boy friends, was putting a "tic-tac" on the window of the home of E. E. Ginn. Mr. Ginn, hearing the noise, and thinking to frighten the boys, fired a shot through the window, killing McLaughlin instantly. McLaughlin had recently been appointed postmaster.

Kanabec County's Debt.

Mora, Minn., May 11.—The board of county commissioners has adopted a resolution providing for a bond issue to take up the floating indebtedness of Kanabec county, amounting to $12,500, bonds to run from five to fifteen years.

May Die of the Kick.

Princeton, Minn., May 11—Hans Ecklund was kicked by a horse on the face, and it is feared, is fatally injured. He has a large family. He was working on the stable floor near the horse when kicked.

MINNESOTA ITEMS

The state grand lodge of Orangemen met last week in Minneapolis.

The appointment of Archibald Stevens as government tea inspector at St. Paul, has been announced.

Samuel Braden, founder of the town of Wnithrop, died at the latter place, aged seventy-seven years.

Capt. Fred B. Wood of Austin has been selected as an additional major for the Second regiment M. N. G.

The Northwestern Swedish Methodist conference will be held at Red Wing Sept. 7.

Lightning struck in three places in Morristown recently, doing considerable damage, burning Edgar Denny's barn with hay and a road wagon.

James Taylor died at his residence at Henning of pneumonia, aged sixty-nine years. He was a veteran of the civil war.

The city council of Red Wing elected C. W. Lee chief of police; M. Cappel president of the council; W. E. Taylor city clerk; F. M. Wilson, attorney.

The fortieth annual convention of the Goodhue County Sunday School association will be held at Pine island June 13 and 14.

W. S. Gladson, a brakeman on the St. Paul & Duluth, was seriously injured while coupling cars at Grantsburg. His left leg was broken and his hip crushed.

Prof. Darius Steward of Fargo has been elected superintendent of the Stillwater schools, succeeding Prof. Weld, who will be president of the Moorhead normal.

The missing daughter of the late A. N. Knudson has been located in Austin. She is the wife of Fred Webber. She has not heard of her father's death nor of the fortune awaiting her.

The residence of Mrs. Sophia Smith at Red Wing, occupied by J. S. Crooks and family, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. Nothing was saved. The loss is $2,000, with an insurance of $1,500.

The board of directors of the Lutheran Orphans' home at Vasa, held a meeting and awarded the contract for rebuilding the home, which was totally destroyed by fire last January, to C. L. Linden of Red Wing.

The school board of Eden Valley engaged the following teachers for the year: U. M. McCombs, principal; the Misses McLaren, Costello and Show for the lower grades. The principal resigned.

The Farmers' Grain and Implement company is the name of a new organization, with a capital stock of $20,000, licensed to do business in Paynesville. Swanson Brothers are the principal owners.

William Charles and Jesse Clements, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree at Redwood Falls, having stolen fifty bushels of wheat from a granary of J. H. Sites, was sentenced to Stillwater for two years and four months each.

Fire burned the roof off the First National Bank building at Duluth and gutted the offices on the sixth floor. The Duluth Telephone compan's exchange was located there and was entirely destroyed. There will probably be no telephone service for at least ten days.

George Schmidt, formerly of the New Ulm Roller Mill company, and A. F. Coch of Young America, have purchased the Crown Roller mills and elevator at the latter place, and will hereafter conduct the same under the firm name of Schmidt & Coch.

R. L. Tigen, a wagonmaker of Kasson, was found in his barn, hanging from a cow stanchion. Despondency is assigned as the cause of the suicide. He was born in Bergen, Norway, and has lived in Kasson about twenty-five years. He was fifty-one years of age, and leaves a wife and four children.

A man went into the house of Chas. Wacholz, two miles west of Waconia, recently, bound Mrs. Wacholz and compelled her to show him over the house. He poured kerosene on her clothing and threatened to fire it if she did not divulge the hiding place of money, but he secured nothing.

Allen Odell, a farmer living three-quarters of a mile west of Smith Lake, was found dead, entangled in the running gear of his buggy in his barnyard. He was at Howard Lake, and no doubt fell into the running gear on his way home and his horse ran into the barnyard.

An inmate of the state reformatory at St. Cloud broke and ran from the guard under whose control he was working, into a field near the institution. A half-hour later he was recaptured a mile or two down the river. A guard on horseback had tracked and overtaken him.

Harry Halverson, a brakeman on the Great Northern, was instantly killed near Johnson & Wentworth's sawmills at Cloquet. The young man fell from the train on which he was braking while the cars were being switched in the lumber company's yards. He was twenty-two years of age and a resident of Cloquet.

A young Swede named Nels Aggerson was drowned in Fox lake, near Sherburn, while fishing from a boat in company with Bert Bercheld and L. E. Olson. The boat sank, upsetting the occupants into the water. Berchold hung to the boat, Olson swam ashore, but Aggerson, being unable to swim, sank and did not rise.

The heaviest failure that has thus far been recorded in the United States court at Frazee is that of Ray W. Jones of Frazee, whose petition in bankruptcy places his liabilities at $200,765; assets, nothing. Mr. Jones has been interested in some large lumber deals in the vicinity of Thief River Falls.

At a meeting of the newly-elected city council of Preston, the matter of fixing the amount of license was determined, and the same raised frm $600 to $700.

News has reached Little Falls of the destruction of the largest dam on Crow Wnig river. It is supposed to have been destroyed by farmers living near by, with the aid of dynamite. There are about 35,000,000 feet of logs to come out of Shell river this year, and as the destroyed dam contained the greatest volume of water, and is most important, it is doubtful if all the logs can be taken out this year.

LOG MOONSHINERS

Trespassers on Pine Lands Are Becoming Very Bold.

A special from Bemidji says: Following close upon the visit last week of Attorney George B. Edgerton, in behalf of the state, to look after trespassers upon state lands, comes a report that the large pine land owners have tired of the constant trespass of a certain class of settlers in this vicinity, and have organized to attach a large lot of logs now on the banks or in the channel of the Schoolcraft river, and to prosecute criminally the trespassers. It is reported that in one instance the trespasser on one tract, held and owned by C. A. Weyerhauser, stripped from an eighty-acre tract over 200,000 feet of pine saw logs, taking only the butts of the trees and leaving the top logs, and the agents of Weyerhauser have taken possession of the logs and are about to arrest the trespasser. The cruisers for the pine land men say that there is a regular moonshine gang organized within ten miles of Bemidji, and that when the thieving operations are going on a regular armed patrol is maintained, gunshots being the signals of warning to the choppers and teamsters that a cruiser is approaching. Whether this can be established or not, it is noticeable that the cruisers are very much more aggressive than formerly was the case, and that a large number of logs have been taken under attachment against settlers living near town. It is a curious coincidence that but a few of the logs lost come from the Pillsbury lands, and that many of them do come from the lands of Weyerhauser and Walker and the non-residents of the state. A settler's common answer to the charge of stealing, is that the rich men stole the timber, and ought to divide with the settler who is opening up the country. But the fact seems to be that the pine land owner doesn't want the country settled up, and that it is settling much too rapidly to please them as a class, for schools and townships mean taxation, and in two years there have been thirty new school districts created in Beltrami county.

SETTLERS' STRUGGLES.

Selfishness of Loggers Ruin Lands Upon Which They Subsist.

A special from Park Rapids says: A case which is attracting much attention in this section is a contest between the settlers in the southeastern part of the county, along the Crow Wing river, and the Pine Tree Lumber company. The latter have, in years past, built sluice dams across the rivers for the purpose of raising the water to run logs out further up the river, and have flooded and otherwise injured the lands owned by the settlers along the river bottoms, who are dependent upon the river bottoms for their hay. There has been some trouble about it for the last two or three years, but never until this winter have the settlers made an organized, determined effort to protect their rights and obtain redress. During the latter part of the winter the lumber company, as usual, built a dam and submerged the bottom lands, and ruined all the corduroy roads and bridges. The settlers protested, and the company has, in various ways, fought for delays, trying to take out a charter in the name of Ben Tisdale, from whom no damages could be collected. The county commissioners refused to grant this, and the company has kept delaying and putting off, at the same time proceeding with the dam and maintaining it by keeping guards to watch it constantly.

The settlers have finally brought matters to a climax by having warrants issued and the guards arrested for wilfully obstructing the public highway, and as soon as the guards were in the hands of the sheriff, the dam was blown up with dynamite and the water has disappeared. This action throws the contest into the courts, and the aggressive action and the burden of proof on to the lumber company, and the settlers are on the defensive. The fight will be a hard one.

SUSPECT FOUL PLAY.

Disappearance of a Strange Boy Not Satisfactorily Explained.

The police authorities of Redwood county, since the adjournment of the last grand jury, and acting under instructions from that body, have been investigating the alleged mysterious disappearance of a seventeen-year-old boy named Fred Bailey, who, up to the time of his disappearance, two years ago, resided with a farmer in Sheridan township, Redwood county. It appears that the boy came from Shropshire, Eng., shortly before his disappearance. The case was uncovered by neighborhood gossip, caused by an attempt on the part of the farmer to sell the boy's clothing and other personal effects. When called upon for an explanation the farmer told several different stories. One was that he had sent the boy to the reform school, which could not be done without due legal process. Second, that he had given him a certain sum of money and placed him on board the train at North Redwood. Third, that he had put him on the train at Belview. The neighbors are inclined to believe or suspect foul play, and, just as the grand jury was about to adjourn, reported to that body, which ordered an investigation.

INSANE HOSPITAL COTTAGES.

Committee Will Go to Wisconsin to Secure Pointers.

The quarterly meeting of the board of trustees for the insane hospital was held at Fergus Falls recently. W. B. Dunnell was re-elected architect for the board at $1,000 per year. In accordance with the wishes of Gov. Lind, a committee, consisting of Drs. Jones and Daniels and Messrs. Coleman and Wagoner were appointed to visit the hospitals at Jefferson and Madison, Wis., in company with the architect, with a view to securing suitable designs for the cottages to be erected in this state. This committee will go to Wisconsin next Wednesday, and on its return will call for bids for the erection of a cottage at Hastings and one at Anoka, both to be constructed during the coming summer. Two others will be erected during the following year. Each cottage for the first two can be let and the work begun in six weeks. The board is anxious to have the work pushed as rapidly as possible, and will probably transfer enough chronic cases from the present hospital to fill the new buildings as soon as they are completed.

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for perfect happiness comes with good health

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Her Husband Twice Her Age.

A curious marriage has taken place at Newcastle, Eng. For the third time a lady named Makings has been before the altar in the character of a bride, and there was something remarkable in each of her three engagements. Her first husband was a Quaker, her second a Roman Catholic and her present a Protestant. Each husband was twice her age. At 16 she married a gentleman of 32, at 30 she took one of 60, and now, at 42, she is united to a gentleman of 84.

Catalogues by Carloads.

A statistical genius has figured that the various manufacturers of harvesting machinery have printed and distributed enough "advertising matter" during the last decade to fill 2,000 freight cars. The greater portion of this literature has been expended on the farmers of this country in an effort to make them believe that almost any kind of a machine is "as good as the Deering." In the meantime the Deering Harvester Company of Chicago has prospered until at the present time its works employ more hands than any single manufacturing plant of any kind in America.

Shoppy.

His Daughter—Yes; the story ends in the same old way; they marry and live happy ever after.

The Furniture Man—Ah! Antique finish!—Indianapolis Journal.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Runs in the Family.

"They say he's very fond of horses."

"Yes; it runs in the family. He had a brother hanged by a Texas vigilance committee for the same thing.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Chicago Great Western Increase.

The earnings of Chicago Great Western Ry., "Maple Leaf Route," for the third week of April, 1899, shows an increase of $14,026.63 Total increase since beginning of fiscal year (July 1st) to date, $392,382.06.

Why He Waits.

"Why don't you get married? You have plenty of money, and sixty is the very prime of life."

"I'm going to wait a few more years; then I can have any girl I want."—Life.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

He that will watch providences shall never want providences to watch.—Flavel.

Every time the weather has a cold it takes a drop of mercury for it.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Better be three hours too soon than one minute too late. Shakespeare.

It is hard to convince some people that honesty is the best politics.

Some women may not earn their salt, but Mr. Lot's wife certainly did.



The debilitating drains and discharges which weaken so many women are caused by Catarrh of the distinctly feminine organs. The sufferer may call her trouble Leuchorrhoea, or Weakness, or Female Disease or some other name, but the real trouble is catarrh of the female organs and nothing else.

Pe-ru-na radically and permanently cures this and all other forms of Catarrh. It is a positive specific for female troubles caused by catarrh of the delicate lining of the organs peculiar to women. It always cures if used persistently. It is prompt and certain.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1899.

Ten Pages

A BURGLAR was killed in Minneapolis Sunday night. He never will be missed.

A ST. CLOUD alderman was arrested for riding on the sidewalk and fined for the offence.

THE New York health department is about to commence a crusade against faith cure healers.

MANKATO, a city where saloons have been wide open for years, goes Brainerd one better and closes her thirst parlors at midnight as well as Sundays.

THE state auditor has selected swamp lands in the Duluth district aggregating 19,691 acres, and Land Commissioner Hermann has approved the selection.

THERE'S trouble brewing at the state reformatory at St. Cloud, and as a result Supt. Houlton is liable to lose his grip, if reports concerning the management of that institution are correct.

THE secretary of the interior has handed down his decision on the application of Minnesota for school lands in Indian reservations and denies the state's right to make their selections.

ORDERS have been issued detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there. Dewey's "welcome home" will be one of the warmest that ever happened, to use a slang phrase.

THE new Leech Lake school buildings to be erected by the government will consist of two buildings to be erected at the agency. The school building proper will include a dormitory and mess hall. Employes' quarters will also be erected. The appropriation is $20,000 for this work, including water and sewer system. The work on the plans for the small schools, to be erected at various points on Leech Lake, have been temporarily suspended pending information from Rev. J. A. Gilfillan, who was instrumental in securing the appropriation for these schools and who believes that five or six schools should be erected.

AN affair which certainly casts discredit on the city of Little Falls occurred there last Saturday evening. A policeman attempted to arrest a young man who was intoxicated and a fight ensued between the two, the boy's father came along and not liking the idea of having his boy pounded up with a policeman's club, he took a hand in the game and the boy escaped to a neighboring saloon. The policeman, as soon as he could disentangle himself, followed the young man and a wild and woolly time ensued in which whisky bottles, beer mugs and other handy weapons were used. The officer had just whipped out his gun when the chief of police appeared and placed the boy under arrest and took him to jail.

The Same as 1896.

The Brooklyn Eagle, an able democratic paper, says:

The democratic party got on the wrong moral side of the union question, of the emancipation question, of the reconstruction question, of the financial question, and now, as an organization, is getting on the wrong moral side of the expansion question. The number of democrats who will not follow the insanities of the party still remains sufficiently large to save the country. And they will do it again next year.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held May 9th, 1899.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of the board of county commissioners, meeting held on May 9th, 1899.

All members present except Commissioner Paine.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Moved and seconded that the application from C. S. Nichols for an appropriation of $50 towards defraying expenses connected with the publication of the Tribune supplement, and which was tabled at the last meeting, be taken from the table. Carried.

Moved and seconded that action on said application be postponed for one year. On ayes and nays being taken, Commissioners Gardner and Cale vote aye, and Commissioner Archibald and Chairman Smith voted nay. Motion lost.

Auditor presented report on the floating indebtedness and interest on same to May 1st, 1899, the same being $56,130.44.

Commissioner Cale offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED, That the county auditor be instructed to carry out, according to law, Senate File 117, entitled: "An act granting reward for killing wolves," passed by the legislature of the State of Minnesota, and approved April 11th, 1899.

On motion duly carried said resolution was adopted.

Petition for a new school district, composing the whole of Town 136, Range 27, except Sections 4, 5 and 6, was read, and on motion duly carried, accepted. Said district to be known as No. 60.

On motion duly carried an appropriation of $50 was made from the poor fund for transportation of paupers, said amount to be drawn from and expended as needed.

The following claims were allowed:

J. L. Camp, medical attendance on account of Mrs. Roberts	$31 00
Westfall Bros., goods for jail	1 50
Johnson's Pharmacy, drugs for poor farm	11 70
John T. Frater, postage, expressage and drayage	20 08
M. K. Swartz, drugs for the poor farm	15 70
Larson & Walters, coal for the jail	16 00
City of Brainerd, electric light rental for April	7 77
City of Brainerd, fees municipal court in state cases	81 45
O. E. Culver, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
Henry Edwards, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
W. A. Lyle, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
H. Palmberg, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
R. K. Whiteley, surveying road in Town 46, R. 29	22 00
Brainerd Tribune, stationery for clerk of court	2 75
Webb Hill, work on Gull River road	6 00
J. M. Crowell, expenses in Richard Schmaltz insanity case	7 00
O. P. Erickson, fees state cases and boarding prisoners, April	220 43
M. Mahlum, goods for poor farm	40 50
M. Mahlum, paper bags for distribution of sugar beet seeds	35
D. D. Smith, collar pads, poor farm	2 00
McFadden Drug Co., drugs for poor farm	7 85
Jool Smith, viewing Hay Creek grade	4 20
L. J. Cale, viewing Hay Creek grade	4 20
Minnesota Water Works Co., rental for first quarter, 1899	25 00
Brainerd Tribune, notice to teachers	2 00
John Hartman, judge of election, Fairbanks	3 20
Con O'Brien, grass seed and garden seed for the poor farm	17 65
C. S. Reimstad, coroner's fees at inquests	32 40
Brainerd Dispatch, publishing commissioner's proceedings and tax judgement sale and notice of beet sugar distribution	26 70
Brainerd Lumber Co., lumber for poor farm	13 81
Brainerd Telephone Exchange, rental for April	3 00
Wm. F. Holst, spring tooth harrow and repairs for the poor farm	27 00
G. S. McCulloch, money advanced on account of poor farm	5 30
G. S. McCulloch, overseer of poor farm, April	50 00
Fred Allison, laborer poor farm, April	24 00
D. Archibald, per diem and mileage inspecting Rabbit Lake and Klondike road	14 80
H. J. Spencer, making out list of mortgages and recording town treasurer's bonds	49 00

Board adjourned till Wednesday, May 17th, 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
Co. Auditor.

Frank E. Long Repertoire Co. will occupy the boards at Gardner Hall during the week of May 15.

So true to life! Perfectly natural! These are the comments of the people when looking at our enlarged portraits. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influence of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

Mrs. Ben Chord and Mrs. Susan Chord are both on the sick list.

Mrs. Isle has secured a fine white Wyandotte rooster from a St. Charles firm.

Joseph Hanks has gone to Mille Lacs to work on the drive, starting Monday morning.

A young agent for the "Ladies' World" was here Monday, nearly everyone subscribing.

Deloss Hammitt has hired out for a month to our mail carrier, W. Archibald, at Deerwood.

W. Martin and Chas. Isle, who were using Gola Bros.' outfit for sawing shingle bolts, had the misfortune to break the machine and have gone back to the primitive fashion of sawing them by hand. The more haste, the less speed, you know, sometimes.

DAME RUMOR.

Uniform in the excellence of the material used in the Photographs from Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Oats For Sale.

White Russian or New Zealand for seed. A. L. HOFFMAN.

The Best Wagon.

Beck & Remmels are agents for the Climax Spring Wagon, the best wagon for all round work made. Especially adapted for farmers delivering milk to creameries. Farmers should call and look it over before purchasing.

FOR SALE—80 acres of good farming land for sale cheap, 1½ miles south of Brainerd, for further particulars apply at this office.

Miller's spears for sale at C. B. White's hardware store on Laurel street. tf.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

The McFadden Drug Co.

Wishes to call the attention of the public to the elegant wall finish which they have in stock called

Cementico

This is without exception the finest wall finish ever put on the market. Is fully guaranteed, and comes in different tints. Can be used by anyone. Put up in 5lb packages, at only 50 cents per package. We also have a fine large Brush, the retail price of which is $1.00. We are selling them at 60 cents to purchasers of CEMENTICO.

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

DR. REA

EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.

Catarrhal, Chronic and Nervouse Disease

SPECIALIST

Of the Famous Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, of Louisville, Ky., by Special Request has arranged to visit Brainerd, and will be at the

ARLINGTON HOTEL, THURSDAY, MAY 11th and 12th,

From Thursday, 1 o'clock p. m., until Friday noon. Returning to see his patients every Four Weeks.



DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT, granulated lids, cataract, cross-eyes straightened without pain or danger, blindness prevented, discharging ears, deafness, ringing in the ears, catarrh bronchitis, asthma. Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS, dyspepsia, indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, biliousness, jaundice. KIDNEY AND BLADDER troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, etc. BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES scrofula, pimples, blotches, eczema, facial blemishes, ulcers, etc. NERVOUS DISEASES, epilepsy, hysteria, paralysis, lack of vitality, rheumatism, neuralgia HEART DISEASES, poor circulation, palpitation, dizziness, etc. CANCERS, TUMORS cured without cutting and without caustics and without pain—new method. PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE AND CONSTIPATION. Diseases of women, painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, uterine displacements, nervous weakness cured by a modern method. No unpleasant examinations. DEFORMITIES. CLUB FEET, curvature of the spine, slow growth in children and wasting diseases in adults. EARLY CONSUMPTION, goiter. Small and weak parts enlarged and strengthened. OLD, YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN suffering from nervous debility, seminal weakness, loss of vigor, decline of manly powers, drains, discharges and losses, varicocele, and all the evils resulting from sexual excess and youthful follies, producing some of the following effects, as weakness, emission, pimples, blotches, dizziness, defective memory, absence of will power, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, sexual exhaustion, pain in the back, bashfulness in society, dreams, etc., rendering marriage unhappy and business failures, receive prompt relief and a cure for life. No matter who have failed. No experiments or failures. No incurable cases taken. Consultation confidential and free to those interested. Minneapolis office, 329 Boston Block.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption Period.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing, }

To D. F. and G. CLOUGH—Clough Bros.

TAKE NOTICE

That the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 7, SE¼ SW¼, Section Five (5), and NE¼ NW¼, Section Eight (8), in Township 136, Range 27, was on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1894, sold in for the State for the sum of Four Dollars and Three Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of Crow Wing, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1894, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year 1892, for said County of Crow Wing, and was on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1899, sold by the State of Minnesota, for Twenty-Two Dollars and Fifty-Two Cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum of Twenty-Two Dollars and Fifty-Two Cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said 8th day of May, 1899, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated at Brainerd this 8th day of May, A. D. 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 3rd, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes A. Gillis, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Almond A. White, of the County of Ramsey, representing, among other things, that Agnes A. Gillis, late of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1899, at the County of Crow Wing, died testate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is Creditor of said deceased, and praying that letters of administration with the will annexed of said estate be to L. P. White, Jr., granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Brainerd in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in "The Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1899.

(SEAL.) By the Court,
MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
3t Attorney for Administrator.

MISS HULL removes superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references given; 5 years experience; 301 Merrill block, cor. 5th and St. Peter St., St. Paul.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Bane & Bane, doing a general butchers business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. W. Bane retiring. E. C. Bane will continue the business at the old stand and will pay all outstanding accounts and collect all bills.

E. C. BANE.
W. W. BANE.

Brainerd, Minn., May 1, 1899.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 31, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday May 16, 1899, viz: Christ A. Nelson, H. E. No. 15262, for the NE ¼ NW¼, Sec. 4, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jonathan B. Swisher, Lewis Wicks, Henry M. Dye, Carl E. Carlson, P. O. address of all Flak, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 6th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 20th, 1899, viz: George Frost H. E. No. 15744 for the S½ NE¼ SE¼ NW¼, Lot 1, Sec. 32, Twp. 137, Range 27.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Al. T. Kimball, Chas. Willson, Frank Gordon, Ami C. Gould, P. O. address of all, Cross Lake, Crow Wing County, Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 31, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, May 15th, 1899, viz: Albert Jacobson, H. E. No. 16021, for the SE¼ Section 22, Township 46, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Victor Jacobson, Walter Johnson, Peter J. Nygren, Erick Tysk, P. O. address of all Deerwood Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 17, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 27th, 1899, viz: Richard Schmalz, H. E. No. 15,620, for the SE¼ NW¼, E½ SW¼, and NW¼ SE¼, Sec. 6, Township 43, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Freichler, John Norman, David Dykeman and James Dykeman, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the condition of a mortgage, executed and delivered by H. J. Spencer and Lillian J. Spencer mortgagors, to James S. Gardner mortgagee, dated October 30th, A. D. 1895, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on November 1st, A. D. 1895, at 4.15 o'clock p. m., in book O of Mortgages, on page 42 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice Two hundred ninety eight and 33-100 dollars, ($298.33), and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgagee and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, and described as follows, towit:

Lot Eight, of Section Three, in Township Forty-five, Range Twenty-eight, the South-east quarter of the North-west quarter, the South-east quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-west quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-east quarter of the South-west quarter, Lots One, Two, Three and Four, all in Section Thirty, in Township Forty-seven, Range Twenty-nine.

S. F. ALDERMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee. J. S. GARDNER, Mortgagee.

Dated March 30th, 1899.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 18th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, May 29th, 1899, viz: Charley Hall, H. E. No 16,542, for the SE¼, Sec. 22, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Love, Orlow J. Dane, Peter Burto, John Williams, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court. 15th Judicial District.

WILLIAM BLACK BLUNDELL, Plaintiff.

vs.

ANNIE LINZEY BLUNDELL, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, in said County, within Thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in Complaint.

Dated April 27th 1899.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block, Brainerd, Minnesota.
6t

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given, That Adaline Chounard executed to the Lombard Investment Company, a certain mortgage which is dated the Twenty-fourth (24th) day of September, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), whereby she mortgaged unto said Lombard Investment Company, its successors and assigns, the following property located in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, to-wit: The Southwest quarter of Southeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter and Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter, all in Section Twenty-six (26), and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Forty-three (43), of Range Thirty-two (32), which mortgage was on the First (1st) day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of said County, in Book "H" of Mortgages, at pages Sixty-eight (68) to Seventy-one (71) inclusive; said mortgage and indebtedness therein named was assigned under date of October Eighth (8th), Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), to Harry J. Deuel, and said assignment was recorded in said Register's office April 13th, 1899, in Book "H" of Mortgages at Page 567. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage debt and obligation Fifteen Hundred and Ninety-four Dollars and Eighty Cents ($1594.80), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt by said mortgage secured.

Notice is also given, That by virtue and pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public action at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in the Court House of said Crow Wing County, in Brainerd, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, 1899, at Ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to recover the unpaid debt then secured by said mortgage, including Twenty-five Dollars ($25), the attorney's fee named in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and expenses of these proceedings allowed by law.

Dated April 24th, 1899.

HARRY J. DEUEL.
Said Assignee.

CHAS. N. BELL and GEORGE E. BUDD,
Attorneys for said Assignee,
Room 51, Gilfillan Block,
6-t St. Paul, Minn.

Northern Pacific Railroad Company

Notice of Sale of Lands in Minnesota and North Dakota East of Missouri River.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to a decree entered by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, on April 27th, 1899, in a certain cause in equity, pending in said Court, wherein the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is complainant, and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and others are defendants, and certain decrees ancillary thereto entered in causes pending between said parties in the Circuit Courts of the United States for the following districts, entered; on May 5, 1899, in the District of Minnesota, and on May 6, 1899, in the District of North Dakota:

I, Alfred L. Cary, as Special Master, shall sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, at the times and places hereinafter stated:

All the lands granted by the Congress of the United States to aid in the construction and equipment of the railroads of said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and all rights of said company under the several grants made to it by Congress in any such lands lying within the State of Minnesota and the State of North Dakota, east of the Missouri River.

Such sale will be made as follows:

(a) All of said lands for which Letters Patent have issued to said Railroad Company, and the right to receive lands for which Letters Patent have not issued, but which have been selected by and certified to said company, will be sold in single sections, or subdivisions thereof.

Lists of said lands within the states aforesaid and respectively, will be found one week before the sale in the several states respectively at the offices of the clerks of the United States Circuit Courts at St. Paul, Minnesota, and Fargo, North Dakota, and at the passenger stations of the Northern Pacific Railway Company at Bismarck and Fargo in North Dakota, and at St Paul, Duluth, Brainerd and Moorhead in Minnesota; but all the lands and rights in respect of the lands of said Railroad Company, in both said states, whether specified in said lists or not, will be included in such sales.

(b) All lands for which patents have not issued, and which have not been selected by and certified to said Railroad Company, but to which said Railroad Company is entitled under said grants of Congress, and all rights of said Railroad Company to receive from the United States any lands which have not been certified or patented to said Railroad Company, whether under the grant, expressed in the act of Congress of July 2, 1864, or under any subsequent grant by way of indemnity or otherwise to said company, together with all the right, title, interest and claim in or to any such lands, and all its rights to receive from the United States, patents therefor, and also, all right, title, interest and equity in and to any other lands to which said Railroad Company may be entitled and which may have accrued or shall hereafter accrue to it, under any of said land grants, and also all right, title, equity and interest in and to any lands covered by or included in any of said land grants and not hereinbefore specified will be sold in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within the State of Minnesota, and in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within the State of North Dakota.

NORTH DAKOTA. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands, situated in the State of North Dakota, will be made at the United States Government Building in Fargo, in said State, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock a. m.

MINNESOTA. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the State of Minnesota, will be made at the United States Government Building in St. Paul, in said State, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock a. m.

The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said patented lands or for lands selected and certified but not patented, who shall not first, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, have made a deposit with the Special Master, of ten dollars for each section of such lands, for which such person desires to bid, in money or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for any of said patented lands, or for any lands selected and certified, but not patented, the bidder, to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall deposit with the Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the total amount of his bid for such lands, either in cash or in a certified check upon any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota. The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said unpatented lands and rights, who shall not first deposit with him, as a pledge that he shall make good his bid in case of acceptance, a sum equal to five per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check upon a National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for said unpatented lands and rights, the bidder to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall forthwith deposit with said Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Any cash which any successful bidder may have deposited as a pledge that he would make good his bid, will be received on account of the amount required to be paid by him on the acceptance of his bid.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him when the property shall be struck down.

In case any bidder shall fail to make the deposit by said decree required upon acceptance of his bid, the Special Master will then and there again offer the lands or rights struck off to him for sale without further notice or advertisement.

In case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the Special Master or after such acceptance shall fail to comply with the order of the Court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the deposit made by such purchaser or purchasers will be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and will be applied towards the expenses of a re-sale, and towards making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a price less than that bid at the prior sale. If the Court shall not confirm the sale for which the deposit shall have been made, such deposit will be returned to the bidder.

Upon confirmation of any sale by the Court, the purchaser shall make such further payment or payments in cash on account of his bid, as the Court may from time to time direct. Any such purchaser may satisfy and make good any part of his bid, not required to be made in cash, by executing and delivering to the Special Master, an assignment of any claim against said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which shall have been, at the time of such assignment, finally allowed by the Court in this suit, and of which such purchaser shall then be the owner, and such purchaser shall be credited therefor on account of his bid, with such sums as would be payable on such claims out of the purchase price of all the lands, if the whole amount thereof had been paid in cash. If the credit to which the owner of any claim so assigned would be entitled by reason thereof, shall exceed the amount due from him upon such bid in excess of the amount required to be paid in cash, then such assignment to the Special Master may be of such amount out of the total of the said claim as may be necessary to make up the amount so due on such bid or bids and the right of such purchaser in respect of the balance due on such claim will not be affected thereby. The Court reserves the right to re-sell any such lands or rights upon such notice as the Court shall direct, in case the purchaser thereof shall fail or omit to make any payment on account of any unpaid balance of the purchase price within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring such payment.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to the above mentioned decrees of said Court.

Dated May 9th, 1899.

ALFRED L. CARY,
As Special Master.

Hotel Vendome

First Class. Central Location. EUROPEAN PLAN

21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis

Rates—50c, 75c, $1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath $1.25 per Day.

CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICE

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED. Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1. 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1899.

Ten Pages

A BURGLAR was killed in Minneapolis Sunday night. He never will be missed.

A ST. CLOUD alderman was arrested for riding on the sidewalk and fined for the offence.

THE New York health department is about to commence a crusade against faith cure healers.

MANKATO, a city where saloons have been wide open for years, goes Brainerd one better and closes her thirst parlors at midnight as well as Sundays.

THE state auditor has selected swamp lands in the Duluth district aggregating 19,691 acres, and Land Commissioner Hermann has approved the selection.

THERE'S trouble brewing at the state reformatory at St. Cloud, and as a result Supt. Houlton is liable to lose his grip, if reports concerning the management of that institution are correct.

THE secretary of the interior has handed down his decision on the application of Minnesota for school lands in Indian reservations and denies the state's right to make their selections.

ORDERS have been issued detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there. Dewey's "welcome home" will be one of the warmest that ever happened, to use a slang phrase.

THE new Leech Lake school buildings to be erected by the government will consist of two buildings to be erected at the agency. The school building proper will include a dormitory and mess hall. Employes' quarters will also be erected. The appropriation is $20,000 for this work, including water and sewer system. The work on the plans for the small schools, to be erected at various points on Leech Lake, have been temporarily suspended pending information from Rev. J. A. Gilfillan, who was instrumental in securing the appropriation for these schools and who believes that five or six schools should be erected.

AN affair which certainly casts discredit on the city of Little Falls occurred there last Saturday evening. A policeman attempted to arrest a young man who was intoxicated and a fight ensued between the two, the boy's father came along and not liking the idea of having his boy pounded up with a policeman's club, he took a hand in the game and the boy escaped to a neighboring saloon. The policeman, as soon as he could disentangle himself, followed the young man and a wild and woolly time ensued in which whisky bottles, beer mugs and other handy weapons were used. The officer had just whipped out his gun when the chief of police appeared and placed the boy under arrest and took him to jail.

The Same as 1896.

The Brooklyn Eagle, an able democratic paper, says:

The democratic party got on the wrong moral side of the union question, of the emancipation question, of the reconstruction question, of the financial question, and now, as an organization, is getting on the wrong moral side of the expansion question. The number of democrats who will not follow the insanities of the party still remains sufficiently large to save the country. And they will do it again next year.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held May 9th, 1899.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of the board of county commissioners, meeting held on May 9th, 1899.

All members present except Commissioner Paine.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved as read.

Moved and seconded that the application from C. S. Nichols for an appropriation of $50 towards defraying expenses connected with the publication of the Tribune supplement, and which was tabled at the last meeting, be taken from the table. Carried.

Moved and seconded that action on said application be postponed for one year. On ayes and nays being taken, Commissioners Gardner and Cale vote aye, and Commissioner Archibald and Chairman Smith voted nay. Motion lost.

Auditor presented report on the floating indebtedness and interest on same to May 1st, 1899, the same being $56,130.44.

Commissioner Cale offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED, That the county auditor be instructed to carry out, according to law, Senate File 117, entitled: "An act granting reward for killing wolves," passed by the legislature of the State of Minnesota, and approved April 11th, 1899.

On motion duly carried said resolution was adopted.

Petition for a new school district, composing the whole of Town 136, Range 27, except Sections 4, 5 and 6, was read, and on motion duly carried, accepted. Said district to be known as No. 60.

On motion duly carried an appropriation of $50 was made from the poor fund for transportation of paupers, said amount to be drawn from and expended as needed.

The following claims were allowed:

J. L. Camp, medical attendance on account of Mrs. Roberts	$31 00
Westfall Bros., goods for jail	1 50
Johnson's Pharmacy, drugs for poor farm	11 70
John T. Frater, postage, expressage and drayage	20 08
M. K. Swartz, drugs for the poor farm	15 70
Larson & Walters, coal for the jail	16 00
City of Brainerd, electric light rental for April	7 77
City of Brainerd, fees municipal court in state cases	81 45
O. E. Culver, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
Henry Edwards, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
W. A. Lyle, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
H. Palmberg, assisting in surveying road in Town 46, Range 29	4 50
R. K. Whiteley, surveying road in Town 46, R. 29	22 00
Brainerd Tribune, stationery for clerk of court	2 75
Webb Hill, work on Gull River road	6 00
J. M. Crowell, expenses in Richard Schmaltz insanity case	7 00
O. P. Erickson, fees state cases and boarding prisoners, April	220 43
M. Mahlum, goods for poor farm	40 50
M. Mahlum, paper bags for distribution of sugar beet seeds	35
D. D. Smith, collar pads, poor farm	2 00
McFadden Drug Co., drugs for poor farm	7 85
Jool Smith, viewing Hay Creek grade	4 20
L. J. Cale, viewing Hay Creek grade	4 20
Minnesota Water Works Co., rental for first quarter, 1899	25 00
Brainerd Tribune, notice to teachers	2 00
John Hartman, judge of election, Fairbanks	3 20
Con O'Brien, grass seed and garden seed for the poor farm	17 65
C. S. Reimstad, coroner's fees at inquests	32 40
Brainerd Dispatch, publishing commissioner's proceedings and tax judgement sale and notice of beet sugar distribution	26 70
Brainerd Lumber Co., lumber for poor farm	13 81
Brainerd Telephone Exchange, rental for April	3 00
Wm. F. Holst, spring tooth harrow and repairs for the poor farm	27 00
G. S. McCulloch, money advanced on account of poor farm	5 30
G. S. McCulloch, overseer of poor farm, April	50 00
Fred Allison, laborer poor farm, April	24 00
D. Archibald, per diem and mileage inspecting Rabbit Lake and Klondike road	14 80
H. J. Spencer, making out list of mortgages and recording town treasurer's bonds	49 00

Board adjourned till Wednesday, May 17th, 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
Co. Auditor.

Frank E. Long Repertoire Co. will occupy the boards at Gardner Hall during the week of May 15.

So true to life! Perfectly natural! These are the comments of the people when looking at our enlarged portraits. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influence of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

ESDON ETCHINGS.

Mrs. Ben Chord and Mrs. Susan Chord are both on the sick list.

Mrs. Isle has secured a fine white Wyandotte rooster from a St. Charles firm.

Joseph Hanks has gone to Mille Lacs to work on the drive, starting Monday morning.

A young agent for the "Ladies' World" was here Monday, nearly everyone subscribing.

Deloss Hammitt has hired out for a month to our mail carrier, W. Archibald, at Deerwood.

W. Martin and Chas. Isle, who were using Gola Bros.' outfit for sawing shingle bolts, had the misfortune to break the machine and have gone back to the primitive fashion of sawing them by hand. The more haste, the less speed, you know, sometimes.

DAME RUMOR.

Uniform in the excellence of the material used in the Photographs from Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Get a wheel at D. M. Clark's. Strictly high grade machines at low prices.

Oats For Sale.

White Russian or New Zealand for seed. A. L. HOFFMAN.

The Best Wagon.

Beck & Remmels are agents for the Climax Spring Wagon, the best wagon for all round work made. Especially adapted for farmers delivering milk to creameries. Farmers should call and look it over before purchasing.

FOR SALE—80 acres of good farming land for sale cheap, 1½ miles south of Brainerd, for further particulars apply at this office.

Miller's spears for sale at C. B. White's hardware store on Laurel street. tf.

If you intend to buy a bicycle call on D. M. Clark & Co., before doing so.

The McFadden Drug Co.

Wishes to call the attention of the public to the elegant wall finish which they have in stock called

Cementico

This is without exception the finest wall finish ever put on the market. Is fully guaranteed, and comes in different tints. Can be used by anyone. Put up in 5lb packages, at only 50 cents per package. We also have a fine large Brush, the retail price of which is $1.00. We are selling them at 60 cents to purchasers of CEMENTICO.

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

DR. REA

EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.

Catarrhal, Chronic and Nervouse Disease

SPECIALIST

Of the Famous Southern Medical and Surgical Institute, of Louisville, Ky., by Special Request has arranged to visit Brainerd, and will be at the

ARLINGTON HOTEL, THURSDAY, MAY 11th and 12th,

From Thursday, 1 o'clock p. m., until Friday noon. Returning to see his patients every Four Weeks.



DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT, granulated lids, cataract, cross-eyes straightened without pain or danger, blindness prevented, discharging ears, deafness, ringing in the ears, catarrh bronchitis, asthma. Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS, dyspepsia, indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, biliousness, jaundice. KIDNEY AND BLADDER troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, etc. BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, scrofula, pimples, blotches, eczema, facial blemishes, ulcers, etc. NERVOUS DISEASES, epilepsy, hysteria, paralysis, lack of vitality, rheumatism, neuralgia HEART DISEASES, poor circulation, palpitation, dizziness, etc. CANCERS, TUMORS cured without cutting and without caustics and without pain—new method. PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE AND CONSTIPATION, Diseases of women, painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, uterine displacements, nervous weakness cured by a modern method. No unpleasant examinations. DEFORMITIES, CLUB FEET, curvature of the spine, slow growth in children and wasting diseases in adults. EARLY CONSUMPTION, goiter. Small and weak parts enlarged and strengthened. OLD, YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN suffering from nervous debility, seminal weakness, loss of vigor, decline of manly powers, drains, discharges and losses, varicocele, and all the evils resulting from sexual excess and youthful follies, producing some of the following effects, as weakness, emission, pimples, blotches, dizziness, defective memory, absence of will power, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, sexual exhaustion, pain in the back, bashfulness in society, dreams, etc., rendering marriage unhappy and business failures, receive prompt relief and a cure for life. No matter who have failed. No experiments or failures. No incurable cases taken. Consultation confidential and free to those interested. Minneapolis office, 329 Boston Block.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption Period.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing, }

To D. F. and G. CLOUGH—Clough Bros.

TAKE NOTICE

That the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 7, SE¼ SW¼, Section Five (5), and NE¼ NW¼, Section Eight (8), in Township 136, Range 27, was on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1894, sold in for the State for the sum of Four Dollars and Three Cents, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the District Court in the said County of Crow Wing, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1894, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year 1892, for said County of Crow Wing, and was on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1899, sold by the State of Minnesota, for Twenty-Two Dollars and Fifty-Two Cents. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum of Twenty-Two Dollars and Fifty-Two Cents, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said 8th day of May, 1899, to the time of such redemption, and delinquent taxes, penalties and costs accruing subsequent to said sale with interest thereon to the time of such redemption; and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in manner prescribed by Section 37, of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota, for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated at Brainerd this 8th day of May, A. D. 1899.

A. MAHLUM,
Auditor of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 3rd, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes A. Gillis, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Almond A. White, of the County of Ramsey, representing, among other things, that Agnes A. Gillis, late of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1899, at the County of Crow Wing, died testate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of her death, leaving goods, chatiels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is Creditor of said deceased, and praying that letters of administration with the will annexed of said estate be to L. P. White, Jr., granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A M, at the Probate office, in the Court House in the city of Brainerd in said county,

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in "The Brainerd Dispatch", a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
(SEAL.) MILTON MCFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.

LEON E. LUM,
3t Attorney for Administrator.

MISS HULL removes superfluous hair, moles, etc., by electricity; only positive and permanent remedy; references given; 5 years experience; 301 Merrill block, cor. 5th and St. Peter St., St. Paul.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Bane & Bane, doing a general butchers business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. W. Bane retiring. E. C. Bane will continue the business at the old stand and will pay all outstanding accounts and collect all bills.

E. C. BANE.
W. W. BANE.

Brainerd, Minn., May 1, 1899.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 31, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday May 16, 1899, viz: Christ A. Nelson, H. E. No. 15262, for the NE ¼ NW¼, Sec. 4, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jonathan B. Swisher, Lewis Wicks, Henry M. Dye, Carl E. Carlson, P. O. address of all Flak, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 6th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 20th, 1899, viz: George Frost H. E. No. 15744 for the S½ NE¼ SE¼ NW¼, Lot 1, Sec. 32, Twp. 137, Range 27.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Al. T. Kimball, Chas. Wilson, Frank Gordon, Ami C. Gould, P. O. address of all, Cross Lake, Crow Wing County, Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 31, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, May 15th, 1899, viz: Albert Jacobson, H. E. No. 16021, for the SE¼ Section 22, Township 46, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Victor Jacobson, Walter Johnson, Peter J. Nygren, Erick Tysk, P. O. address of all Deerwood Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 17, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the followig-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, May 27th, 1899, viz: Richard Schmalz, H. E. No. 15.620, for the SE¼ NW¼, E½ SW¼, and NW¼ SE¼, Sec. 6, Township 43, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Freichler, John Norman, David Dykeman and James Dykeman, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minnesota.

M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the condition of a mortgage, executed and delivered by H. J. Spencer and Lillian J. Spencer mortgagors, to James S. Gardner mortgagee, dated October 30th, A. D. 1895, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds of Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on November 1st, A. D. 1895, at 4.15 o'clock p. m., in book O of Mortgages, on page 42 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice Two hundred ninety eight and 33-100 dollars, ($298.33), and no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given that under a power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises by the Sheriff of said Crow Wing county at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, in the City of Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy said mortgagee and costs and expenses of sale, including Twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are situated in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, and described as follows, towit:

Lot Eight, of Section Three, in Township Forty-five, Range Twenty-eight, the South-east quarter of the North-west quarter, the South-east quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-west quarter of the North-east quarter, the North-east quarter of the South-west quarter, Lots One, Two, Three and Four, all in Section Thirty, in Township Forty-seven, Range Twenty-nine.

S. F. ALDERMAN, J. S. GARDNER,
Attorney for Mortgagee. Mortgagee.
Dated March 30th, 1899.

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 18th, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. A. M. Johnston, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, May 29th, 1899, viz: Charley Hall, H. E. No 16,542, for the SE¼, Sec. 22, Township 44, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Love, Orlow J. Dane, Peter Burto, John Williams, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing Co., Minn.

M. D. TAYLOR,
Register.

Summons.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss
County of Crow Wing. }

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

WILLIAM BLACK BLUNDELL,
Plaintiff.
vs.
ANNIE LINZEY BLUNDELL,
Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office in Brainerd, in said County, within Thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in Complaint.

Dated April 27th 1899.

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office: Room 16, First National Bank Block,
6t Brainerd, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Notice is hereby given, That Adaline Chounard executed to the Lombard Investment Company, a certain mortgage which is dated the Twenty-fourth (24th) day of September, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), whereby she mortgaged unto said Lombard Investment Company, its successors and assigns, the following property located in Crow Wing County, Minnesota, to-wit: The Southwest quarter of Southeast quarter and North half of Southeast quarter and Southeast quarter of Northeast quarter, all in Section Twenty-six (26), and the Northeast quarter of Section Thirty-five (35), all in Township Forty-three (43), of Range Thirty-two (32), which mortgage was on the First (1st) day of October, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of said County, in Book "H" of Mortgages, at pages Sixty-eight (68) to Seventy-one (71) inclusive; said mortgage and indebtedness therein named was assigned under date of October Eighth (8th), Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-eight (1888), to Harry J. Deuel, and said assignment was recorded in said Register's office April 13th, 1899, in Book "H" of Mortgages at Page 567. That default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage debt and obligation Fifteen Hundred and Ninety-four Dollars and Eighty Cents ($1594.80), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt by said mortgage secured.

Notice is also given, That by virtue and pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public action at the front door of the Sheriff's Office in the Court House of said Crow Wing County, in Brainerd, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of June, 1899, at Ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day to recover the unpaid debt then secured by said mortgage, including Twenty-five Dollars ($25), the attorney's fee named in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and expenses of these proceedings allowed by law.

Dated April 24th, 1899.

HARRY J. DEUEL.
Said Assignee.

CHAS. N. BELL and GEORGE E. BUDD,
Attorneys for said Assignee,
Room 51, Gilfillan Block,
6-t St. Paul, Minn.

Northern Pacific Railroad Company

Notice of Sale of Lands in Minnesota and North Dakota East of Missouri River.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to a decree entered by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, on April 27th, 1899, in a certain cause in equity, pending in said Court, wherein the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is complainant, and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and others are defendants, and certain decrees ancillary thereto entered in causes pending between said parties in the Circuit Courts of the United States for the following districts, entered; on May 5, 1899, in the District of Minnesota, and on May 6, 1899, in the District of North Dakota:

I, Alfred L. Cary, as Special Master, shall sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, at the times and places hereinafter stated:

All the lands granted by the Congress of the United States to aid in the construction and equipment of the railroads of said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and all rights of said company under the several grants made to it by Congress in any such lands lying within the State of Minnesota and the State of North Dakota, east of the Missouri River.

Such sale will be made as follows:

(a) All of said lands for which Letters Patent have issued to said Railroad Company, and the right to receive lands for which Letters Patent have not issued, but which have been selected by and certified to said company, will be sold in single sections, or subdivisions thereof.

Lists of said lands within the states aforesaid and respectively, will be found one week before the sale in the several states respectively at the offices of the clerks of the United States Circuit Courts at St. Paul, Minnesota, and Fargo, North Dakota, and at the passenger stations of the Northern Pacific Railway Company at Bismarck and Fargo in North Dakota, and at St Paul, Duluth, Brainerd and Moorhead in Minnesota; but all the lands and rights in respect of the lands of said Railroad Company, in both said states, whether specified in said lists or not, will be included in such sales.

(b) All lands for which patents have not issued, and which have not been selected by and certified to said Railroad Company, but to which said Railroad Company is entitled under said grants of Congress, and all rights of said Railroad Company to receive from the United States any lands which have not been certified or patented to said Railroad Company, whether under the grant, expressed in the act of Congress of July 2, 1864, or under any subsequent grant by way of indemnity or otherwise to said company, together with all the right, title, interest and claim in or to any such lands, and all its rights to receive from the United States, patents therefor, and also, all right, title, interest and equity in and to any other lands to which said Railroad Company may be entitled and which may have accrued or shall hereafter accrue to it, under any of said land grants, and also all right, title, equity and interest in and to any lands covered by or included in any of said land grants and not hereinbefore specified will be sold in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within the State of Minnesota, and in one parcel as to all such lands and rights in respect of lands within the State of North Dakota.

NORTH DAKOTA. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands, situated in the State of North Dakota, will be made at the United States Government Building in Fargo, in said State, on the 18th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock a. m.

MINNESOTA. Such sale of lands and of rights in respect of lands situated in the State of Minnesota, will be made at the United States Government Building in St. Paul, in said State, on the 20th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock a. m.

The Special Master will receive no bid from anyone offering to bid for said patented lands or for lands selected and certified but not patented, who shall not first, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, have made a deposit with the Special Master, of ten dollars for each section of such lands, for which such person desires to bid, in money or by certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for any of said patented lands, or for any lands selected and certified, but not patented, the bidder, to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall deposit with the Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the total amount of his bid for such lands, either in cash or in a certified check upon any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York, or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota. The Special Master will receive no bid from any one offering to bid for said unpatented lands and rights, who shall not first deposit with him, as a pledge that he shall make good his bid in case of acceptance, a sum equal to five per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check upon a National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for said unpatented lands and rights, the bidder to whom the same shall have been struck off, shall forthwith deposit with said Special Master, a sum equal to ten per centum of the amount of his bid in money or in a certified check on any National Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York or in the City of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Any cash which any successful bidder may have deposited as a pledge that he would make good his bid, will be received on account of the amount required to be paid by him on the acceptance of his bid.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder will be returned to him when the property shall be struck down.

In case any bidder shall fail to make the deposit by said decree required upon acceptance of his bid, the Special Master will then and there again offer the lands or rights struck off to him for sale without further notice or advertisement.

In case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by the Special Master or after such acceptance shall fail to comply with the order of the Court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the deposit made by such purchaser or purchasers will be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and will be applied towards the expenses of a re-sale, and towards making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a price less than that bid at the prior sale. If the Court shall not confirm the sale for which the deposit shall have been made, such deposit will be returned to the bidder.

Upon confirmation of any sale by the Court, the purchaser shall make such further payment or payments in cash on account of his bid, as the Court may from time to time direct. Any such purchaser may satisfy and make good any part of his bid, not required to be made in cash, by executing and delivering to the Special Master, an assignment of any claim against said Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which shall have been, at the time of such assignment, finally allowed by the Court in this suit, and of which such purchaser shall then be the owner, and such purchaser shall be credited therefor on account of his bid, with such sums as would be payable on such claims out of the purchase price of all the lands, if the whole amount thereof had been paid in cash. If the credit to which the owner of any claim so assigned would be entitled by reason thereof, shall exceed the amount due from him upon such bid in excess of the amount required to be paid in cash, then such assignment to the Special Master may be of such amount out of the total of the said claim as may be necessary to make up the amount so due on such bid or bids and the right of such purchaser in respect of the balance due on such claim will not be affected thereby. The Court reserves the right to re-sell any such lands or rights upon such notice as the Court shall direct, in case the purchaser thereof shall fail or omit to make any payment on account of any unpaid balance of the purchase price within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring such payment.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to the above mentioned decrees of said Court.

Dated May 9th, 1899.

ALFRED L. CARY,
As Special Master.

Hotel Vendome

First Class. Central Location. EUROPEAN PLAN

21 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis

Rates—50c, 75c, $1.00 per Day.
Sitting Room, Bed Room and Bath $1.25 per Day.

CAFE AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1899.

Ten Pages

OTIS ON PHILIPPINES.

Returned Commander Talks of Situation In the Islands.

THINKS WAR IS SURE TO BE BRIEF.

Filipinos, Rent By Dissensions, Short of Ammunition and Resources and Utterly Ignorant of Warfare, Must Soon Surrender—Value of Islands, Form of Government Discussed.

Brigadier General Harrison Gray Otis, who reached Los Angeles, Cal., from Manila on May 8, is naturally the best authority now in the United States on the situation and prospects in the Philippines. He gives in the following article the results of his observation and experience in the islands:

"The duration of the pending campaign in the Philippines is bound to be brief. It is impossible for the army under Aguinaldo to continue the fight, and there is no hope of military success even if the fight should be continued indefinitely. Neither the embattled Filipinos nor the so called Filipino government have the resources necessary to insure success. They are without adequate arms and ammunition; they are without horse artillery or a navy; they have no sufficient commissariat, but are compelled to live precariously off the country; they have no treasury; they have no efficient organization; they are without commanders of knowledge and capacity for modern warfare, and, finally, they are without cohesion.

There is no solidarity in the patriotism of the population, if patriotism it be. The different island peoples are at outs with each other, and they will never submit to Tagalo rule, to Aguinaldo or any of his associate job seeking statesmen. The Filipino soldiers and mimic warriors are not without pluck, as they have shown in the various actions since the first outbreak took place, but they do not know how to fight and are no match for the valorous and intrepid American volunteers and regulars who have "gone up against" them in the duty of suppressing a rebellion against the authority of the United States and of vindicating the flag of the republic which they wantonly assailed. So that defeat—and complete defeat—must be the portion of the revolutionary government. I look for an unconditional surrender in the very near future.



BRIGADIER GENERAL HARRISON G. OTIS.

American interests in the Philippines are in good hands. Trust to Dewey on the sea and Major General Otis on the land to do their work well and thoroughly. The preposterous barefoot fighters of the Philippines must go down before the invincible American sailors and soldiers, whose armed opposition they have unwarrantably provoked.

The character of the natives does not, of course, commend itself highly to the respect of enlightened American or European peoples; yet they are not without their virtues, and under firm and just rule, with their natural rights guaranteed to them, they can be made capable of much good. But they certainly have not that capacity for self government which would warrant turning over the country to their civil and military control. They are not, as I have already said, united in their desire for autonomy and native self government, and if Aguinaldo and his fellows could be turned loose to manage the country and its government they would fail.

The different tribes of the archipelago would quarrel among themselves, and the whole experiment would end in more or less picturesque throat cutting. The value of the islands as American possessions is, I think, beyond dispute, because of their extent, their rich natural resources, as yet only partially developed, and their favorable geographical position in the Pacific, on the direct track from America to the orient.

The openings afforded in the Philippines for the employment of American capital are neither few nor unimportant, but, in order that success may follow, they must be investigated with thoroughness and intelligence, and seized upon only after right conditions have been ascertained to exist; otherwise serious mistakes are liable to occur there, as elsewhere under like conditions. What I mean is that Americans of enterprise and capital should not be precipitate in planting themselves in our new possessions. "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

As to settlement by average American farmers, laborers, artisans and home builders, my judgment is that our people should go slow. Without careful previous investigation they might make serious mistakes and possibly regret their change of home and habitat. When it comes to considering the question of making a living and acquiring profit in that country through the labor of the hands, it must be borne in mind that the climate is a formidable obstacle to complete success, not that it is, in fact, an unhealthy climate—I speak of the northern island of Luzon, which is a healthy region as a whole—but the heat throughout eight or nine months of the year is so intense as to prevent American or European laborers from averaging more than three or four hours a day in out of door manual employments.

The resources of the country, if developed through American enterprise, energy and capital, must be developed largely by the use of native labor under American management. The methods, industrial, social and political, of a century cannot be changed in a day nor in a year, nor even in a decade. The attempt to supplant native labor cannot be accomplished without injustice, disturbance and possible revolution. Besides, the native laborers of the country have the natural and indefeasible right to perform its labor so far as they are willing, qualified and able.

Under American administration of the island numbers of our citizens can find advantageous openings as capitalists, owners, directors, managers, assistant managers, foremen, subforemen, bookkeepers, clerks and agents and other places of responsibility more or less important. But none of these classes should depend upon the country without having first laid the groundwork for success. Neither the skilled nor unskilled labor of that country can compete with ours, and it is not worth nearly as much per man, but there are countless numbers of these Filipino laborers, and they can do the work when properly directed. Not being able to accomplish as much as an equal number of American laborers would accomplish, they, of course, do not and should not command such high wages. Besides, they can live on less and are content with less.

The government of the Philippines will not be an easy problem, but nevertheless it is a problem which American genius, justice and determination can solve. The government for the islands should be strong, firm, simple and as absolutely just as it is possible for human government to be. Our government should not undertake to overrun the islands with a horde of civil officeholders and their hangers on. It is, in the first place, not necessary and, in the next place, would surely result in corruption, extravagance, injustice and opposition.

A government largely military, at least for the immediate future, is the one best adapted to the country. There are many minor civil offices which might be advantageously filled by intelligent native Filipinos, some of whom have had experience and have been put to the test under the former Spanish regime.

I would go as far in that direction as safety might sanction, but I would keep the real government of the country in the control of the United States, in the hands of its army and navy, with but one flag, and that the stars and stripes. I believe this course would produce the best results for that country and for this.

A vast American trade with the orient is one of the commercial certainties of the early years of the dawning century. We will yet load untold ships with American products to be sold at good prices to the teeming millions of China and the far east and make uncounted millions of profit out of the traffic, and we need the Philippines as a three-quarter-of-the-way station in the Pacific.—New York World.

Longest Spite Fence on Record.

A spite fence 12 feet high and 250 feet long has been built by Herman Krone at Hillsdale, N. J., to divide his property from that of his neighbor, Theodore Schulke. Mr. Schulke conducts a summer boarding house. The families had a disagreement over a house on the Schulke place. The fence runs from the sidewalk line to the rear of Mr. Krone's lot and leaves the Schulke household but one view—to the west. Mr. Schulke hopes to obtain satisfaction in the courts. He has had his land surveyed and found that the posts of Mr. Krone's fence trespass three inches upon the Schulke property.

Coffin and Body Petrified.

When D. S. Hubbard of Bay Shore, L. I., disinterred the body of the first wife of the late William Smith of East Islip for removal, in Oakwood cemetery, the other day, he found that the coffin and body were petrified. The woman was buried more than ten years ago, yet Mr. Hubbard said the features looked as natural as they did at the time of death. It is said that even the shroud gave no evidence of decay. The coffin and body were so heavy that it required several men to lift them.—New York Sun.

Of Heroic Mold.

George Dewey has lived a year in Manila harbor without a complaint or a suggestion that he would like to come home to be idolized. Truly he is of heroic mold.—Providence Journal.

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottles free at M. K. Swartz's drug store. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

Live business men advertise in the DISPATCH. It is read by all and brings results.

FOR SALE!

The advertiser having removed to the Pacific northwest, will sell his property at one-half its actual value consisting of house and two lots on 9th street, block 93, lots 15 and 16. Will sell this property for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

Also his farm on the Gull Lake road for five hundred dollars, $200 cash, balance to suit purchaser. Address Geo. Sheard, 400 4th avenue, Seattle, Wash., or call on Keene & McFadden, Brainerd, Minn.



Gilt Edge Tools and Implements.

give supreme satisfaction—they are TOOLS YOU RESPECT—not made for looks, but for *service!* Ask your local dealer for them

Auger Bits	Cutlery
Chisels	Screw Drivers
Grass Hooks	Shovels & Spades
Hatchets	Wheelbarrows
Lawn Mowers	Scythes
Picks	Wrenches
Mattocks	Scoops
Oilers	and many other articles
Saws (all kinds)	

Do not use poor tools when these superior articles can be bought of up-to-date dealers for little money

FARWELL, OZMUN, KIRK & CO. ST. PAUL.

FOREST —and— PRAIRIE FIRE NOTICE.

OFFICE OF STATE FOREST COMMISSIONER.

St. Paul, Minn., March 28, 1899.

Chapter 196 of the General Laws of the State of Minnesota for 1895, (Act of April 18th) constitutes Supervisors of towns Mayors of cities and Presidents of village councils Fire Wardens, and it is made their duty to take precautions to prevent forest and prairie fires, and if they occur, to go and extinguish or control them; and in emergencies to call upon any able-bodied male person, over eighteen years of age, to assist. Fire Wardens must promptly report such fires to the Chief Fire Warden. The Forest Commissioner is required to provide and sign an abstract (as herewith) of the penalties under said law, and it is made the duty of the County Commissioners of each county to cause said abstract to be published in at least three issues of the official paper in their respective counties each year, between the 15th of April and 1st of November, and they are hereby instructed to publish this notice entire. Under said law.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $500 or imprisonment in the state prison not over ten years, or both:

Any person who maliciously sets or causes to be set on fire any woods, prairie or other combustible material whereby the property of another is destroyed and life is sacrificed.

The following are liable to a penalty not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not exceeding three months:

Any person refusing, without cause to assist fire wardens in extinguishing forest or prairie fires.

Any fire warden who neglects to perform his duty.

Any person who wilfully, negligently or carelessly sets on fire, or causes to be set on fire, any woods, prairies or other combustible material, thereby causing injury to another.

Any person who shall kindle a fire, on or dangerously near to forest or prairie land and leave it unquenched, or who shall be a party thereto.

Any person who shall use other than incombustible fire wads for firearms or carry a naked torch, firebrand or other exposed light in or dangerously near to forest land.

Any person who shall wilfully or heedlessly deface, destroy or remove this or any other warning placard posted under the requirements of the above mentioned Act.

Any railroad company wilfully neglecting to provide efficient spark arresters on its engines; or to keep its right of way to the width of 100 feet cleared of combustible material; or which shall fail to comply with other provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

The following are liable to a penalty of not less than $5 nor more than $50:

Any railroad employe who wilfully violates the provisions of section 12 of the above mentioned Act.

Any owner of threshing or other portable steam engine who neglects to have efficient spark arresters, or who shall deposit live coals or ashes without extinguishing the same.

R. C. DUNN, (State Auditor),
C. C. ANDREWS, Forest Commissioner.
Chief Fire Warden.

Guns and Ammuition. **C. B. WHITE,** Fishing Tackle.

Contractor and Builder.

HARDWARE

Let us furnish Plans and Specifications for your New House. At the same time get Our Prices on

Sash, Doors and Builders' Hardware.

Paints and Oils. **I. U. WHITE, MANAGER.** Fence Wire.

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Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST,

We Carry the finest Stock in the Northwest, and our Goods are always Fresh and up-to-date.

Staple and Fancy Groceries

FLOUR AND FEED.

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE



Up-to-date in every detail.

Ask us to ship you one of our **High Arm Sewing Machines** with **Ball Bearings** and all Modern Improvements. This we will do by express to any station within 500 miles of Chicago. Upon arrival deposit our price, $19.50, and express charges, with the express agent of your town, then

TAKE THE MACHINE HOME AND TRY IT FOR 20 DAYS

If you are perfectly satisfied with the machine, keep it, otherwise return it to the express agent, and he will give you all your money back. If you prefer, we will ship by freight and draw on you through your nearest bank, draft attached to Bill of Lading. When machine comes pay draft, and take machine from station. If you don't like it, return it by freight, and we will refund. We guarantee the machine for ten years. **Remember** you take no risk. It don't cost you one cent unless you take the machine. We have sold over **100,000**, and they are all giving perfect satisfaction. **ITS SPECIAL FEATURES** are Ball Bearing, Light Running, Durable, Easily Operated, Noiseless, Double Positive Feed, Self Threading Shuttle Self-Setting Needle, Tension Liberator, Automatic Spooler, High Arm, Nickle-plated working parts, Steel bearings, Improved steel Attachments, Superior Finish, Highly Polished Bent Woodwork, Oak or Walnut.

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MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Michigan Ave., & Madison St., Chicago.

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Contain all the forms of artistic designs that modern ingenuity can suggest.

Commanding the admiration of the world's most eminent musicians.

Selling at one profit, and on time payments if desired.



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H & E

Have Opened ... NEW ... and Elegant

Sample Rooms

In the Sleeper Block, Front Street ....

Everything New!
Everything of the Best!
Choice Wines and Liquors,
Fine Imported and Domestic Cigars.

Our Friends and the Public Generally are Invited to Call and see us At Our New Place.

"H. & E."

The Best Cough Remedy on Earth. Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cts.

For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO

Ready For Business.

JAS. WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

HIGH-GRADE HAWTHORNE $22.50 NET.



SPECIFICATIONS. Name—Hawthorne. **Cranks**—6¾ inch (diamond shape). **Chain**—3-16 inch best hardened centers and rivets (Indianapolis B best quality), straw center and blued sides. **Frame**—Regular 24-inch, option 22 or 26 inches. **Finish**—Dark myrtle green, neatly hand striped. **Gear**—Regular 72, option 78; 10 tooth rear and 26 front sprockets are used on 72 gear, 10 and 28 on 78. **Handle Bars**—Adjustable. **Pedals**—Bridgeport, rat trap. **Saddle**—Gilliam, padded top. **Spokes**—Tangent, Excelsior Needle Co's best No. 2, 32 front, 36 rear. **Tires**—1¾-inch Morgan & Wright double tube. **Tool Bag**—Containing wrench, oiler, repair outfit and spanner. **Tread**—¾-inch. **Tubing**—Shelby cold drawn seamless. **Wheel Base**—43½ inches. **Wheels**—28 inches. **Weight**—(About) 25 pounds.

15000 Sold in 1898

It's as good as any wheel made. All modern improvements. Guaranteed for one year. If not found as represented, return at our expense both ways, and you can have your money back on demand.

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or any other ladies who wish to work

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working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address

Winoosket Co. [38-y] **Boston, Mass.**
Mfg. Dept.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

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BICYCLES No agents. We sell from catalogue at Wholesale Prices. Ship for examination before sale. Ours at $40 same as agents sell for $75, ours at $35 same as agents for $60, ours at $30 wood-rims, 20 lbs., same as any $45 wheel. Prices $15 to $35.

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, $1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1899 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Five (5) Cents per line for every insertion.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1899.

FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1899.

Ten Pages

OTIS ON PHILIPPINES.

Returned Commander Talks of Situation In the Islands.

THINKS WAR IS SURE TO BE BRIEF.

Filipinos, Rent By Dissensions, Short of Ammunition and Resources and Utterly Ignorant of Warfare, Must Soon Surrender—Value of Islands. Form of Government Discussed.

Brigadier General Harrison Gray Otis, who reached Los Angeles, Cal., from Manila on May 8, is naturally the best authority now in the United States on the situation and prospects in the Philippines. He gives in the following article the results of his observation and experience in the islands:

"The duration of the pending campaign in the Philippines is bound to be brief. It is impossible for the army under Aguinaldo to continue the fight, and there is no hope of military success even if the fight should be continued indefinitely. Neither the embattled Filipinos nor the so called Filipino government have the resources necessary to insure success. They are without adequate arms and ammunition; they are without horse artillery or a navy; they have no sufficient commissariat, but are compelled to live precariously off the country; they have no treasury; they have no efficient organization; they are without commanders of knowledge and capacity for modern warfare, and, finally, they are without cohesion.

There is no solidarity in the patriotism of the population, if patriotism it be. The different island peoples are at outs with each other, and they will never submit to Tagalo rule, to Aguinaldo or any of his associate job seeking statesmen. The Filipino soldiers and mimic warriors are not without pluck, as they have shown in the various actions since the first outbreak took place, but they do not know how to fight and are no match for the valorous and intrepid American volunteers and regulars who have "gone up against" them in the duty of suppressing a rebellion against the authority of the United States and of vindicating the flag of the republic which they wantonly assailed. So that defeat—and complete defeat—must be the portion of the revolutionary government. I look for an unconditional surrender in the very near future.



BRIGADIER GENERAL HARRISON G. OTIS.

American interests in the Philippines are in good hands. Trust to Dewey on the sea and Major General Otis on the land to do their work well and thoroughly. The preposterous barefoot fighters of the Philippines must go down before the invincible American sailors and soldiers, whose armed opposition they have unwarrantably provoked.

The character of the natives does not, of course, commend itself highly to the respect of enlightened American or European peoples; yet they are not without their virtues, and under firm and just rule, with their natural rights guaranteed to them, they can be made capable of much good. But they certainly have not that capacity for self government which would warrant turning over the country to their civil and military control. They are not, as I have already said, united in their desire for autonomy and native self government, and if Aguinaldo and his fellows should be turned loose to manage the country and its government they would fail.

The different tribes of the archipelago would quarrel among themselves, and the whole experiment would end in more or less picturesque throat cutting. The value of the islands as American possessions is, I think, beyond dispute, because of their extent, their rich natural resources, as yet only partially developed, and their favorable geographical position in the Pacific, on the direct track from America to the orient.

The openings afforded in the Philippines for the employment of American capital are neither few nor unimportant, but, in order that success may follow, they must be investigated with thoroughness and intelligence, and seized upon only after right conditions have been ascertained to exist; otherwise serious mistakes are liable to occur there, as elsewhere under like conditions. What I mean is that Americans of enterprise and capital should not be precipitate in planting themselves in our new possessions. "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

As to settlement by average American farmers, laborers, artisans and home builders, my judgment is that our people should go slow. Without careful previous investigation they might make serious mistakes and possibly regret their change of home and habitat. When it comes to considering the question of making a living and acquiring profit in that country through the labor of the hands, it must be borne in mind that the climate is a formidable obstacle to complete success, not that it is, in fact, an unhealthy climate—I speak of the northern island of Luzon, which is a healthy region as a whole—but the heat throughout eight or nine months of the year is so intense as to prevent American or European laborers from averaging more than three or four hours a day in out of door manual employments.

The resources of the country, if developed through American enterprise, energy and capital, must be developed largely by the use of native labor under American management. The methods, industrial, social and political, of a century cannot be changed in a day nor in a year, nor even in a decade. The attempt to supplant native labor cannot be accomplished without injustice, disturbance and possible revolution. Besides, the native laborers of the country have the natural and indefeasible right to perform its labor so far as they are willing, qualified and able.

Under American administration of the island numbers of our citizens can find advantageous openings as capitalists, owners, directors, managers, assistant managers, foremen, subforemen, bookkeepers, clerks and agents and other places of responsibility more or less important. But none of these classes should depend upon the country without having first laid the groundwork for success. Neither the skilled nor unskilled labor of that country can compete with ours, and it is not worth nearly as much per man, but there are countless numbers of these Filipino laborers, and they can do the work when properly directed. Not being able to accomplish as much as an equal number of American laborers would accomplish, they, of course, do not and should not command such high wages. Besides, they can live on less and are content with less.

The government of the Philippines will not be an easy problem, but nevertheless it is a problem which American genius, justice and determination can solve. The government for the islands should be strong, firm, simple and as absolutely just as it is possible for human government to be. Our government should not undertake to overrun the islands with a horde of civil officeholders and their hangers on. It is, in the first place, not necessary and, in the next place, would surely result in corruption, extravagance, injustice and opposition.

A government largely military, at least for the immediate future, is the one best adapted to the country. There are many minor civil offices which might be advantageously filled by intelligent native Filipinos, some of whom have had experience and have been put to the test under the former Spanish regime.

I would go as far in that direction as safety might sanction, but I would keep the real government of the country in the control of the United States, in the hands of its army and navy, with but one flag, and that the stars and stripes. I believe this course would produce the best results for that country and for this.

A vast American trade with the orient is one of the commercial certainties of the early years of the dawning century. We will yet load untold ships with American products to be sold at good prices to the teeming millions of China and the far east and make uncounted millions of profit out of the traffic, and we need the Philippines as a three-quarter-of-the-way station in the Pacific.—New York World.

Longest Spite Fence on Record.

A spite fence 12 feet high and 250 feet long has been built by Herman Krone at Hillsdale, N. J., to divide his property from that of his neighbor, Theodore Schulke. Mr. Schulke conducts a summer boarding house. The families had a disagreement over a house on the Schulke place. The fence runs from the sidewalk line to the rear of Mr. Krone's lot and leaves the Schulke household but one view—to the west. Mr. Schulke hopes to obtain satisfaction in the courts. He has had his land surveyed and found that the posts of Mr. Krone's fence trespass three inches upon the Schulke property.

Coffin and Body Petrified.

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Mme. Emma Calve
M. Jean de Reszke
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M. Lillian Nordica
Mme. Sophia Scalchi
Lilli Lehmann
Camille D'Arville
Emma Albani
Marie Tavary
Lillian Russell
Minnie Hauk
Elsie Lincoln
Emil Liebling
E. Remenyi
Max Alvary
W. C. E. Seeboeck
Whitney Mockridge
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JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

HIGH-GRADE HAWTHORNE $22.50 NET.



SPECIFICATIONS. Name—Hawthorne. Cranks—½ inch (diamond shape). Chain—3-16 inch best hardened centers and rivets (Indianapolis B best quality), straw center and blued sides. Frame—Regular 24-inch, option 22 or 26 inches. Finish—Dark myrtle green, neatly hand striped. Gear—Regular 72, option 70, 10 teeth rear and 28 front sprockets are used on 72 gear, 10 and 28 on 70. Handle Bars—Adjustable. Pedals—Bridgeport, rat trap. Saddle—Gillham, padded top. Spokes—Tangent, Excelsior Needle Co's best No. 2, 32 front, 32 rear. Tires—1¾-inch Morgan & Wright double tube. Tool Bag—Containing wrench, oiler, repair outfit and spanner. Pedal—4½-inch. Tubing—Shelby cold drawn seamless. Wheel Base—57 inches. Wheels—28 inches. Weight—(About) 45 pounds.

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working for us in spare time at home on our clothes. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address

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To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

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BICYCLES We send a We will [illegible] catalogue of [illegible] sale Prices. Offer for examination before [illegible] cash, cure at [illegible] as agents sell for $75, cost at the same as agents [illegible] at $30 wonderful [illegible] to sell wheel. [illegible]

FRICK, THE STEEL KING.

Story of His Career From Clerk to Magnate.

HIS SAGACITY AND FIRMNESS.

These Traits of His Character Have Advanced Him From a Store to the Presidency of the Biggest Industrial Trust—His Part In the Homestead Strike.

As the head of the greatest industrial trust in the world—namely, the new steel combine recently formed at Trenton—Henry Clay Frick becomes a man of universal interest. He would be better satisfied if it were not so, for while Mr. Frick is consumed with ambition to accomplish tremendous results in the commercial and financial world he intensely dislikes having public attention called to him.

Mr. Frick is 50 years old, having been born in 1849 in Fayette county, Pa. His father was a farmer in moderate circumstances who lived in West Overton, Pa. With nothing but a common school education young Frick went to work as a dry goods clerk, but soon gave that up to become a bookkeeper in the distillery owned by his grandfather at Bradford, Pa.

This took young Frick into the very heart of the coke region. Although he was but 21 years of age then, he had developed the habit of accumulating money and saved most of his earnings. He took a great interest in the manufacture of coke, studied the process and made up his mind that he would some day go into the business. At this time, too, he was a close student of the labor situation in the coal and coke regions. A short time after passing his majority Frick and two other young men scraped up money enough between them to buy 300 acres of land and 50 coke ovens. They began to manufacture coke under the firm name of Frick & Co. Frick succeeded so well in the coke business that within four years he increased his ovens from 50 to 100. The coke business kept on booming at a great rate until 3,673 ovens had been built in the region.

Then came the panic of 1873. The price of pig iron declined enormously, the price of coke fell in sympathy, and everybody wanted to get out of the coke business. Not so with Mr. Frick. He invested every dollar that he had or could raise in purchasing the coke properties and ovens which others were so ready to sell at low prices. All through the panic he kept his ovens going. In 1876 he separated from his old partners and took E. M. Ferguson as a new partner. Real success came to this new firm in 1879, when there came an unprecedented demand for coke, and prices went up about $1 to $5 a ton. Under the impetus of this boom Mr. Frick continued to buy coke ovens and coal lands until in 1882 his firm had 3,000 acres of coal land and 1,026 coke ovens. It was in that year that Carnegie Bros. & Co. (limited) became partners in the firm of H. C. Frick & Co.

The success of the firm from 1882 until 1890 was phenomenal, and it is generally acknowledged that it was in the greatest degree due to the energy and push of Mr. Frick himself. In 1890 the corporation owned and controlled 35,000 acres of coal lands, 42 of the 80 coke plants in the region, with an aggregate of 10,046 ovens, three water plants with a pumping capacity of 5,000,000 gallons daily, 35 miles of railroad and 1,200 cars. Eleven thousand men were on the pay rolls of the company then.

On the death of David A. Stewart, in December, 1888, Andrew Carnegie offered Mr. Frick an interest in the firms of Carnegie Bros. & Co. and Carnegie, Phipps & Co., which Mr. Frick accepted and paid for. He was at once made chairman of the directors of Carnegie Bros. & Co. As an opponent of labor unions Mr. Frick earned the everlasting hatred of the Amalgamated association. When he was put at the head of all of the Carnegie steel interests, the Amalgamated association felt that the fight for its life had come, and in June, 1892, came the bloody Homestead riots.

It was a time of great political excitement, and the Republican party managers brought the greatest influence to bear on Mr. Frick to get him to agree to the terms demanded by the men. On that occasion he showed the strongest trait of his character by saying: "If the president of the United States and his entire cabinet and the Republican national committee and Andrew Carnegie in person should come to me and sue for peace, I would not yield one inch in this matter. I shall fight it out if it takes all summer and all winter and every dollar I have in the world."

And he kept his word. He was deaf to all entreaty. The only question he would consider was how to defeat the strikers. He thought of nothing else, even after the anarchist, Berkman, had shot him and he was upon a bed from which it was feared he never would rise. The bloody battle of Homestead, when the state troops were called out to protect the Carnegie works and in which so many lives were lost, did not swerve Mr. Frick in his purpose. He fought the strike out and won it.

Mr. Frick and others were indicted for manslaughter as a result of the Homestead riots, but the indictments were afterward dismissed on the motion of the prosecuting officers. Since that time other anarchists have threatened to kill Mr. Frick. It is a fact that he has been nervous on this score. He is always very careful whom he receives, either at his home, his office or his hotel.

Mr. Frick has one of the most beautiful homes in the suburbs of Pittsburg. There he lives with his wife and two children.—New York World.

SCANDIA SHOE = STORE.

NEW DEPARTMENT.

We desire to inform our Customers and the public in general that we have added a fine line of....

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

To our line of Boots and Shoes, and are prepared to verify the statement that for the safe investment of money no other store in the city compares with ours. We do an extensive business at a very small expense, our goods being bought carefully and at the very lowest notch, putting us in a position to offer you goods at.....

A Very Low Price.

You will find after giving us a trial that ours is one of the most reliable places to trade, and we wish to bring this fact to your notice. We intend to keep up our reputation as being the Best and Cheapest Place in the City to Buy

MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S FINE SHOES,

And can convince you in short order that you will favor your pocket book by giving us your order for goods of this kind.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE, OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

We Can Now Fit You Out In

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Or Anything In The SHOE LINE.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

O. S. HENDRICKSON & CO.

East Front Street.

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SCANDIA SHOE - STORE.

NEW DEPARTMENT.

We desire to inform our Customers and the public in general that we have added a fine line of....

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

To our line of Boots and Shoes, and are prepared to verify the statement that for the safe investment of money no other store in the city compares with ours. We do an extensive business at a very small expense, our goods being bought carefully and at the very lowest notch, putting us in a position to offer you goods at.....

A Very Low Price.

You will find after giving us a trial that ours is one of the most reliable places to trade, and we wish to bring this fact to your notice. We intend to keep up our reputation as being the Best and Cheapest Place in the City to Buy

MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S FINE SHOES,

And can convince you in short order that you will favor your pocket book by giving us your order for goods of this kind.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE, OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

We Can Now Fit You Out In

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Or Anything In The SHOE LINE.

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O. S. HENDRICKSON & CO.

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I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

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Office in First Nat. Bank Blk.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 1, Bank Block
BRAINERD. - - - - MINN.

W. H. MANTOR,
Attorney at Law,
First National Bank Building,
BRAINERD, MINN.
(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

CLIFTON A. ALLBRIGHT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 16, First National Bank Block,
BRAINERD, - - - MINNESOTA.

T. C. BLEWITT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Room 17,
First Nat. Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINNESOTA.

J. H. WARNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartley Block.
Brainerd. - Minn.

W. H. CROWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Land Office Practice and Collections a specialty.
Hartley Block, Sixth St., BRAINERD, MINN.

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CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2 Sleeper Block,
BRAINERD..... MINN

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15c. A copy of our handsome map, 48x38 inches, printed in four colors and mounted on a roller, will be sent to any address on receipt of 15 cents in coin, postal or express money order. We cannot well use postage stamps. GEO. P. LYMAN, General Passenger Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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PACIFIC BANK!
Cor. Front and 7th Streets.
C. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.
County, School and City Orders Bought.
☞Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
Of Brainerd, Minn.
A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - $50,000
Surplus, - - - - $30,000
☞Business accounts invited

Brainerd & Northern
MINNESOTA RY.
TIME CARD.
Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH. P. M.		GOING SOUTH. A. M.
2:10	lv-Brainerd-ar	11:50
2:45	lv-Hubert-ar	11:10
3:32	lv-Pine River-ar	10:21
3:53	lv-Backus-ar	9:58
4:25	lv-Longprop-ar	9:20
5:10	ar-Walker-lv	8:55
6:21	lv-Nary-ar	7:35
7:00	ar-Bemidji-lv	7:00

O. O WINTERS, Supt.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
For Sale By McFADDEN DRUG CO



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of **ERB'S** handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.
W. H. ERB.

Burlington Route.
FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM
St. Paul
AND
Minneapolis
TO
ST. LOUIS
And All
Southern Cities.
Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BATTLE.

The Following Descriptive Letter Just Received by G. W. Gallagher from His Son George.

On the battlefield near Caloocan.
March 28th, 1899.

DEAR FATHER:—I will try and write you a letter as I may not have another chance for sometime. We left the city a little over a week ago and have been in a position on the road leading to the water works. I suppose you have read an account of our advance on the 25th of March. I will tell you about our connection with it. We did not know we were going to advance until the evening of the 24th. Then we were told to roll up our blankets and take our rations for two days which consisted of hard tack and canned beef. On the night of the 24th, I went on outpost duty, at two o'clock in the morning I was relieved. I joined the batallion on the road, and then marched for about three miles, which was the extreme right of the line. Here we were issued about one hundred more rounds of ammunition, which made about two hundred rounds in all. We had now come to another road, and our battallion deployed into a line of skirmishers. My company was in the very extreme right. Then F, B and A near us. I suppose the other two batallions were on our left. We laid down in the middle of the road till day light and then began to advance. The ground over which we marched was very hard, a series of hills, ridges and gulleys, lined with thick bushes. The firing began on the left at Company B. They started in with three volleys. We advanced about fifty yards before our company fired, and then started in. The insurgents lines were directly in front of our company on a hill. There they were finely entrenched. Now the fun began. Our company advanced by rushes. It was one continual sweep. I do not believe any thing could stand before the bullets. I never saw or heard anything that could compare with it, and I have been in two other battles. It was wonderful that half the company were not killed or wounded. The fire of the insurgents was something terrible. The ground was being constantly torn up all around us. As the bullets flew past, you would think that about a thousand bees were buzzing around your ears. It was on the first hill where our company met its most serious losses. Here Porter was shot through the thigh. After we took the first hill we still kept on charging. There was a hill to the front and one to the right. Our company swung to the right. It was on this hill the hardest fighting took place. We were exposed to a terrific cross fire. I tell you the lead did pour in. It was at this hill on the right, where Porter was hit, McInnis was wounded and Grimes got his awful wound. Grimes received an ugly wound in the neck, the ball passing out of his mouth. These were all in my company. McInnis escaped death in a remarkable manner. He had a cartridge box in his blue shirt. The bullet struck the box, glanced off, and hit his hand. He is very liable to lose two fingers. If it had not been for the box, he would be a dead man by this time. One of our boys had his trigger shot off his gun, another was hit in the heel of his shoe, while another bullet clipped off the strap of one of the boy's haversacks. You see the boys had some narrow escapes. The insurgents kept a steady fire on us for two hours and twenty minutes. During that time our men shot all the way from seventy-five to one hundred and seventy-five rounds. I had to stop once and let my gun cool off, and today my shoulder is black and blue from the recoil of my rifle. The hospital service was very poor that day. I understand that the wounded boys had to lay out in the field for hours before they started to bring them in. We stayed over on that hill through the afternoon. We suffered greatly from lack of water, and when we ran across a dirty ditch, I tell you the water tasted good. That night the insurgents fired at us again, and we had to form another line and go after them, but they went so fast that we could not catch them. The next day we marched back to camp, tired out and hungry, as we threw most of our provisions away in the fight. We had not eaten anything for twenty-four hours while the heat and the rays of the sun were something awful. I read a speech by Hale of Maine in one of the papers, where he said the soldiers were fighting with natives armed with bows and arrows and that we were slaughtering them like sheep. I wish he was on one of these battlefields in front of the natives and he would find out the difference between showers of Mauser bullets and a bow and arrow. There is going to be some awful hard fighting before these natives are whipped. But I must say good-by as we have orders to move. Give my love to all.

Your loving son,
G. A. GALLAGHER.

SOME USEFUL HINTS.

Sometimes These Will Prove Very Convenient To Residents of Brainerd.

Did it ever strike the reader that when mankind takes sick, if all the stories we hear about the miraculous cures performed by medical preparations are true, how they could possibly help being cured, and who for the same reason they should die? Did it ever strike the reader that some of the commonest ailments which afflict mankind, and a very small beginning, and had the trouble been checked in time an immense amount of suffering and a vast amount of money would have been spared the victim? You cannot spin a long yarn about kidney complaint or backache resulting from it, so that if the reader is dissatisfied with the short and terse experience related by Mr. A. E. Losey, of the firm of Losey & Dean, undertakers and embalmers, Front street, he should be pleased with what brought about much coveted results. He says: "It was necessary for me to employ some medicine for my kidneys." This is exactly the case of hundreds of citizens of Brainerd. They are warned; they will neglect the warning; complicated difficulities follow; they begin to realize their danger and anxiously look for some agent to relieve them. After trying half a dozen remedies and probably consulting a physician, they find their physical condition far from improved; in fact, it is oftener the opposite. Now, when an unfailing remedy like that which Mr. Losey tested and proved to be up to its representations, is offered Brainerd people, would it not be the height of folly to ignore such valuable information? Here is the proof of it. Continuing Mr. Losey says: "I procured one box, used it, and I believe they helped me. I take pleasure in recommending them for backache, etc.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

The unsurpassed quality of our Photographs give testimony to the satisfaction of discriminating patrons. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

The Plano Binder.

Beck & Remmels sell the Plano Binder, one of the best manufactured, having less machinery than any other to get out of order, easy running, and a first-class machine. Farmers are invited to call and look it over before placing their orders for any other make.

Will Trade Farm for City Property.

Will trade an improved farm of 83 acres in Benton county, near Sauk Rapids, for improved Brainerd property. Enquire of
H. F. ATKINSON,
Laurel St., next to Con. O'Brien's grocery store.

Such exquisite creations for fastidious customers are brought out by the use of old ivory Scotch gray morretto, Allesso, Rembrandt, and ivy green mounts, at Marie A. Canan's, over post-office.

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—Monarch over pain.

House And Lot For Sale
House and two lots on Fifth street south for sale. Will sell Cheap for Cash. For particulars enquire of
W. H. ERB.

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.
Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd
We have CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Complete Stock of Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Building Material.
SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

S. & J. W. KOOP,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Groceries, Provisions, Flour and Feed.
Brick Manufacturer.
Railroad Ties Bought For Cash.
Goods Promptly Delivered to all Parts of the City.

NORTHERN PACIFIC — YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE
To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH
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Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD-BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:05 p. m.	12:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:30 a. m.	3:40 a. m.
No. 12—Duluth Mail	11:50 a. m.	12:10 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:00 p. m.	1:20 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	11:59 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
No. 15—Duluth Mail	11:50 p. m.	12:01 a. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:15 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

CLEAN UP!
Have your carpets cleaned with carpetteen. With this process your carpets are thoroughly renovated from all grease, dust, dirt or stains, and the color restored as bright as when new. This is done without removing the carpet from the floor. Also do paper hanging and painting. Leave orders at corner of Seventh and Holly Streets. A. E. MILLER.

SEE THE
BRAINERD LUMBER CO.
FOR
Low Prices on Lumber.

BINDER TWINE
Our famous BLUE LABEL BRAND. It's the best in the world. Prices will surprise you. We deliver from Chicago, Omaha or St. Paul, as desired. Write for prices and samples.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., CHICAGO



Lots...
For Sale in
New Towns
On the Fosston Extension of the Great Northern Railway....
Apply to Agents on the Ground, or
A. A. WHITE,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

COME TO US



FOR YOUR MEATS
We have meats of all kinds, and keep only the best and freshest on the market. Our prices are reasonable. Come in and see us.
PEABODY & BAKER,
Sixth Street South.

WHERE'S the LEAK?

I can find it and stop the damage. What I'll charge for the work will be economy, not expense. Don't be afraid I'll refuse a small job, and don't be afraid I can't do a good one.

F. J. MURPHY,
First National Bank Block.

Professional Cards.

DR. S. C. REIMSTAD,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
Office in Hartley Block, Front St.
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DRS. CAMP & THABES,
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(Does not practice in Municipal Court)

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Hartley Block.
Brainerd. - Minn.

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Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.
P. M.		A. M.
2:10	lv-Brainerd-ar	11:50
2:45	lv-Hubert-ar	11:10
3:32	lv-Pine River-ar	10:21
3:58	lv-Backus-ar	9:55
4 26	lv-Motthrop-ar	9:20
5:10	ar-Walker-lv	8:55
6:21	lv-Nary-ar	7:35
7:00	ar-Bemidji-lv	7:00

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To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.
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"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of ERB'S handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.
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FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM
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TO
ST. LOUIS
And All
Southern Cities.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BATTLE.

The Following Descriptive Letter Just Received by G. W. Gallagher from His Son George.

On the battlefield near Caloocan.
March 28th, 1899.

DEAR FATHER:—I will try and write you a letter as I may not have another chance for sometime. We left the city a little over a week ago and have been in a position on the road leading to the water works. I suppose you have read an account of our advance on the 25th of March. I will tell you about our connection with it. We did not know we were going to advance until the evening of the 24th. Then we were told to roll up our blankets and take our rations for two days which consisted of hard tack and canned beef. On the night of the 24th, I went on outpost duty, at two o'clock in the morning I was relieved. I joined the batallion on the road, and then marched for about three miles, which was the extreme right of the line. Here we were issued about one hundred more rounds of ammunition, which made about two hundred rounds in all. We had now come to another road, and our battallion deployed into a line of skirmishers. My company was in the very extreme right. Then F, B and A near us. I suppose the other two batallions were on our left. We laid down in the middle of the road till day light and then began to advance. The ground over which we marched was very hard, a series of hills, ridges and gulleys, lined with thick bushes. The firing began on the left at Company B. They started in with three volleys. We advanced about fifty yards before our company fired, and then started in. The insurgents lines were directly in front of our company on a hill. There they were finely entrenched. Now the fun began. Our company advanced by rushes. It was one continual sweep. I do not believe any thing could stand before the bullets. I never saw or heard anything that could compare with it, and I have been in two other battles. It was wonderful that half the company were not killed or wounded. The fire of the insurgents was something terrible. The ground was being constantly torn up all around us. As the bullets flew past, you would think that about a thousand bees were buzzing around your ears. It was on the first hill where our company met its most serious losses. Here Porter was shot through the thigh. After we took the first hill we still kept on charging. There was a hill to the front and one to the right. Our company swung to the right. It was on this hill the hardest fighting took place. We were exposed to a terrific cross fire. I tell you the lead did pour in. It was at this hill on the right, where Porter was hit, McInnis was wounded and Grimes got his awful wound. Grimes received an ugly wound in the neck, the ball passing out of his mouth. These were all in my company. McInnis escaped death in a remarkable manner. He had a cartridge box in his blue shirt. The bullet struck the box, glanced off, and hit his hand. He is very liable to lose two fingers. If it had not been for the box, he would be a dead man by this time. One of our boys had his trigger shot off his gun, another was hit in the heel of his shoe, while another bullet clipped off the strap of one of the boy's haversacks. You see the boys had some narrow escapes. The insurgents kept a steady fire on us for two hours and twenty minutes. During that time our men shot all the way from seventy-five to one hundred and seventy-five rounds. I had to stop once and let my gun cool off, and today my shoulder is black and blue from the recoil of my rifle. The hospital service was very poor that day. I understand that the wounded boys had to lay out in the field for hours before they started to bring them in. We stayed over on that hill through the afternoon. We suffered greatly from lack of water, and when we ran across a dirty ditch, I tell you the water tasted good. That night the insurgents fired at us again, and we had to form another line and go after them, but they went so fast that we could not catch them. The next day we marched back to camp, tired out and hungry, as we threw most of our provisions away in the fight. We had not eaten anything for twenty-four hours while the heat and the rays of the sun were something awful. I read a speech by Hale of Maine in one of the papers, where he said the soldiers were fighting with natives armed with bows and arrows and that we were slaughtering them like sheep. I wish he was on one of these battlefields in front of the natives and he would find out the difference between showers of Mauser bullets and a bow and arrow. There is going to be some awful hard fighting before these natives are whipped. But I must say good-by as we have orders to move. Give my love to all.

Your loving son,
G. A. GALLAGHER.

SOME USEFUL HINTS.

Sometimes These Will Prove Very Convenient To Residents of Brainerd.

Did it ever strike the reader that when mankind takes sick, if all the stories we hear about the miraculous cures performed by medical preparations are true, how they could possibly help being cured, and who for the same reason they should die? Did it ever strike the reader that some of the commonest ailments which afflict mankind, and a very small beginning, and had the trouble been checked in time an immense amount of suffering and a vast amount of money wonld have been spared the victim? You cannot spin a long yarn about kidney complaint or backache resulting from it, so that if the reader is dissatisfied with the short and terse experience related by Mr. A. E. Losey, of the firm of Losey & Dean, undertakers and embalmers, Front street, he should be pleased with what brought about much coveted results. He says: "It was necessary for me to employ some medicine for my kidneys." This is exactly the case of hundreds of citizens of Brainerd. They are warned; they will neglect the warning; complicated difficulities follow; they begin to realize their danger and anxiously look for some agent to relieve them. After trying half a dozen remedies and probably consulting a physician, they find their physical condition far from improved; in fact, it is oftener the opposite. Now, when an unfailing remedy like that which Mr. Losey tested and proved to be up to its representations, is offered Brainerd people, would it not be the height of folly to ignore such valuable information? Here is the proof of it. Continuing Mr. Losey says: "I procured one box, used it, and I believe they helped me. I take pleasure in recommending them for backache, etc.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute. For sale by the McFadden Drug Co., and Johnson's Pharmacy.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Miller's Gloveine, for sale only by H. I. Cohen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves, all the latest shades in lace and clasp.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder. at Dr. Ribbel's.

Farmers, if you are indebted to the DISPATCH on subscription and have wood for sale you can settle the account by making an exchange.

The unsurpassed quality of our Photographs give testimony to the satisfaction of discriminating patrons. Marie A. Canan, over the post-office.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

The Piano Binder.

Beck & Remmels sell the Piano Binder, one of the best manufactured, having less machinery than any other to get out of order, easy running, and a first-class machine. Farmers are invited to call and look it over before placing their orders for any other make.

Will Trade Farm for City Property.

Will trade an improved farm of 83 acres in Benton county, near Sauk Rapids, for improved Brainerd property. Enquire of
H. F. ATKINSON,
Laurel St., next to Con. O'Brien's grocery store.

Such exquisite creations for fastidious customers are brought out by the use of old ivory Scotch gray morretto, Allesso, Rembrandt, and ivy green mounts, at Marie A. Canan's, over post-office.

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—Monarch over pain.

House and Lot For Sale

House and two lots on Fifth street south for sale. Will sell Cheap for Cash. For particulars enquire of
W. H. ERB.

BRAINERD LUMBER CO.,
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Mills & Yards at Rice Lake, E. Brainerd
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SHORT LUMBER OF ALL GRADES, and LOW GRADE OF DIMENSION AND BOARDS at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

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Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.
TIME CARD-BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	12:05 p. m.	12:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:30 a. m.	3:40 a. m.
No. 12—Duluth Mail	11:50 a. m.	12:10 p. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	9:15 a. m.	10:15 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:55 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND.		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:00 p. m.	1:20 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	11:59 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
No. 13—Duluth Mail	11:50 p. m.	12:01 a. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:20 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.

L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Center & Brainerd	5:15 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

CLEAN UP!
Have your carpets cleaned with carpetteen. With this process your carpets are thoroughly renovated from all grease, dust, dirt or stains, and the color restored as bright as when new. This is done without removing the carpet from the floor. Also do paper hanging and painting. Leave orders at corner of Seventh and Holly Streets. A. E. MILLER.

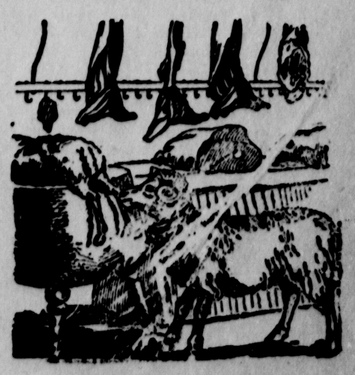
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FOR YOUR MEATS
We have meats of all kinds, and keep only the best and freshest on the market. Our prices are reasonable. Come in and see us.
PEABODY & BAKER.
Sixth Street South.

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER IV. (Continued.)

But his last words were mercifully unheard. Florence had fallen in a dead swoon at his feet. He looked at her a moment, then crossed the room, and violently rang the bell. Marie was not long in appearing, her eyes swollen and red with weeping.

"Attend to your mistress. She is ill," he ordered, curtly.

Then, without vouchsafing a second glance to that prostrate figure, he lifted the portiere and passed into his own rooms.

CHAPTER V.

Florence was too weak, too stunned, to resist, when, having recovered consciousness, Marie held a sleeping draught to her lips. Had the cup contained a deadly poison, she would still —unhesitatingly, perhaps with greater alacrity—have swallowed its contents. As it was, it was nearly noon when she lifted her heavy lids and looked wonderingly about the darkened room, endeavoring to recall the events of the previous night. All too soon, too readily, they shaped themselves before her mental vision, and the dull pain at her heart sharpened into keen and exquisite agony.

"Marie!" she called, softly, and instantly the faithful girl stood beside her.

"Madame?" she answered.

"Help me to dress, Marie. I have slept too long. It must be late, and I must see monsieur before he leaves his rooms."

"Monsieur has already gone out, madame. He called very early this morning for his coffee, and Jean packed a valise for him, so I thought he might be going on some journey. He left a note, however, for madame. Are you strong enough to read it?"

"Yes, yes!" Florence answered, impatiently.

Marie drew the letter from the pocket of her dress; then crossed the room to open the blind and let in sufficient light by which it might be read.

But even in that momentary delay, Florence had found time to speculate upon its contents. Her husband had repented of his cruelty. His nobler, better nature had reasserted itself. He had resolved, if, indeed, it were true, that the marriage was not legal, to make it so; and he would not meet her until he had taken some step to atone for the terrible injustice and wrong he had inflicted upon her innocence and confiding faith.

Thus she reasoned as, with trembling fingers, she broke the seal—his seal—his crest—a serpent charming a bird—a strange and appropriate device!

But if her hand strembled as she opened and unfolded the sheet, the bold characters upon it showed no sigh of such feminine weakness. They were clearly impressed. She needed little light to see and decipher them.

"I fear, dear Florence," said the letter, "from our interview last evening, and the scene which preceded it, that you are inclined to be unreasonable; and of a woman's unreasonableness I have all a man's horror. Therefore, I have determined to spend a few days out of town. I am extremely sorry that you should view matters as you do. If you persist in thus regarding them, it were better, I think, that we should not, for the present, meet; but if, on the contrary, you will cease to be a child and become a sensible woman, a note addressed to my club will always find me. No amount of rebellion will do away with facts; therefore, my dear Florence, why not accept them? Of course, your account at your banker's stands as it always has done. Draw on it without reserve. A tol! —Louis."

Swiftly her eyes glanced over the heartless, cruel words. Would they kill her love? Not yet. It still hungered, still burning; for to kill it was to take from her all that was best.

She crushed the paper in her fingers, and the small, white teeth were firmly locked together.

At that instant Marie appeared with a small packet, which she laid upon the bed.

"For madam," she said.

Nerved to control, Florence took and opened it. A velvet case was beneath the wrappings, and within a bracelet, set in precious stones of great value and of exquisite workmanship, to which her husband's card was attached.

Her eyes blazed with the diamonds' own fire as she realized that thus he would tempt her to shame. The last remnant of softness died.

"Give this back to the messenger, Marie," she ordered. "Say to him that it is a mistake, which, later, Monsieur Gervase will explain. Then return quickly; I must dress.' "

Silently and swiftly the girl obeyed, repressing the exclamation which half-rose to her lips.

Shaking off the faintness which oppressed her, Florence rose and dressed.

Scarcely was her toilet completed than the clock struck 1, and five minutes later Harry Arkwright's card was handed her.

She remembered that she had not even thanked him for his protection when she had so sadly needed it. She could do so now, as though she were thanking him for someone else, not herself.

Her eyes were dry and tearless; her cheeks pale, with the crimson spot staining them. But, as with the air and bearing of a queen, she entered the drawing room, the man standing there to receive her, his very heart throbbing in generous sympathy, suddenly felt his usual ease desert him, and a strange sense of embarrassment take its place.

He was prepared to meet a wronged and injured and unhappy girl; but the woman who held out to him one little hand froze words of sympathy upon his very lips.

"It was kind of you to come," she said.

And the low music of her voice broke the spell which bound him.

Once more he was back to the old parsonage parlor; once more he saw the girl sitting there, in her simple, white dress, which, in his young chivalry, he had told himself was as white and stainless as her soul.

He could never tell her how, through the long years, that evenin g had been his lodestar ambition; how he had gone out into the night with his friend, silent and dreaming; and how, as time went on, he realized that in those few short hours his heart had departed forever from his keeping.

The death of his father had called him home almost immediately after that meeting, and for nearly two years he had been compelled to remain there and attend to his duties as the sole executor of a large estate.

Then he returned to England with one hope, one dream, one ambition—to woo and win Florence Vane for his wife. He returned to find the most cruel of all awakenings, for the woman he loved was already the wife of another, more beautiful, more radiant than even his memory had pictured her, but lost to him forever.

For three months he had been in Paris. Sometimes she had passed him in her carriage on the Bois, giving to him the careless, unrecognizing glance she gave to all the rest of the unknown crowd. Sometimes he had been able, at the opera or theater, to fix his glasses upon her. He had seen the fond pride with which she had turned to her husband whenever she addressed him, and in her happiness he had found the only consolation he could claim.

But last night he knew that this castle had been built, too, upon the sands. He would have been content to have buried his own dreams in its ruins, but, lo! body and soul, it crushed her in its fall!

"Kind of me?" he echoed, holding warm and tight in both his hands the little, icy fingers. "Let me but serve you, and it is you who will show me the kindness, and make me always your debtor."

"You are very good; but no one can serve me, I think. And yet, tell me, can a man go through a marriage ceremony with a girl who firmly believes he is making her his wife, and then deny her claim? Is it possible a wrong so great, so cruel, could be perpetrated?"

"I fear it is. But tell me the circumstances of your marriage. He would hardly dare, I think, shield himself from the consequences of such an action behind so glaring a fraud."

"Ah, he would say I, too, were a party to it, and consented, for purposes of my own. He is very wealthy, and his position so assured that I could not assail it. I signed my name to some paper. I did not know what it contained at the time. I was numbed with excitement and fear. I obeyed him blindly. We had crossed the channel from London, and were married in Paris, in the early morning. He told me afterward that I had sworn in that paper that I was an orphan, and had lived six months in France. Of course, such an oath might make it all invalid. His influence made the paper good. Whether he bribed I did not know; but all France—all Paris, shall right me yet. Merciful Heaven! What am I?"

She clasped her hands above her head in agonizing appeal. For a moment the man was tempted to reply:

"You are the woman whom I love. If you are nameless, let me give you my name. If you are homeless, I have my home."

But he could not speak such words. She must be righted if it were within the power of the law to right her. No selfish hopes or desires must influence him. Besides, what was he to her? A very stock of stone, a plank to be laid across a bridgeless stream—nothing more.

'If Dalrymple were here, he might help us," he said, thoughtfully. "His family would give him no aid, but his name itself would carry weight, inasmuch as he succeeds to the title when his brother dies, and Lord Montfort's life hangs on a thread. He has had an affection of the heart for many years."

An expression of wondering surprise was upon Florence's face.

"What can you be talking of?" she questioned, slowly. "What possible interest can anyone by the name of Dalrymple take in my affairs? Why should he interest himself in me?"

"Is it possible you do not know?" he said.

"Know what?" she answered.

"That Herbert Dalrymple was married six month ago to your sister Dorothy."

"Dorothy?" she echoed. "My little sister married, and I not even conscious of it—I in ignorance even of her husband's name? Oh, they must, indeed, have thought badly of me at home, that they sent me no word! But she is only a child to marry. Yet, I forget. I am no older than she in years, but in all else—in all else—ah, my darling never will grow as old as I am! But tell me of this man whom she has married. I forget myself and all my own misery in thinking of her. He is great and rich, you say? He will one day be one of England's lords?"

"The latter, yes; but he is neither great nor rich now. His mother is a woman of immense pride and arrogance. She was very angry that he wished to marry one whom she termed so far beneath him."

"She told him that never would she give her consent. Not only would she cut off the allowance which he then enjoyed, but thought she could prevent his inheritance of the title, and a small estate all insufficient to maintain it, at his brother's death, she would never, during life nor at her death, allow him a penny of her own large private fortune. In her own right she was one of England's greatest heiresses.

"Herbert showed me the letter in which she uncompromisingly laid this before him, but his purpose never swerved.

" 'I will go out to your country, my boy,' he said, 'where all men are equal. I have a few hundreds of my own a year, and I'm not afraid to work, with Dorothy my incentive. I love her, and I'll marry her, not break her heart and mine, because her father was not born a peer.' And he kept his word—he married her,"

"How long ago was this"

"Six months ago."

"But my father—she left him alone?"

An expression of absolute consternation now was depicted on Henry Arkright's face.

"Your father?" he repeated, slowly.

She saw the trouble her simple words had caused.

"Yes, my father," she repeated. "I wrote once, twice, but he sent me no reply. Tell me of my father?"

"From the time of your flight they say he never lifted his head. If you wrote him, he never received the letters. Three months after you marriage he died!"

One dry sob burst from the agonized woman's white, quivering lips; then, with dry, tearless but burning eyes, she murmured, so low that he could scarcely catch the words: "It needed only this! Truly, my sin has found me out!" and would have fallen to the floor, but that he caught her in his arms.

CHAPTER VI.

All day he and Marie watched beside her So quietly did he adapt himself to the strange post that not even among the little household did it awaken surprise. Doubtless it was some old friend of madame's, and he had brought her news of her father's death.

Florence's condition gave him great uneasiness. She was wholly conscious —but sat staring before her with wide-open eyes into vacancy, neither speaking nor moving. In vain he tried to rouse her.

Toward evening he summoned a physician. The latter instantly administered a powerful anodyne.

"Six hours more of such a strain," he said, "might result in hopeless insanity."

At noon the next day he came again. Harry Arkwright was already at his post.

"She is better?" he asked, anxiously.

"Yes, better; but her mind must be distracted. Where is monsieur?"

"Monsieur Gervase is out of town."

"Ah, yes," assented the physician, "I remember reading in yesterday's journal that he was spending a few days at the country seat of the young Countess d'Aubigny—"

"Hush!" interrupted Arkwright, casting an anxious glance toward the couch; but, if Florence had heard the words, no change betrayed it in the beautiful, rigid features—only a little later, when the physician had departed, she softly called Marie.

"Send everyone away. Marie— I am quiet. I want to sleep, and there must be no one in the house. Send the servant out, and ask Mr. Arkwright to go, too. I will see him later in the day."

When the girl returned from the errand on which she had dispatched her, she found her mistress sitting half up on the lounge.

"I want you to dress me quickly, Marie, and give me my plainest dress. I must go out immediately."

"But, madame, you cannot go," remonstrated Marie, "you are not able. Madame has been and is still very ill."

"It matters not; I must go at once—at once, do you hear? We are losing time, and every moment is precious to me!"

Half an hour later, Florence Gervase, unattended, found herself alone upon the broad avenue where was situated the house she had so long called home. Marie's prayer to accompany her, she had refused. She had in her mind one definite purpose, and it must be accomplished alone.

Beckoning to the driver of an empty carriage, she sprang in and gave directions to be driven to a distant railway station.

Leaning her head back against the cushions and closing her eyes, she paid no further heed until the carriage stopped; then, passing the man the first coin she found in her purse, regardless of his blank look of amazement at its value, she entered the station, to find she must wait there an hour before a train left for the place she wished to make her destination.

Quietly she took her seat in the comfortless waiting room, and seemed to again sink into a sort of lethargy, from which she was roused with a start by the bustle of passengers hurrying from their places in the train.

Mechanically she followed them, many curious glances following the beautiful woman who was so oblivious to all about her.

The first-class carriage which she entered was empty. The guard closed and locked the door, and the train moved off.

Two hours later she stepped out at a little, quiet wayside stopping place. One carriage stood near.

"You know the Countess d'Aubigny's place?" she said.

The man smiled, and answered yes, respectfully touching his hat.

It was not often he drove such a fare to such a destination. Generally the countess' own carriage met her guests. But the season was late now, and the chateau was almost deserted. It was but a whim of the countess to run down here from time to time.

It had grown quite dark when the lodge was reached. She bade the driver stop outside the gates, and entered them on foot. A powdered flunkey, in gorgeous livery, answered her peal at the bell.

"Madame la comtesse, is she at home?" she asked.

The man stared in undisguised amaze at the beautiful woman who came on foot to the chateau of the countess alone and unattended, and yet addressed him with the imperious manner of a princess. He hesitated a moment in uncertainty.

"Madame dines," he said,stammeringly. "Unless important, she would not wish to be disturbed."

But as he spoke Flornece stepped within, where the light more fully streamed upon her.

"You need not announce me to your mistress," she said, imperiously. "Lead the way and I will follow you to the dining hall. If I mistake not, Monsieur Gervase is her guest to-night at dinner?"

"Yes, madame," replied the man, but making no attempt to move in the direction indicated.

She drew herself up to her full hight.

"I am Madame Gervase," she said. "Show me the dining hall!"

No longer he dared refuse to obey. A moment after he threw wide open the folding doors, which led from a marble ante-room filled with plants, and with a fountain of colored waters in its center, into a small but exquisite apartment, where sat, at a round table, ornamented with choicest fruit and flowers, two persons.

They both turned, the man starting to his feet, the woman sitting quiet, with a supercilious smile upon her lips, as the lackey, in clear, ringing tones, announced:

"Madame Gervase!"

One moment Florence stood motionless, surveying the scene which met her view; then she advanced steadily into the room, and paused but a few feet distant from where the countess sat.

Louis Gervase' face grew livid with wrath. He looked from one woman to the other, and half-opened his lips to speak, but could think of no words to utter.

"Madame," began Florence, "my visit to-night is to you, not to my husband—for, deny me though he may, he is my husband, as I hope to prove to you. I did very wrong, perhaps, the other night, when I so publicly asserted my claim. If you were ignorant of it, you should not have suffered for his fault; but if you have ever loved, and suffered from the pangs of jealousy, you can forgive the impulse which prompted my act.

"I have been married, madame, a little over a year. I was not a great lady, like yourself. I brought to my husband neither dowr nor title, save the dower of my love and the title of my purity. I loved him so well that, for his sake, I left father, sister, home.

"Only last night I learned the full measure of my crime. It killed my father. In reality, I murdered him. But I loved this man so well that for his sake I gave up all and followed him. I did not know that he was rich; I never thought of it. He brought me to Paris, and there made me his wife. He swore to kill himself if I would not consent to this step. How could I know he used the threat only as a lever to move my will?

"Well, as I say, we were married. For six months I was happy—supremely, wickedly happy—then the first cloud crept into my sky. Louis' devotion lessened, but always, always, I hoped to win him back.

"That very night I saw you with him at the opera. I had dressed to please his eye, to win his smile. I had heard of his attentions to you. Someone, that evening, sent me an anonymous note, telling me where I might find you together.

"Without fixed plan or purpose other than that, I went to the opera. You know what happened there; but you do not, cannot know, that that same night he returned to his home only to confirm, with fresh cruelty, what he had there told me. He acknowledged that he had cheated and duped me, and he bade me accept my fate.

"Ah, madame, you are young, as I am young—more beautiful than I! You are rich and powerful; I am poor and nameless, since he denies me the right even to his name. You have over him the influence I have lost.

"For the sake of our common womanhood, throw off whatever spell he may have exerted over you, and bid him repair the cruel, wicked wrong he has committed! Look in his eyes and ask him if one word I have uttered is not true.

"I am not of your country nor his. Even my wrongs must ring out in a foreign tongue; but, oh, madame, you will listen—you will heed!"

It had been impossible to stem the torrent of her words; but Adele d'Aubigny, save that the white, jeweled hands were interlocked a little more tightly as they lay in her lap, gave no other sign that they had penetrated beyond her hearing.

She turned now toward the man whom rage had rendered speechless.

"Louis," she said—and Florence's eyes blazed as she caught the intonation which she gave the name—"Louis, I scarcely can ask my servants to show Madame Gervase my doors, if it is true that she possesses any title to that name; but, otherwise, I find this scene only a shade less disagreeable than the one she previously enacted for my benefit. Shall I ring for Jacques or no?"

"Ring!" he answered, curtly; but he fairly hissed the word from between his set teeth.

The countess stretched forth her hand toward a tiny gold bell within her reach.

But Florence made one quick step forward and caught her arm.

For the first time, the eyes of the two beautiful women met, flashing defiance and disdain.

"How dare you summon your hirelings to thrust from your presence the wife, while the husband is your guest?" she said. "I came here to-night to make my appeal to you. Your own heart tells you that each word I have uttered is the simple truth, and yet you dare turn me from your doors, which open to admit him!"and she emphasized the latter word by one glance of burning scorn. "You need not summon your men; I will go. But beware, both of you! To-night you thrust me into the darkness, while you remain in the light. One day the picture will be reversed. I am no longer a helpless girl, but a desperate woman; and you have made me so—you and he. In vain I have appealed to you, to him; I now appeal to Heaven's higher power!"

With a quick movement, Louis Gervase stretched out his hand and rang the bell, from which she had withheld the arm of the countess.

Instantly the lackey who had admitted her appeared.

"Show this person the door, Jacques!" commanded his mistress.

"Remember," said Florence, turning to her husband, "what I am from tonight you have made me!" and so followed the man with imperious mien, as one summoned to audience of royalty.

(To be Continued.)

Advice.

The Sport—So yer dropped some money on the Milwaukee Chicken, did yer?

The Chappie—Well, I saw him box, and I thought he'd win.

The Sport—Well, de nex' time, yer jes' ask somebody dat knows, an' don't try to do any t'inkin'—Puck.

China's Powerful Sword.

There is a dreadful sword in China. It gives to the holder power to cut off the head of anyone he wishes without punishment. All people flee from this sword, as stomach ills flee before the approach of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This famous remedy cures all forms of stomach troubles.

His Speech Impaired.

First Deaf Mute (on his fingers)—Too bad about Walker losing one of his fingers.

Second Deaf Mute (ditto)—Yes; it causes quite an impediment in his speech.—Ohio State Journal.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors

pen.

George Bruhn, Winona, Minn., automatic wagon brake; James J. Gustaf, Lowville, Minn., device for finding dead-centers; Nels Hockerson, Jr., Marine Mills, Minn., pole and neck yoke coupling; William H. Loomis, St. Peter, Minn., sliding door lock; James H. Robinson, Minneapolis, Minn., life-saving guard for street cars.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

She'll Do the Talking.

"John," said Mrs. Bilkins, "I don't believe Tom will ever marry. He is too bashful to ever propose to a woman."

"Oh, I don't know; he may meet a young widow some day," replied her husband.—Ohio State Journal.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

No More "Ordinary" Sleepers.

Some time ago the Pullman Company, as an experimental measure, introduced "Ordinary" sleeping car service on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Between Baltimore and Newark, and Pittsburg and Chicago. The results to the Railroad Company were very gratifying, but subsequently it was ascertained that the Pullman Company was not in position to furnish this class of equipment to all roads operating Pullman cars east of Chicago and St. Louis, and to allay any friction that might result from this inequality of service, the Pullman Company requested the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road to resume the standard cars previously in service, which will be done, commencing April 10th.

Woman's Trustful Love.

Many a wife dusts the billiard chalk from her husband's coat and sheds tears of sympathy because of the late hours he must spend at his desk, close to a whitewashed wall.—Chicago News.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

It's a great misfortune not to have judgment enough to keep silent at the proper time.

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

This is the season for sackcloth and ashes, but when the tennis season begins it will be sack coats and sashes.

The Ideal Laxative.

No more ancient pill poisons and black draughts, but up-to-date, scientific, harmless, palatable, potent, Cascarets Candy Cathartic.

The best way to beat a poor carpet is to buy a new one.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Every man is more or less of a hero to himself.

SALESWOMEN understand what torture is. Constantly on their feet whether well or ill. Compelled to smile and be agreeable to customers while dragged down with some feminine weakness. Backaches and headaches count for little. They must keep going or lose their place.

WOMEN WHO EARN THEIR LIVING

To these Mrs. Pinkham's help is offered. A letter to her at Lynn, Mass., will bring her advice free of all charge.

MISS NANCIE SHOBE, Florence, Col., writes a letter to Mrs. Pinkham from which we quote:

"I had been in poor health for some time, my troubles having been brought on by standing, so my physician said, causing serious womb trouble. I had to give up my work. I was just a bundle of nerves and would have fainting spells at monthly periods. I doctored and took various medicines, but got no relief, and when I wrote to you I could not walk more than four blocks at a time. I followed your advice, taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier in connection with the Vegetable Compound and began to gain in strength from the first. I am getting to be a stranger to pain and I owe it all to your medicine. There is none equal to it, for I have tried many others before using yours. Words cannot be said too strong in praise of it."



MISS POLLY FRAME, Meade, Kan., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to what your medicine has done for me. I cannot praise it enough. Since my girlhood I had been troubled with irregular and painful periods and for nearly five years had suffered with falling of the womb, and whites. Also had ovarian trouble, the left ovary being so swollen and sore that I could not move without pain. Now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, that tired feeling is all gone, and I am healthy and strong."

ALABASTINE

ALABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or twelve beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every schoolhouse should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons are used annually for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, see that packages are properly labeled. Beware of large **four-pound** package light kalsomine, offered to customers as **a five-pound** package.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write for "Alabastine Era," free, to ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Encouragement.

He—'Tis said that the secret of success is constancy of purpose.

She—Yes; if you keep at it long hold of that mustache you are trying enough you may succeed in catching to find.—Chicago News.

STOCK RAISERS

Will find it greatly to their advantage, if before purchasing a farm, they will look at the country along the line of the

Saint Paul & Duluth Railroad.

DAIRY FARMERS

Who desire the best Clover and Timothy land, in a district which can boast of a fine climate, good pure water, rich soil, fine meadows, and near to the markets of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior should apply immediately by leter or in person to

WM. P. TROWBRIDGE,
Asst. Land Commissioner,
St. Paul & Duluth R. R.
Box U—903 Globe Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

As Black as Your Hat **DYE Your Whiskers**

A Natural Black with **Buckingham's Dye.**

50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water.**

Frozen Heart,

A THRILLING LOVE STORY.

BY FRANCES WARNER WALKER.

CHAPTER IV. (Continued.)

But his last words were mercifully unheard. Florence had fallen in a dead swoon at his feet. He looked at her a moment, then crossed the room, and violently rang the bell. Marie was not long in appearing, her eyes swollen and red with weeping.

"Attend to your mistress. She is ill," he ordered, curtly.

Then, without vouchsafing a second glance to that prostrate figure, he lifted the portiere and passed into his own rooms.

CHAPTER V.

Florence was too weak, too stunned, to resist, when, having recovered consciousness, Marie held a sleeping draught to her lips. Had the cup contained a deadly poison, she would still —unhesitatingly, perhaps with greater alacrity—have swallowed its contents. As it was, it was nearly noon when she lifted her heavy lids and looked wonderingly about the darkened room, endeavoring to recall the events of the previous night. All too soon, too readily, they shaped themselves before her mental vision, and the dull pain at her heart sharpened into keen and exquisite agony.

"Marie!" she called, softly, and instantly the faithful girl stood beside her.

"Madame?" she answered.

"Help me to dress, Marie. I have slept too long. It must be late, and I must see monsieur before he leaves his rooms."

"Monsieur has already gone out, madame. He called very early this morning for his coffee, and Jean packed a valise for him, so I thought he might be going on some journey. He left a note, however, for madame. Are you strong enough to read it?"

"Yes, yes!" Florence answered, impatiently.

Marie drew the letter from the pocket of her dress; then crossed the room to open the blind and let in sufficient light by which it might be read.

But even in that momentary delay, Florence had found time to speculate upon its contents. Her husband had repented of his cruelty. His nobler, better nature had reasserted itself. He had resolved, if, indeed, it were true, that the marriage was not legal, to make it so; and he would not meet her until he had taken some step to atone for the terrible injustice and wrong he had inflicted upon her innocence and confiding faith.

Thus she reasoned as, with trembling fingers, she broke the seal—his seal—his crest—a serpent charming a bird—a strange and appropriate device!

But if her hand strembled as she opened and unfolded the sheet, the bold characters upon it showed no sigh of such feminine weakness. They were clearly impressed. She needed little light to see and decipher them.

"I fear, dear Florence," said the letter, "from our interview last evening, and the scene which preceded it, that you are inclined to be unreasonable; and of a woman's unreasonableness I have all a man's horror. Therefore, I have determined to spend a few days out of town. I am extremely sorry that you should view matters as you do. If you persist in thus regarding them, it were better, I think, that we should not, for the present, meet; but if, on the contrary, you will cease to be a child and become a sensible woman, a note addressed to my club will always find me. No amount of rebellion will do away with facts; therefore, my dear Florence, why not accept them? Of course, your account at your banker's stands as it always has done. Draw on it without reserve. A toi! —Louis."

Swiftly her eyes glanced over the heartless, cruel words. Would they kill her love? Not yet. It still hungered, still burning; for to kill it was to take from her all that was best.

She crushed the paper in her fingers, and the small, white teeth were firmly locked together.

At that instant Marie appeared with a small packet, which she laid upon the bed.

"For madam," she said.

Nerved to control, Florence took and opened it. A velvet case was beneath the wrappings, and within a bracelet, set in precious stones of great value and of exquisite workmanship, to which her husband's card was attached.

Her eyes blazed with the diamonds' own fire as she realized that thus he would tempt her to shame. The last remnant of softness died.

"Give this back to the messenger, Marie," she ordered. "Say to him that it is a mistake, which, later, Monsieur Gervase will explain. Then return quickly; I must dress.' "

Silently and swiftly the girl obeyed, repressing the exclamation which half-rose to her lips.

Shaking off the faintness which oppressed her, Florence rose and dressed.

Scarcely was her toilet completed than the clock struck 1, and five minutes later Harry Arkwright's card was handed her.

She remembered that she had not even thanked him for his protection when she had so sadly needed it. She could do so now, as though she were thanking him for someone else, not herself.

Her eyes were dry and tearless; her cheeks pale, with the crimson spot staining them. But, as with the air and bearing of a queen, she entered the drawing room, the man standing there to receive her, his very heart throbbing in generous sympathy, suddenly felt his usual ease desert him, and a strange sense of embarrassment take its place.

He was prepared to meet a wronged and injured and unhappy girl; but the woman who held out to him one little hand froze words of sympathy upon his very lips.

"It was kind of you to come," she said.

And the low music of her voice broke the spell which bound him.

Once more he was back to the old parsonage parlor; once more he saw the girl sitting there, in her simple, white dress, which, in his young chivalry, he had told himself was as white and stainless as her soul.

He could never tell her how, through the long years, that evenin ;' ad been his lodestar ambition; how he had gone out into the night with his friend, silent and dreaming; and how, as time went on, he realized that in those few short hours his heart had departed forever from his keeping.

The death of his father had called him home almost immediately after that meeting, and for nearly two years he had been compelled to remain there and attend to his duties as the sole executor of a large estate.

Then he returned to England with one hope, one dream, one ambition—too woo and win Florence Vane for his wife. He returned to find the most cruel of all awakenings, for the woman he loved was already the wife of another, more beautiful, more radiant than even his memory had pictured her, but lost to him forever.

For three months he had been in Paris. Sometimes she had passed him in her carriage on the Bois, giving to him the careless, unrecognizing glance she gave to all the rest of the unknown crowd. Sometimes he had been able, at the opera or theater, to fix his glasses upon her. He had seen the fond pride with which she had turned to her husband whenever she addressed him, and in her happiness he had found the only consolation he could claim.

But last night he knew that this castle had been built, too, upon the sands. He would have been content to have buried his own dreams in its ruins, but, lo! body and soul, it crushed her in its fall!

"Kind of me?" he echoed, holding warm and tight in both his hands the little, icy fingers. "Let me but serve you, and it is you who will show me the kindness, and make me always your debtor."

"You are very good; but no one can serve me, I think. And yet, tell me, can a man go through a marriage ceremony with a girl who firmly believes he is making her his wife, and then deny her claim? Is it possible a wrong so great, so cruel, could be perpetrated?"

"I fear it is. But tell me the circumstances of your marriage. He would hardly dare, I think, shield himself from the consequences of such an action behind so glaring a fraud."

"Ah, he would say I, too, were a party to it, and consented, for purposes of my own. He is very wealthy, and his position so assured that I could not assail it. I signed my name to some paper. I did not know what it contained at the time. I was numbed with excitement and fear. I obeyed him blindly. We had crossed the channel from London, and were married in Paris, in the early morning. He told me afterward that I had sworn in that paper that I was an orphan, and had lived six months in France. Of course, such an oath might make it all invalid. His influence made the paper good. Whether he bribed I did not know; but all France—all Paris, shall right me yet. Merciful Heaven! What am i?"

She clasped her hands above her head in agonizing appeal. For a moment the man was tempted to reply:

"You are the woman whom I love. If you are nameless, let me give you my name. If you are homeless, I have my home."

But he could not speak such words. She must be righted if it were within the power of the law to right her. No selfish hopes or desires must influence him. Besides, what was he to her? A very stock of stone, a plank to be laid across a bridgeless stream—nothing more.

'If Dalrymple were here, he might help us," he said, thoughtfully. "His family would give him no aid, but his name itself would carry weight, inasmuch as he succeeds to the title when his brother dies, and Lord Montfort's life hangs on a thread. He has had an affection of the heart for many years."

An expression of wondering surprise was upon Florence's face.

"What can you be talking of?" she questioned, slowly. "What possible interest can anyone by the name of Dalrymple take in my affairs? Why should he interest himself in me?"

"Is it possible you do not know?" he said.

"Know what?" she answered.

"That Herbert Dalrymple was married six month ago to your sister Dorothy."

"Dorothy?" she echoed. "My little sister married, and I not even conscious of it—I in ignorance even of her husband's name? Oh, they must, indeed, have thought badly of me at home, that they sent me no word! But she is only a child to marry. Yet, I forget. I am no older than she in years, but in all else—in all else—ah, my darling never will grow as old as I am! But tell me of this man whom she has married. I forget myself and all my own misery in thinking of her. He is great and rich, you say? He will one day be one of England's lords?"

"The latter, yes; but he is neither great nor rich now. His mother is a woman of immense pride and arrogance. She was very angry that he wished to marry one whom she termed so far beneath him."

"She told him that never would she give her consent. Not only would she cut off the allowance which he then enjoyed, but thought she could prevent his inheritance of the title, and a small estate all insufficient to maintain it, at his brother's death, she would never, during life nor at her death, allow him a penny of her own large private fortune. In her own right she was one of England's greatest heiresses.

"Herbert showed me the letter in which she uncompromisingly laid this before him, but his purpose never swerved.

"'I will go out to your country, my boy,' he said, 'where all men are equal. I have a few hundreds of my own a year, and I'm not afraid to work, with Dorothy my incentive. I love her, and I'll marry her, not break her heart and mine, because her father was not born a peer.' And he kept his word—he married her,"

"How long ago was this"

"Six months ago."

"But my father—she left him alone?"

An expression of absolute consternation now was depicted on Henry Arkright's face.

"Your father?" he repeated, slowly.

She saw the trouble her simple words had caused. .

"Yes, my father," she repeated. "I wrote once, twice, but he sent me no reply. Tell me of my father?"

"From the time of your flight they say he never lifted his head. If you wrote him, he never received the letters. Three months after you marriage he died!"

One dry sob burst from the agonized woman's white, quivering lips; then, with dry, tearless but burning eyes, she murmured, so low that he could scarcely catch the words: "It needed only this! Truly, my sin has found me out!" and would have fallen to the floor, but that he caught her in his arms.

CHAPTER VI.

All day he and Marie watched beside her So quietly did he adapt himself to the strange post that not even among the little household did it awaken surprise. Doubtless it was some old friend of madame's, and he had brought her news of her father's death.

Florence's condition gave him great uneasiness. She was wholly conscious —but sat staring before her with wide-open eyes into vacancy, neither speaking nor moving. In vain he tried to rouse her.

Toward evening he summoned a physician. The latter instantly administered a powerful anodyne.

"Six hours more of such a strain," he said, "might result in hopeless insanity."

At noon the next day he came again. Harry Arkwright was already at his post.

"She is better?" he asked, anxiously.

"Yes, better; but her mind must be distracted. Where is monsieur?"

"Monsieur Gervase is out of town."

"Ah, yes," assented the physician, "I remember reading in yesterday's journal that he was spending a few days at the country seat of the young Countess d'Aubigny—"

"Hush!" interrupted Arkwright, casting an anxious glance toward the couch; but, if Florence had heard the words, no change betrayed it in the beautiful, rigid features—only a little later, when the physician had departed, she softly called Marie.

"Send everyone away. Marie— I am quiet. I want to sleep, and there must be no one in the house. Send the servant out, and ask Mr. Arkwright to go, too. I will see him later in the day."

When the girl returned from the errand on which she had dispatched her, she found her mistress sitting half up on the lounge.

"I want you to dress me quickly, Marie, and give me my plainest dress. I must go out immediately."

"But, madame, you cannot go," remonstrated Marie, "you are not able. Madame has been and is still very ill."

"It matters not; I must go at once—at once, do you hear? We are losing time, and every moment is precious to me!"

Half an hour later, Florence Gervase, unattended, found herself alone upon the broad avenue where was situated the house she had so long called home. Marie's prayer to accompany her, she had refused. She had in her mind one definite purpose, and it must be accomplished alone.

Beckoning to the driver of an empty carriage, she sprang in and gave directions to be driven to a distant railway station.

Leaning her head back against the cushions and closing her eyes, she paid no further heed until the carriage stopped; then, passing the man the first coin she found in her purse, regardless of his blank look of amazement at its value, she entered the station, to find she must wait there an hour before a train left for the place she wished to make her destination.

Quietly she took her seat in the comfortless waiting room, and seemed to again sink into a sort of lethargy, from which she was roused with a start by the bustle of passengers hurrying from their places in the train.

Mechanically she followed them, many curious glances following the beautiful woman who was so oblivious to all about her.

The first-class carriage which she entered was empty. The guard closed and locked the door, and the train moved off.

Two hours later she stepped out at a little, quiet wayside stopping place. One carriage stood near.

"You know the Countess d'Aubigny's place?" she said.

The man smiled, and answered yes, respectfully touching his hat.

It was not often he drove such a fare to such a destination. Generally the countess' own carriage met her guests. But the season was late now, and the chateau was almost deserted. It was but a whim of the countess to run down here from time to time.

It had grown quite dark when the lodge was reached. She bade the driver stop outside the gates, and entered them on foot. A powdered flunkey, in gorgeous livery, answered her peal at the bell.

"Madame la comtesse, is she at home?" she asked.

The man stared in undisguised amaze at the beautiful woman who came on foot to the chateau of the countess alone and unattended, and yet addressed him with the imperious manner of a princess. He hesitated a moment in uncertainty.

"Madame dines," he said,stammeringly. "Unless important, she would not wish to be disturbed."

But as he spoke Flornece stepped within, where the light more fully streamed upon her.

"You need not announce me to your mistress," she said, imperiously. "Lead the way and I will follow you to the dining hall. If I mistake not, Monsieur Gervase is her guest to-night at dinner?"

"Yes, madame," replied the man, but making no attempt to move in the direction indicated.

She drew herself up to her full high.

"I am Madame Gervase," she said. "Show me the dining hall!"

No longer he dared refuse to obey. A moment after he threw wide open the folding doors, which led from a marble ante-room filled with plants, and with a fountain of colored waters in its center, into a small but exquisite apartment, where sat, at a round table, ornamented with choicest fruit and flowers, two persons.

They both turned, the man starting to his feet, the woman sitting quiet, with a supercilious smile upon her lips, as the lackey, in clear, ringing tones, announced:

"Madame Gervase!"

One moment Florence stood motionless, surveying the scene which met her view; then she advanced steadily into the room, and paused but a few feet distant from where the countess sat.

Louis Gervase' face grew livid with wrath. He looked from one woman to the other, and half-opened his lips to speak, but could think of no words to utter.

"Madame," began Florence, "my visit to-night is to you, not to my husband—for, deny me though he may, he is my husband, as I hope to prove to you. I did very wrong, perhaps, the other night, when I so publicly asserted my claim. If you were ignorant of it, you should not have suffered for his fault; but if you have ever loved, and suffered from the pangs of jealousy, you can forgive the impulse which prompted my act.

"I have been married, madame, a little over a year. I was not a great lady, like yourself. I brought to my husband neither dowr nor title, save the dower of my love and the title of my purity. I loved him so well that, for his sake, I left father, sister, home.

"Only last night I learned the full measure of my crime. It killed my father. In reality, I murdered him. But I loved this man so well that for his sake I gave up all and followed him. I did not know that he was rich; I never thought of it. He brought me to Paris, and there made me his wife. He swore to kill himself if I would not consent to this step. How could I know he used the threat only as a lever to move my will?

"Well, as I say, we were married. For six months I was happy—supremely, wickedly happy—then the first cloud crept into my sky. Louis' devotion lessened, but always, always, I hoped to win him back.

"That very night I saw you with him at the opera, I had dressed to please his eye, to win his smile. I had heard of his attentions to you. Someone, that evening, sent me an anonymous note, telling me where I might find you together.

"Without fixed plan or purpose other than that, I went to the opera. You know what happened there; but you do not, cannot know, that that same night he returned to his home only to confirm, with fresh cruelty, what he had there told me. He acknowledged that he had cheated and duped me, and he bade me accept my fate.

"Ah, madame, you are young, as I am young—more beautiful than I! You are rich and powerful; I am poor and nameless, since he denies me the right even to his name. You have over him the influence I have lost.

"For the sake of our common womanhood, throw off whatever spell he may have exerted over you, and bid him repair the cruel, wicked wrong he has committed! Look in his eyes and ask him if one word I have uttered is not true.

"I am not of your country nor his. Even my wrongs must ring out in a foreign tongue; but, oh, madame, you will listen—you will heed!"

It had been impossible to stem the torrent of her words; but Adele d'Aubigny, save that the white, jeweled hands were interlocked a little more tightly as they lay in her lap, gave no other sign that they had penetrated beyond her hearing.

She turned now toward the man whom rage had rendered speechless.

"Louis," she said—and Florence's eyes blazed as she caught the intonation which she gave the name—"Louis, I scarcely can ask my servants to show Madame Gervase my doors, if it is true that she possesses any title to that name; but, otherwise, I find this scene only a shade less disagreeable than the one she previously enacted for my benefit. Shall I ring for Jacques or no?"

"Ring!" he answered, curtly; but he fairly hissed the word from between his set teeth.

The countess stretched forth her hand toward a tiny gold bell within her reach.

But Florence made one quick step forward and caught her arm.

For the first time, the eyes of the two beautiful women met, flashing defiance and disdain.

"How dare you summon your hirelings to thrust from your presence the wife, while the husband is your guest?" she said. "I came here to-night to make my appeal to you. Your own heart tells you that each word I have uttered is the simple truth, and yet you dare turn me from your doors, which open to admit him!"and she emphasized the latter word by one glance of burning scorn. "You need not summon your men; I will go. But beware, both of you! To-night you thrust me into the darkness, while you remain in the light. One day the picture will be reversed. I am no longer a helpless girl, but a desperate woman; and you have made me so—you and he. In vain I have appealed to you, to him; I now appeal to Heaven's higher power!"

With a quick movement, Louis Gervase stretched out his hand and rang the bell, from which she had withheld the arm of the countess.

Instantly the lackey who had admitted her appeared.

"Show this person the door, Jacques!" commanded his mistress.

"Remember," said Florence, turning to her husband, "what I am from tonight you have made me!" and so followed the man with imperious mien, as one summoned to audience of royalty.

(To be Continued.)

Advice.

The Sport—So yer dropped some money on the Milwaukee Chicken, did yer?

The Chappie—Well, I saw him box, and I thought he'd win.

The Sport—Well, de nex' time, yer jes' ask somebody dat knows, an' don't try to do any t'inkin'—Puck.

China's Powerful Sword.

There is a dreadful sword in China. It gives to the holder power to cut off the head of anyone he wishes without punishment. All people flee from this sword, as stomach ills flee before the approach of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This famous remedy cures all forms of stomach troubles.

His Speech Impaired.

First Deaf Mute (on his fingers)—Too bad about Walker losing one of his fingers.

Second Deaf Mute (ditto)—Yes; it causes quite an impediment in his speech.—Ohio State Journal.

PATENTS.

List of Patents Issued Last Week to Northwestern Inventors

pen.

George Bruhn, Winona, Minn., automatic wagon brake; James J. Gustaf, Lowville, Minn., device for finding dead-centers; Nels Hockerson, Jr., Marine Mills, Minn., pole and neck yoke coupling; William H. Loomis, St. Peter, Minn., sliding door lock; James H. Robinson, Minneapolis, Minn., life-saving guard for street cars.

Merwin, Lothrop & Johnson, Patent Attorneys, 910 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

She'll Do the Talking.

"John," said Mrs. Bilkins, "I don't believe Tom will ever marry. He is too bashful to ever propose to a woman."

"Oh, I don't know; he may meet a young widow some day," replied her husband.—Ohio State Journal.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most amusing study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

No More "Ordinary" Sleepers.

Some time ago the Pullman Company, as an experimental measure, introduced "Ordinary" sleeping car service on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Between Baltimore and Newark, and Pittsburg and Chicago. The results to the Railroad Company were very gratifying, but subsequently it was ascertained that the Pullman Company was not in position to furnish this class of equipment to all roads operating Pullman cars east of Chicago and St. Louis, and to allay any friction that might result from this inequality of service, the Pullman Company requested the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road to resume the standard cars previously in service, which will be done, commencing April 10th.

Woman's Trustful Love.

Many a wife dusts the billiard chalk from her husband's coat and sheds tears of sympathy because of the late hours he must spend at his desk, close to a whitewashed wall.—Chicago News.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

It's a great misfortune not to have judgment enough to keep silent at the proper time.

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

This is the season for sackcloth and ashes, but when the tennis season begins it will be sack coats and sashes.

The Ideal Laxative.

No more ancient pill poisons and black draughts, but up-to-date, scientific, harmless, palatable, potent, Cascarets Candy Cathartic.

The best way to beat a poor carpet is to buy a new one.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Every man is more or less of a hero to himself.

SALESWOMEN understand what torture is. Constantly on their feet whether well or ill. Compelled to smile and be agreeable to customers while dragged down with some feminine weakness. Backaches and headaches count for little. They must keep going or lose their place.

To these Mrs. Pinkham's help is offered. A letter to her at Lynn, Mass., will bring her advice free of all charge.

WOMEN WHO EARN THEIR LIVING

MISS NANCIE SHOBE, Florence, Col., writes a letter to Mrs. Pinkham from which we quote:

"I had been in poor health for some time, my troubles having been brought on by standing, so my physician said, causing serious womb trouble. I had to give up my work. I was just a bundle of nerves and would have fainting spells at monthly periods. I doctored and took various medicines, but got no relief, and when I wrote to you I could not walk more than four blocks at a time. I followed your advice, taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Purifier in connection with the Vegetable Compound and began to gain in strength from the first. I am getting to be a stranger to pain and I owe it all to your medicine. There is none equal to it, for I have tried many others before using yours. Words cannot be said too strong in praise of it."



MISS POLLY FRAME, Meade, Kan., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to write you in regard to what your medicine has done for me. I cannot praise it enough. Since my girlhood I had been troubled with irregular and painful periods and for nearly five years had suffered with falling of the womb, and whites. Also had ovarian trouble, the left ovary being so swollen and sore that I could not move without pain. Now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, that tired feeling is all gone, and I am healthy and strong."

ALABASTINE

ALABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or twelve beautiful tints by adding cold water.

LADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

ALL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

BEWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

AND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

SENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

THE INTERIOR WALLS of every schoolhouse should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons are used annually for this work.

IN BUYING ALABASTINE, see that packages are properly labeled. Beware of large four-pound package light kalsomine, offered to customers as a five-pound package.

NUISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

ESTABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write for "Alabastine Era," free, to ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Encouragement.

He—'Tis said that the secret of success is constancy of purpose.

She—Yes; if you keep at it long hold of that mustache you are trying enough you may succeed in catching to find.—Chicago News.

STOCK RAISERS

Will find it greatly to their advantage, if before purchasing a farm, they will look at the country along the line of the

Saint Paul & Duluth Railroad.

DAIRY FARMERS

Who desire the best Clover and Timothy land, in a district which can boast of a fine climate, good pure water, rich soil, fine meadows, and near to the markets of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior should apply immediately by leter or in person to

WM. P. TROWBRIDGE,
Asst. Land Commissioner,
St. Paul & Duluth R. R.
Box U—903 Globe Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

As Black as your Hat **DYE** Your Whiskers

A Natural Black with **Buckingham's Dye.**

50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water.**



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

TOWER'S TRADE FISH BRAND MARK.
POMMEL SLICKER
The Best Saddle Coat.
Keeps both rider and saddle perfectly dry in the hardest storms. Substitutes will disappoint. Ask for 1897 Fish Brand Pommel Slicker—it is entirely new. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.



THE Spalding OFFICIAL League Ball
is the *genuine* League Ball, and is officially ordered by the National League to be used in all games.
ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES
If a dealer does not carry Spalding's athletic goods in stock, send your name and address to us (and his, too) a for copy of our handsomely illustrated catalogue.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
New York Chicago Denver

THOUSANDS KILLED.



Every Sheet
DUTCHERS' FLY KILLER
rids the house of thousands of Flies, thus affording peace while you eat and the comfort of a nap in the morning. Ask your Druggist or Grocer.
FRED'K. DUTCHER DRUG CO., St. Albans, Vt.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

Nervous People.

Nervous people not only suffer themselves but cause more or less misery to everyone around them. They are fretful, easily worried and therefore a worry to others.

When everything annoys you; when your pulse beats excessively; when you are startled at the least unexpected sound, your nerves are in a bad state and should be promptly attended to.

Nervousness is a question of nutrition. Food for the nerves is what you need to put you right, and the best nerve food in the world is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

They give strength and tone to every nerve in the body, and make despondent, easily irritated people feel that life has renewed its charms. Here is proof:



Miss Cora Watrous, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. I. C. Watrous, of 61 Clarion St., Bradford, Pa., was seized with a nervous disorder which threatened to end her life. Eminent physicians agreed the trouble was from impoverished blood, but failed to give relief. Mr. Watrous heard Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were highly recommended for nervous disorders, and gave them a trial. Before the first box had been taken the girl's condition improved. After using six boxes her appetite returned, the pain in her head ceased, and she was stronger than ever before. "My daughter's life was saved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," said Mrs. Watrous. "Her condition was almost hopeless when she commenced taking them, but now she is strong and healthy. I cannot recommend these pills too highly."—*Bradford (Pa.) Era.*

The full name is on each package. Sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. Price 50¢ per box; 6 boxes $2.50

SMILING SAMOANS.

But When They Are Riled They Can Fight Like Fiends.

The men are noble specimens, physically—tall, muscular, with the erect carriage and elastic step of an American Indian. They, too, are smiling and kindly in time of peace—and are clad in mantles of gay prints which they have bought at the store; they greet you with a wave of the hand and a curious "Alofa." They tattoo the legs from the waist to the knee, and as they stride along those members appear between the folds of their drapery as if they were decently clothed in skin-tight trousers. They are indolent and, when not roused to hostility, as amiable and fun-loving as children. They work as little as possible, and why should they? The forest abounds in wild bananas, breadfruit and yams, which may be had for the taking; the sea is full of fish, which they are expert in catching, and if Providence deigns to send them a fattened pig once or twice a year they are blessed. Clothing they do not require, nor fuel; their taxes are only nominal, and they are consequently exempt from the chief demands of life, and which, but for the expense and difficulty of getting buried, make it far easier for the average American to die than to live.

But these gentle creatures can fight, and fight cruelly, although their method of warfare is peculiar; they eat and drink between rounds, when a sort of truce is declared, then go at it again, shoot at short range, and shoot to kill. Formerly, until the practice was abolished by Chief Justice Ide, the killing was followed by beheading and this ceremony was not always deferred, where the victim had been only wounded, until life was extinct. The heads were then collected and presented to the king as an especial proof of prowess. This barbarous practice the chief justice had the utmost difficulty in dealing with, and it was not discontinued until the other representatives of the triple protectorate consented to enact a law to punish offenders by fining them heavily, and adding to this penalty a lengthy term of imprisonment.—Leslie's Weekly.

A Department Store in Berne.

Berne is peculiar in some things, and in matters of progress and enterprise is far behind the other Swiss cities. A tradesman who had done quite a business in small wares bought several small stores on the main arcadel street of the city, and prepared to erect a modern department store, as far as the continental ideas goes. He wanted to make his establishment as attractive as possible, and accordingly sought to have the dark and gloomy arcades in front of his proposed building removed. Such a storm of protests was made against this wilful destruction of the ancient and typical stonework that he was obliged to abandon his scheme and get even by making his store the finest in the city. He even has had an elevator installed. There must be four in Berne. When the little dealers saw this and knew that it was good they held a largely attended meeting to protest. It is their desire to have a store with several departments so heavily taxed that it will be impossible for the owner to realize anything out of his venture.

The Great "Amen" Question.

By a vote of the church members at Moriah, Carnarvon, a curious dispute was on Tuesday evening settled. With the introduction of the new hymn and tune book of the connection a few weeks ago, there was also initiated the practice, which is not very general in non-conformist places of worship, of singing the "Amen" at the conclusion of each hymn.

Several members of the congregation disapproved of the innovation, and by way of protest resumed their seats at the close of the hymn proper.

Feeling on the matter became so acute that the pastor decided to take the voice of the church on Tuesday evening, when there was present a large attendance of church members. The result was the defeat of the supporters of the "Amen" by an overwhelming majority.

The voting resulted as follows: In favor of the "Amen," 46; against, 86. —North Wales Observer.

A man may be worth a lot of money and still be a very poor sort of man.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Dairy Notes.

It takes a good deal of stamina for a butter or cheese maker to refuse the milk that is brought to him when he knows that it is only just enough off to warrant its refusal. In many cases the man is working at a small salary and cannot afford to lose his place. He therefore accepts the poor milk, hoping that by skill he may be able to overcome the harmful flavors produced by maliferous bacteria. But try as he will he cannot make butter and cheese that will stand the test of time and remain good. It should therefore be a point with the patrons to encourage the man at the factory to reject all poor milk. They are getting the right spirit in New Zealand, where they are beginning to pay the buttermaker for all m ilk rejected. This makes him feel that the patrons are behind him, and that his salary does not depend on his receiving milk that is so poor in flavor that it will injure the make of the entire factory.

* * *

They are trying to form a mil ktrust in the city of Washington, but we understand that no great headway has as yet been made. An attempt was made to impress the consumer with the idea that said trust would give them better and cheaper milk. The people evidently t hought they would not be too credulous in the matter. All trusts are formed with the avowed intention of benefitting the people. By the people they withcut doubt mean the holders of the stock—till such time as they can work the bond scheme and freeze out the stockholders. The effect of most milk trusts is to increase the price to the consumer and decrease the price the producer of the milk receives. The manipulators of trusts intend to have a profit at both ends.

* * *

Pasteurization of milk and milk products should be followed to a far greater extent than at present. The fact that dairy products are so largely consumed, and that they are very good carriers of disease germs, make it imperative that every safeguard should be thrown around them. Not only are the lives of healthy people in the hands of the dairymen to some extent, but to a very large extent the lives of invalids and children. It is not possible for us to know how many people have been slain by diseases carried in milk, but what we do know of contagions thus produced convinces us that the entire number must be great. The simple work of pasteurizing makes all safe.

Fowls on South Water Street.

If one has a high ideal of the kindness of the human heart he had better keep away from South Water street, Chicago, at least if he be a poultryman. In the handling of fowls there brutality seems to be a highly-prized quality. The writer has more than once felt very angry at the shameful way in which the birds are handled. Some time since passing along the street, the writer noticed two men unloading a wagon piled high with crates containing poultry. It was perfectly easy for the men to have handed the crates down carefully, but they did not. The top crates, full of hens, were pulled clear of the other crates and then allowed to fall a distance of six feet or more onto the stone walk. The birds, unable to save themselves by a spread of wings, were dashed against the bottom of the crates with great force, and the under fowls must have suffered greatly from the concussion.

On another day two men were seen unloading a crate, and throwing the birds through a hole in the stone sidewalk. The fall from the sidewalk to the bottom of the basement must have been fully twelve feet. Had the birds been dropped through the hole their wings would have enabled them to drop to the bottom lightly. But the men seemed working against time or against each other and simply yanked the fowls out of the crate and dashed them with great force through the hole. The result was that the birds seemed stupefied by the treatment. Half an hour later the owner of the cellar had picked out a dozen of the best Brown Leghorns and was offering them for sale at 50 cents apiece as fancy birds. A gentleman came along and agreed to take the entire crate at that price, but before paying over the money he looked the birds over carefully and refused to take them, saying they were all sick. The writer then examined the crate and remarked to the dealer that the only thing the matter with the fowls was the fact that they had been too roughly handled. The dealer replied that he guessed that was about so.

The man that purchases fowls for his yard from South Water street takes many chances. Two years ago the writer bought 46 fowls there, paying 50 cents apiece. They were all Brown Leghorns, and appeared to be in shape to do good service as layers. They were an utter disappointment. Though kept for months they did not show any inclination to lay, though it was in the spring of the year. They were finally disposed of to the butcher, those that did not die. Probably the only trouble with them was that they had been so roughly treated that they were not in shape to lay. They might have recovered in time, but that is doubtful.

Not all South Water street men are brutal. We have known of birds purchased on that street proving very satisfactory. Recently a friend bought a dozen White Plymouth Rocks, which went to laying as soon as taken to the pens of the buyer. They had doubtless been treated more humanely than many others. It may also have been partly due to the fact that the Plymouth Rocks will stand more abuse than the Leghorns and feel less badly about it.

It would be a good thing for men shipping poultry to South Water street to make some inquiries as to how their fowls are treated. If the attention of the commission man is called to it, he may take measure to see that his employes are more careful in the handling of fowls. Certainly the dealers themselves should have enough business sagacity to see that the poultry are looked after. Bright, lively birds should certainly sell better than half-dead ones.

There is another point in which fowls on South Water street are badly treated and that is the little care used to protect them against cold in winter. In the coldest of days it is no unusual sight to see the crates of birds out as usual and so left through the entire day. Some times crates will be seen in which nearly all the birds have their combs frozen down to their heads. We are glad to say that this abuse is not very common, but it should not exist at all. Perhaps sometime in the not distant future Chicago will be so well governed that its officers will prevent the abuse of even the humblest forms of animal life.

Bottled Milk.

I have found that there is less expense and trouble in delivering milk in bottles than by dipping it from a can. The bottled milk commands a better price, says a contributor to Rural New Yorker. As the bottles hold just one quart, there is no over dip. Milk dipped from a can seems to lose from four to five quarts for every 40-quart can. We used to deliver 440 quarts of bottled milk daily, besides several 40-quart cans of dipped milk, and always found the bottles the most economical way to deliver. Our bottle bill averaged 30 gross of bottles per year, at $9.50 per gross, which amounted to $285, or a loss of 4,320 bottles a year. Suppose we deliver the 440 quarts, or 11 40-quart cans of milk by dipping it from the can, and overdip or lose four quarts of milk for each 40-quart can, there would be a loss of 44 quarts of milk on the 11 cans daily, which, at seven cents per quart to the retailer, means $3.08 per day, or $1,124.20 per year. Deduct from this the loss on bottles, $285, which leaves a balance of $839.20 in favor of the retail dealer who uses bottles. There is even a larger balance than this in his favor, because he gets eight cents per quart for his bottled milk, and his customers like it better because of the bottles; the cream shows up better, the milk looks richer, and is much cleaner and handier, both for the customer and dealer.

Kentucky Horses.

I do know that most people at the North imagine that every horse in the whole state of Kentucky is a trotting (race) animal, but this is an erroneous impression, for, really, the smallest horse interests of that state are embraced in the trotters, writes a contributor to Ohio Farmer. But the coach, carriage, saddle and driving horses are leading financial factors there now, as well as in other sections. There are more horse buyers from everywhere in five miles of Kentucky turnpike territory than in any other similar space in any state of the Union, at almost any season of the year. The heavy harness horse does the farm work in Kentucky, just the same as your ordinary animal performs similar labor for you. But he sells for big prices often, while you realize small ones, at long removed intervals. Your opportunity lies in imitating him. Raise the horse for which there is a demand. There have been great changes in the bluegrass state in the last few years.

Keep Horses' Mangers Clean.—Much dust and soiled food is apt to accumulate in the horse's manger, and as he is all the time breathing over it, the manger quickly becomes so offensive that much food is wasted. Much of this feed will, however, be eaten by cattle, as they will eat freely after horses. Even the horse excrement is not so offensive to them as to prevent them from picking out bits of hay mixed with it. But the horse has a more delicate taste than any other farm animal except a sheep. When cows pick over the piles of horse manure for the hay they are probably in need of salt, and are attracted by the saline taste of horse urine.—Ex.

Live Stock Values.—The magnitude of the live stock interests in this country is shown by the fact that the total value of farm animals on January 1, 1899, was $2,215,053,000. The highest point ever reached by this value was $2,507,050,000, in 1889. The depression in these values began in 1892 and reached the lowest point of $1,860,420,000 in 1896, making a decline of fully 25 per cent. The upward tendency in values began in 1896 and has continued ever since until now 19 per cent of the 25 per cent of shrinkage has been recovered. This leaves 6 per cent of that shrinkage still to be recovered before the high-water mark of ten years ago will be reached.—Ex.

Confining Ducks—Use wire netting 18 inches wide. Every six or eight feet nail a sharp pointed stake to the wire. The pointed end should extend down below the bottom edge of the wire, 10 or 12 inches. Such a fence is easily set, and when not wanted the stakes can be pulled out, and the wire and stakes can be pulled up and put away for future use. The apple orchard or a portion of it, if in grass, will make a good place for the ducks. It is best to build the pen where there are some trees, on account of the welcome shade during hot weather. But any out-of-the-way place will do.—Ex.



The courtship period for Ayer's Sarsaparilla

passed long since, when it won the confidence and esteem of thoughtful men and women *50 years ago.*

You need have no doubts, if, when you go to buy Sarsaparilla, you simply say the old name

"AYER'S"

That is the kind that cured your fathers and their fathers before them, and it is the kind that will cure you. Other Sarsaparillas may look like it, may even taste like it, but somehow or other they haven't the knack of curing people that Ayer's has. Just try one bottle of Ayer's today.

BETTER GO BACK THAN GO WRONG



An Old Proverb That—
but just as forceful today as one hundred years ago.

It's good common sense advice in almost every transaction, but for present purposes let us suppose you are going to buy a binder, a mower or a corn harvester.

Possibly you have made up your mind to get something cheaper than the Deering Ideal.

Perhaps it is not yet too late to "go back." And it certainly is "better to go back than to go wrong."

That word "cheaper" is an old fraud. Do not be deceived by it.

Deering Ideal grain and grass harvesters are "ideal" because they embody the best thoughts and suggestions of the farmer and the mechanic.

They are simple, scientific and substantial.

They are the cheapest to buy because they are the best to own.

DEERING HARVESTER CO., - Chicago.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE
DO YOU WANT A HOME?
60,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LANDS IN WASHBURN AND BARRON COUNTIES, WISCONSIN, to be divided and sold at $3.00 to $6.00 PER ACRE.
Long time and easy payments to actual settlers.
Come and see us or address,
W. R. BOURNE, Mgr., SHELL LAKE LUMBER CO., SHELL LAKE, WIS.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."
BE WISE AND USE
SAPOLIO

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
WHEAT WHEAT WHEAT
"Nothing but wheat; what you might call a sea of wheat," is what was said by a lecturer speaking of Western Canada. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Ben Davies, 154 East Third St., St. Paul, or T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.

Trade Mark. CURES In 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00.
CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND
POMMEL SLICKER
The Best Saddle Coat.
Keeps both rider and saddle perfectly dry in the hardest storms. Substitutes will disappoint. Ask for 1897 Fish Brand Pommel Slicker—it is entirely new. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.



THE Spalding OFFICIAL League Ball
is the *genuine* League Ball, and is officially ordered by the National League to be used in all games.
ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES
If a dealer does not carry Spalding's athletic goods in stock, send your name and address to us (and his, too) a for copy of our handsomely illustrated catalogue.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
New York Chicago Denver

THOUSANDS KILLED.



Every Sheet
DUTCHERS' FLY KILLER
rids the house of thousands of Flies, thus affording peace while you eat and the comfort of a nap in the morning. Ask your Druggist or Grocer.
FRED'K. DUTCHER DRUG CO., St. Albans, Vt.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

SMILING SAMOANS.

But When They Are Riled They Can Fight Like Fiends.

The men are noble specimens, physically—tall, muscular, with the erect carriage and elastic step of an American Indian. They, too, are smiling and kindly in time of peace—and are clad in mantles of gay prints which they have bought at the store; they greet you with a wave of the hand and a curious "Alofa." They tattoo the legs from the waist to the knee, and as they stride along those members appear between the folds of their drapery as if they were decently clothed in skin-tight trousers. They are indolent and, when not roused to hostility, as amiable and fun-loving as children. They work as little as possible, and why should they? The forest abounds in wild bananas, breadfruit and yams, which may be had for the taking; the sea is full of fish, which they are expert in catching, and if Provindence deigns to send them a fattened pig once or twice a year they are blessed. Clothing they do not require, nor fuel; their taxes are only nominal, and they are consequently exempt from the chief demands of life, and which, but for the expense and difficulty of getting buried, make it far easier for the average American to die than to live.

But these gentle creatures can fight, and fight cruelly, although their method of warfare is peculiar; they eat and drink between rounds, when a sort of truce is declared, then go at it again, shoot at short range, and shoot to kill. Formerly, until the practice was abolished by Chief Justice Ide, the killing was followed by beheading and this ceremony was not always deferred, where the victim had been only wounded, until life was extinct. The heads were then collected and presented to the king as an especial proof of prowess. This barbarous practice the chief justice had the utmost difficulty in dealing with, and it was not discontinued until the other representatives of the triple protectorate consented to enact a law to punish offenders by fining them heavily, and adding to this penalty a lengthy term of imprisonment.—Leslie's Weekly.

A Department Store in Berne.

Berne is peculiar in some things, and in matters of progress and enterprise is far behind the other Swiss cities. A tradesman who had done quite a business in small wares bought several small stores on the main arcadel street of the city, and prepared to erect a modern department store, as far as the continental ideas goes. He wanted to make his establishment as attractive as possible, and accordingly sought to have the dark and gloomy arcades in front of his proposed building removed. Such a storm of protests was made against this wilful destruction of the ancient and typical stonework that he was obliged to abandon his scheme and get even by making his store the finest in the city. He even has had an elevator installed. There must be four in Berne. When the little dealers saw this and knew that it was good they held a largely attended meeting to protest. It is their desire to have a store with several departments so heavily taxed that it will be impossible for the owner to realize anything out of his venture.

The Great "Amen" Question.

By a vote of the church members at Moriah, Carnarvon, a curious dispute was on Tuesday evening settled. With the introduction of the new hymn and tune book of the connection a few weeks ago, there was also initiated the practice, which is not very general in non-conformist places of worship, of singing the "Amen" at the conclusion of each hymn.

Several members of the congregation disapproved of the innovation, and by way of protest resumed their seats at the close of the hymn proper.

Feeling on the matter became so acute that the pastor decided to take the voice of the church on Tuesday evening, when there was present a large attendance of church members. The result was the defeat of the supporters of the "Amen" by an overwhelming majority.

The voting resulted as follows: In favor of the "Amen," 46; against, 86. —North Wales Observer.

A man may be worth a lot of money and still be a very poor sort of man.

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Dairy Notes.

It takes a good deal of stamina for a butter or cheese maker to refuse the milk that is brought to him when he knows that it is only just enough off to warrant its refusal. In many cases the man is working at a small salary and cannot afford to lose his place. He therefore accepts the poor milk, hoping that by skill he may be able to overcome the harmful flavors produced by maliferous bacteria. But try as he will he cannot make butter and cheese that will stand the test of time and remain good. It should therefore be a point with the patrons to encourage the man at the factory to reject all poor milk. They are getting the right spirit in New Zealand, where they are beginning to pay the buttermaker for all m ilk rejected. This makes him feel that the patrons are behind him, and that his salary does not depend on his receiving milk that is so poor in flavor that it will injure the make of the entire factory.

* * *

They are trying to form a mil ktrust in the city of Washington, but we understand that no great headway has as yet been made. An attempt was made to impress the consumer with the idea that said trust would give them better and cheaper milk. The people evidently t hought they would not be too credulous in the matter. All trusts are formed with the avowed intention of benefitting the people. By the people they without doubt mean the holders of the stock—till such time as they can work the bond scheme and freeze out the stockholders. The effect of most milk trusts is to increase the price to the consumer and decrease the price the producer of the milk receives. The manipulators of trusts intend to have a profit at both ends.

* * *

Pasteurization of milk and milk products should be followed to a far greater extent than at present. The fact that dairy products are so largely consumed, and that they are very good carriers of disease germs, make it imperative that every safeguard should be thrown around them. Not only are the lives of healthy people in the hands of the dairymen to some extent, but to a very large extent the lives of invalids and children. It is not possible for us to know how many people have been slain by diseases carried in milk, but what we do know of contagions thus produced convinces us that the entire number must be great. The simple work of pasteurizing makes all safe.

Fowls on South Water Street.

If one has a high ideal of the kindness of the human heart he had better keep away from South Water street, Chicago, at least if he be a poultryman. In the handling of fowls there brutality seems to be a highly-prized quality. The writer has more than once felt very angry at the shameful way in which the birds are handled. Some time since passing along the street, the writer noticed two men unloading a wagon piled high with crates containing poultry. It was perfectly easy for the men to have handed the crates down carefully, but they did not. The top crates, full of hens, were pulled clear of the other crates and then allowed to fall a distance of six feet or more onto the stone walk. The birds, unable to save themselves by a spread of wings, were dashed against the bottom of the crates with great force, and the under fowls must have suffered greatly from the concussion.

On another day two men were seen unloading a crate, and throwing the birds through a hole in the stone sidewalk. The fall from the sidewalk to the bottom of the basement must have been fully twelve feet. Had the birds been dropped through the hole their wings would have enabled them to drop to the bottom lightly. But the men seemed working against time or against each other and simply yanked the fowls out of the crate and dashed them with great force through the hole. The result was that the birds seemed stupefied by the treatment. Half an hour later the owner of the cellar had picked out a dozen of the best Brown Leghorns and was offering them for sale at 50 cents apiece as fancy birds. A gentleman came along and agreed to take the entire crate at that price, but before paying over the money he looked the birds over carefully and refused to take them, saying they were all sick. The writer then examined the crate and remarked to the dealer that the only thing the matter with the fowls was the fact that they had been too roughly handled. The dealer replied that he guessed that was about so.

The man that purchases fowls for his yard from South Water street takes many chances. Two years ago the writer bought 46 fowls there, paying 50 cents apiece. They were all Brown Leghorns, and appeared to be in shape to do good service as layers. They were an utter disappointment. Though kept for months they did not show any inclination to lay, though it was in the spring of the year. They were finally disposed of to the butcher, those that did not die. Probably the only trouble with them was that they had been so roughly treated that they were not in shape to lay. They might have recovered in time, but that is doubtful.

Not all South Water street men are brutal. We have known of birds purchased on that street proving very satisfactory. Recently a friend bought a dozen White Plymouth Rocks, which went to laying as soon as taken to the pens of the buyer. They had doubtless been treated more humanely than many others. It may also have been partly due to the fact that the Plymouth Rocks will stand more abuse than the Leghorns and feel less badly about it.

It would be a good thing for men shipping poultry to South Water street to make some inquiries as to how their fowls are treated. If the attention of the commission man is called to it, he may take measure to see that his employes are more careful in the handling of fowls. Certainly the dealers themselves should have enough business sagacity to see that the poultry are looked after. Bright, lively birds should certainly sell better than half-dead ones.

There is another point in which fowls on South Water street are badly treated and that is the little care used to protect them against cold in winter. In the coldest of days it is no unusual sight to see the crates of birds out as usual and so left through the entire day. Some times crates will be seen in which nearly all the birds have their combs frozen down to their heads. We are glad to say that this abuse is not very common, but it should not exist at all. Perhaps sometime in the not distant future Chicago will be so well governed that its officers will prevent the abuse of even the humblest forms of animal life.

Bottled Milk.

I have found that there is less expense and trouble in delivering milk in bottles than by dipping it from a can. The bottled milk commands a better price, says a contributor to Rural New Yorker. As the bottles hold just one quart, there is no over dip. Milk dipped from a can seems to lose from four to five quarts for every 40-quart can. We used to deliver 440 quarts of bottled milk daily, besides several 40-quart cans of dipped milk, and always found the bottles the most economical way to deliver. Our bottle bill averaged 30 gross of bottles per year, at $9.50 per gross, which amounted to $285, or a loss of 4,320 bottles a year. Suppose we deliver the 440 quarts, or 11 40-quart cans of milk by dipping it from the can, and overdip or lose four quarts of milk for each 40-quart can, there would be a loss of 44 quarts of milk on the 11 cans daily, which, at seven cents per quart to the retailer, means $3.08 per day, or $1,124.20 per year. Deduct from this the loss on bottles, $285, which leaves a balance of $839.20 in favor of the retail dealer who uses bottles. There is even a larger balance than this in his favor, because he gets eight cents per quart for his bottled milk, and his customers like it better because of the bottles; the cream shows up better, the milk looks richer, and is much cleaner and handier, both for the customer and dealer.

Kentucky Horses.

I do know that most people at the North imagine that every horse in the whole state of Kentucky is a trotting (race) animal, but this is an erroneous impression, for, really, the smallest horse interests of that state are embraced in the trotters, writes a contributor to Ohio Farmer. But the coach, carriage, saddle and driving horses are leading financial factors there now, as well as in other sections. There are more horse buyers from everywhere in five miles of Kentucky turnpike territory than in any other similar space in any state of the Union, at almost any season of the year. The heavy harness horse does the farm work in Kentucky, just the same as your ordinary animal performs similar labor for you. But he sells for big prices often, while you realize small ones, at long removed intervals. Your opportunity lies in imitating him. Raise the horse for which there is a demand. There have been great changes in the bluegrass state in the last few years.

Keep Horses' Mangers Clean.—Much dust and soiled food is apt to accumulate in the horse's manger, and as he is all the time breathing over it, the manger quickly becomes so offensive that much food is wasted. Much of this feed will, however, be eaten by cattle, as they will eat freely after horses. Even the horse excrement is not so offensive to them as to prevent them from picking out bits of hay mixed with it. But the horse has a more delicate taste than any other farm animal except a sheep. When cows pick over the piles of horse manure for the hay they are probably in need of salt, and are attracted by the saline taste of horse urine.—Ex.

Live Stock Values.—The magnitude of the live stock interests in this country is shown by the fact that the total value of farm animals on January 1, 1899, was $2,215,053,000. The highest point ever reached by this value was $2,507,050,000, in 1889. The depression in these values began in 1892 and reached the lowest point of $1,860,420,000 in 1896, making a decline of fully 25 per cent. The upward tendency in values began in 1896 and has continued ever since until now 19 per cent of the 25 per cent of shrinkage has been recovered. This leaves 6 per cent of that shrinkage still to be recovered before the high-water mark of ten years ago will be reached.—Ex.

Confining Ducks—Use wire netting 18 inches wide. Every six or eight feet nail a sharp pointed stake to the wire. The pointed end should extend down below the bottom edge of the wire, 10 or 12 inches. Such a fence is easily set, and when not wanted the stakes can be pulled out, and the wire and stakes can be pulled up and put away for future use. The apple orchard or a portion of it, if in grass, will make a good place for the ducks. It is best to build the pen where there are some trees, on account of the welcome shade during hot weather. But any out-of-the-way place will do.—Ex.



The courtship period for Ayer's Sarsaparilla

passed long since, when it won the confidence and esteem of thoughtful men and women *50 years ago.*

You need have no doubts, if, when you go to buy Sarsaparilla, you simply say the old name

"AYER'S"

That is the kind that cured your fathers and their fathers before them, and it is the kind that will cure you. Other Sarsaparillas may look like it, may even taste like it, but somehow or other they haven't the knack of curing people that Ayer's has. Just try one bottle of Ayer's today.



An Old Proverb That—
but just as forceful today as one hundred years ago.

It's good common sense advice in almost every transaction, but for present purposes let us suppose you are going to buy a binder, a mower or a corn harvester.

Possibly you have made up your mind to get something cheaper than the **Deering Ideal.**

Perhaps it is not yet too late to "go back." And it certainly is "better to go back than to go wrong."

That word "cheaper" is an old fraud. Do not be deceived by it.

Deering Ideal grain and grass harvesters are "ideal" because they embody the best thoughts and suggestions of the farmer and the mechanic.

They are simple, scientific and substantial.

They are the cheapest to buy because they are the best to own.

DEERING HARVESTER CO., - Chicago.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE
DO YOU WANT A HOME?
60,000 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LANDS IN WASHBURN AND BARRON COUNTIES, WISCONSIN, to be divided and sold at $3.00 to $6.00 PER ACRE.
Long time and easy payments to actual settlers.
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PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Nervous People.

Nervous people not only suffer themselves but cause more or less misery to everyone around them. They are fretful, easily worried and therefore a worry to others.

When everything annoys you; when your pulse beats excessively; when you are startled at the least unexpected sound, your nerves are in a bad state and should be promptly attended to.

Nervousness is a question of nutrition. Food for the nerves is what you need to put you right, and the best nerve food in the world is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

They give strength and tone to every nerve in the body, and make despondent, easily irritated people feel that life has renewed its charms. Here is proof:



Miss Cora Watrous, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Mr. I. C. Watrous, of 61 Clarion St., Bradford, Pa., was seized with a nervous disorder which threatened to end her life. Eminent physicians agreed the trouble was from impoverished blood, but failed to give relief. Mr. Watrous heard Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were highly recommended for nervous disorders, and gave them a trial. Before the first box had been taken the girl's condition improved. After using six boxes her appetite returned, the pain in her head ceased, and she was stronger than ever before. "My daughter's life was saved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," said Mrs. Watrous. "Her condition was almost hopeless when she commenced taking them, but now she is strong and healthy. I cannot recommend these pills too highly."—*Bradford (Pa.) Era.*

The full name is on each package. Sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. Price 50¢ per box; 6 boxes $2.50

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

Soda water, the finest in the land, all flavors, at Johnson's Pharmacy.

See all the moving war pictures at the opera house Monday night. Ladies tickets free.

One ticket on the Edison Talking Machine given with every 25 cent purchase at Johnson's Pharmacy.

FOR SALE—Blacksmith shop tools and stock. J. L. HARTELL,
Pillager, Minn.

After a bicycle ride bring your best girl and her friends to Johnson's Pharmacy for a refreshing drink of soda water.

The B. & N. M. received their new passenger coach on Saturday and it was attached to the train going north for the first time on Monday.

See the great strike scene in the Grip of Steel at Gardner Opera house Monday night. Ladies tickets free. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

The pension of H. J. Davis, of this city, was increased from $10 to $12 per month by the pension department at Washington on Tuesday.

Hoffman's second hand store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

The Frank Long company will give away a bicycle on Saturday night. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats now selling. Ladies tickets free Monday night.

See the great strike scene in the Grip of Steel at Gardner Opera house Monday night. Ladies tickets free. Prices 10 and 20 and 30 cents. Seats now selling.

George M. Whipple has been appointed postmaster at Smiley vice Seth M. Dinwiddie resigned. The Smiley postoffice is on the B. & N. M. above Hubert lake.

LOST—One plain gold ring with diamond setting. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the Northern Pacific bank.
C. N. PARKER.

Frank E. Driver, of Maple Grove has purchased machinery for a portable saw mill from J. C. Hessell and is setting the same up to-day preparatory to taking it out to his place. The boiler and engine are 16 horse power.

The Inter-State Traction Co., of Duluth, has purchased the material of the late Brainerd Electric Railway Co. The above company has a horse car line running from the south side of the canal down Minnesota point to accommodate the owners of summer cottages out on the point.

Frank E. Long and his excellent company will be seen at Gardner opera house all next week in a repertoire of plays new to Brainerd theatre-goers, opening Monday night, May 15th, in the great labor play A Grip of Steel. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats now selling. Ladies' tickets free Monday night.

At 9:30 last evening fire was discovered in the old dwelling of John Chamberlain's on 6th street south, and the high winds soon fanned the flames so that the building was all on fire before the department could reach it. Prompt work, however, saved the adjoining buildings occupied by Wickham's blacksmith and wagon shop. The dwelling had been on fire before and was unoccupied, the blaze, without doubt, being the work of an incendiary.

Little Miss Mamie Scheidecker returned home Saturday afternoon from Brainerd where she had passed through a most successful operation for appendicitis. The operation was performed at the Sanitarium by Dr. Courtney, and was considered a most delicate one on account of the age of the little patient. The parents of Miss Mamie speak in glowing terms of the skill of Dr. Courtney, and of the many acts of kindness shown their little daughter.—Perham Bulletin.

Judge R. Phelps, of St. Paul, D. Wilmot Smith and B. N. Phelps, of New York, arrived in the city yesterday and left this morning for Crooked Lake in company with M. D. Butterfield, to whose place they go for a month's outing, and they will enjoy the finest fishing in the world, for which Northern Minnesota is noted, and besides, with Mr. Butterfield as a guide their trip will be a very pleasant one. Hon. Joseph Woods, of Breckenridge, will join the party the latter part of next week.

On Wednesday Keene & McFadden sold to Herman Hagberg lot 12 in block 42, the location being on Main street between Seventh and Eighth. Mr. Hagberg, who is a violin maker, expects to erect a substantial building on the lot at once.

Brainerd is to have a merry-go-round next week.

Dr. Corkins makes a specialty cotrecting the visual defects of school children.

T. C. Blewett is acting county attorney during the absence of County Attorney Alderman.

You get one chance on the talking machine for every 25 cent purchase at Johnson's Pharmacy.

Something like $140 was realized by the Cycle Path Association at their dance last Friday evening.

Henry Poppenberg left yesterday for Bemidji, where he will have charge of the B. & N. M. machine shop.

O. H. Havill, formerly of this city, has just been elected president of the Merchant's National Bank, of St. Cloud.

Dr. P. S. Corkins, eye specialist, from the Northern Illinois College of Opthalmy, Chicago, is stopping at the Arlington.

Jessie Harris, a woman of color, was examined before Judge McFadden on Monday afternoon as to her sanity and discharged.

About your eye troubles of any kind see Dr. Corkins, Opthalmic specialist, while he is in the city. The Arlington parlors. Afternoons.

C. W. Koering has been elected treasurer of St. Francis Catholic Church Society, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Frank Scherman.

Suffer no longer with those dull obscure headaches. They can be cured. Consult Dr. Corkins, Opthalmic specialist. At the Arlington Hotel parlors. Afternoons.

The Cycle Path Association has had a force of men and teams at work making necessary repairs on the Gull Lake path during the week, and is now finished and in first-class shape.

Geo. B. Aiton, inspectors of state high schools, was in the city Wednesday on official business. The gentleman expressed himself as being well pleased with the Brainerd schools.

Among the list of graduates of the elementary course at the St. Cloud Normal school are the names of Miss Mary Doran and James Nolan, of this city. The graduating exercises will occur Thursday, June 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. James Buley are the proud parents of a son, the first born, whose birth dates from Tuesday. The Central hose house has been illuminated with Jim's smile ever since the event occurred.

The "Hard Timers" spent the day at Henry Spalding's Lake View house Thursday, the occasion being Mrs. Spalding's birthday, and the ladies enjoyed one of the most pleasant times since the society was organized.

Headaches that come after reading, or close work, or after riding, are from eye strain, caused by some refractive error. Correctly fitted glasses will cure this kind. Consult Dr. Corkins, the eye specialist, at the Arlington parlors. Afternoons.

Fire at the residence of Henry Bartle on Saturday evening occasioned the fire department a run but the blaze was under control when they arrived. An over-turned lamp was the cause and the damage was considerable, a fine piano being ruined, besides other parlor furnishings.

On Monday O. E. Culver brought a man into the city who had been staying in the woods in the vicinity of Deerwood for several days and who showed every symptoms of insanity. The man was placed in the city jail and after a day or two was released. The authorities seemed to think he was suffering from lack of food more than anything else.

Judge Holland closed the Cass county term of court at Walker on Tuesday evening. The grand jury found indictments againt A. Hayford and Louis Beboe for the murder of Geo. Barclay, and Sheriff Hardy passed through Brainerd yesterday with the prisoners to lodge them in the county jail of Hennepin county for safe keeping until the October term of court. John Foster, better known as "Happy Jack," was given a six years sentence at Stiliwater for highway robbery.

J. H. Morrison, who has done considerable lumbering in this vicinity, was arrested at Halsted on Wednesday on the charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses and brought to this city by Sheriff Erickson. Yesterday morning the prisoner appeared before the municipal court and the examination was set for Friday, May 19. The case is brought by the state through M. J. Reilly of whom Morrison is said to have obtained about $1900 worth of goods some time ago. Morrison gave bond in the sum of $1000.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

Supt. Blanchard was in the city Monday.

Mrs. C. E. Allen went to St. Paul on Tuesday.

W. H. Crowell went to St. Paul this afternoon.

Jerome Kelleher was a Walker visitor on Tuesday.

Clifton Allbright was in Staples on legal business Monday.

Mrs. E. O. Parks has been visiting St. Paul friends during the week.

Miss Lettie Chrysler left on Monday for a visit with Staples friends.

Mrs. L. J. Cale and Miss Lurline Cale went to Minneapolis Tuesday.

Wm. Wood left for a few days' visit in Minneapolis on Wednesday.

C. A. Richardson went to Staples Wednesday where he will visit his son.

Dr. Courtney was a passenger on Wednesday's train bound for St. Paul.

Mrs. A. J. Forsyth went to Little Falls this morning for a few days visit.

Mrs. A. M. Opsahl left Monday for a month's visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Mrs. Sarah L. Sleeper went to Minneapolis on Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Smith.

James Wickham left on Thursday for Chicago, and will also visit at Toledo, Ohio, before his return.

Mrs. S. Turner went to Staples Wednesday on a visit with her daughter, Mrs. R. A. Closterman.

R. J. Rofidal, of Garrison, left on Tuesday for Bemidji with his family, and expects to make that his future home.

D. D. Smith spent several days in the Twin Cities this week purchasing supplies for his machinery warehouse.

Knute Neisham went to St. Paul Tuesday to secure medical aid for his daughter whose eyes are badly affected.

Miss Nettie Ward, of Hewitt, arrived in the city Tuesday and will visit with Miss Lottie White for a couple of weeks.

W. H. Thompson, who has been at Missoula since last fall arrived in the city on Saturday for a week's visit with his family.

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And Following Through

Next Week

We Shall Institute

A REMARKABLE SALE

A VERY REMARKABLE SALE

A REMARKABLE SHOE SALE

SHOE SALE

SHOE SALE!

DON'T FORGET IT,
NEXT WEEK, COMMENCES
ON SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK,

A REMARKABLE SALE.

Every Store will in time when they carry a large stock of Shoes, gradually accumulate Odd Styles, Sizes and Kinds of Shoes, Good Shoes, New Shoes, Clean Shoes, but Odd Sizes, and what are called Broken Lots. We propose to give the public the benefit of our position, and Sacrifice all Profits on these goods. In some cases we will be obliged to sell

SHOES AT LESS THAN COST
OF MANUFACTURING THEM.

Now Remember The TIME OF THIS SALE
Starts this week SATURDAY, and continues All Next Week .....

These goods comprise finest lines of Ladies' Shoes, elegant finish, but at ridiculous prices. Oxford Ties, Low Shoes, Slippers, Children's Shoes, big and little, Boy's Shoes, Girls Spring Heel Shoes, Women's Strong Shoes. We might quote prices until we were black in the face, but that won't do you any good. The goods will be placed on counters plainly marked what we want for them, regardless of what they were worth. May be you can use them; it may be, you can use a great many of them; it may be, none. Come in and look at prices on **SHOES** that will stagger all competition and belief. A remarkable Sale on Shoes,

SHOES! SHOES!!

Good Shoes, cheap, very cheap. Don't be the last one to get in on this sale, and feel sorry that you missed it. We give you our word of honor it will be money in your pocket to attend this **Remarkable Shoe Sale.** Extra force of clerks for this sale. **Commences SATURDAY, this week.**

Henry I. Cohen

SLEEPER BLOCK.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

Soda water, the finest in the land, all flavors, at Johnson's Pharmacy.

See all the moving war pictures at the opera house Monday night. Ladies tickets free.

One ticket on the Edison Talking Machine given with every 25 cent purchase at Johnson's Pharmacy.

FOR SALE—Blacksmith shop tools and stock. J. L. HARTELL, Pillager, Minn.

After a bicycle ride bring your best girl and her friends to Johnson's Pharmacy for a refreshing drink of soda water.

The B. & N. M. received their new passenger coach on Saturday and it was attached to the train going north for the first time on Monday.

See the great strike scene in the Grip of Steel at Gardner Opera house Monday night. Ladies tickets free. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

The pension of H. J. Davis, of this city, was increased from $10 to $12 per month by the pension department at Washington on Tuesday.

Hoffman's second hand store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

The Frank Long company will give away a bicycle on Saturday night. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats now selling. Ladies tickets free Monday night.

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George M. Whipple has been appointed postmaster at Smiley vice Seth M. Dinwiddie resigned. The Smiley postoffice is on the B. & N. M. above Hubert lake.

LOST—One plain gold ring with diamond setting. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the Northern Pacific bank. C. N. PARKER.

Frank E. Driver, of Maple Grove has purchased machinery for a portable saw mill from J. C. Hessell and is setting the same up to-day preparatory to taking it out to his place. The boiler and engine are 16 horse power.

The Inter-State Traction Co., of Duluth, has purchased the material of the late Brainerd Electric Railway Co. The above company has a horse car line running from the south side of the canal down Minnesota point to accommodate the owners of summer cottages out on the point.

Frank E. Long and his excellent company will be seen at Gardner opera house all next week in a repertoire of plays new to Brainerd theatre-goers, opening Monday night, May 15th, in the great labor play A Grip of Steel. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats now selling. Ladies' tickets free Monday night.

At 9:30 last evening fire was discovered in the old dwelling of John Chamberlain's on 6th street south, and the high winds soon fanned the flames so that the building was all on fire before the department could reach it. Prompt work, however, saved the adjoining buildings occupied by Wickham's blacksmith and wagon shop. The dwelling had been on fire before and was unoccupied, the blaze, without doubt, being the work of an incendiary.

Little Miss Mamie Scheidecker returned home Saturday afternoon from Brainerd where she had passed through a most successful operation for appendicitis. The operation was performed at the Sanitarium by Dr. Courtney, and was considered a most delicate one on account of the age of the little patient. The parents of Miss Mamie speak in glowing terms of the skill of Dr. Courtney, and of the many acts of kindness shown their little daughter.—Perham Bulletin.

Judge R. Phelps, of St. Paul, D. Wilmot Smith and B. N. Phelps, of New York, arrived in the city yesterday and left this morning for Crooked Lake in company with M. D. Butterfield, to whose place they go for a month's outing, and they will enjoy the finest fishing in the world, for which Northern Minnesota is noted, and besides, with Mr. Butterfield as a guide their trip will be a very pleasant one. Hon. Joseph Woods, of Breckenridge, will join the party the latter part of next week.

On Wednesday Keene & McFadden sold to Herman Hagberg lot 12 in block 42, the location being on Main street between Seventh and Eighth. Mr. Hagberg, who is a violin maker, expects to erect a substantial building on the lot at once.

Brainerd is to have a merry-go-round next week.

Dr. Corkins makes a specialty cotrecting the visual defects of school children.

T. C. Blewett is acting county attorney during the absence of County Attorney Alderman.

You get one chance on the talking machine for every 25 cent purchase at Johnson's Pharmacy.

Something like $140 was realized by the Cycle Path Association at their dance last Friday evening.

Henry Poppenberg left yesterday for Bemidji, where he will have charge of the B. & N. M. machine shop.

O. H. Havill, formerly of this city, has just been elected president of the Merchant's National Bank, of St. Cloud.

Dr. P. S. Corkins, eye specialist, from the Northern Illinois College of Opthalmy, Chicago, is stopping at the Arlington.

Jessie Harris, a woman of color, was examined before Judge McFadden on Monday afternoon as to her sanity and discharged.

About your eye troubles of any kind see Dr. Corkins, Opthalmic specialist, while he is in the city. The Arlington parlors. Afternoons.

C. W. Koering has been elected treasurer of St. Francis Catholic Church Society, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Frank Scherman.

Suffer no longer with those dull obscure headaches. They can be cured. Consult Dr. Corkins, Opthalmic specialist. At the Arlington Hotel parlors. Afternoons.

The Cycle Path Association has had a force of men and teams at work making necessary repairs on the Gull Lake path during the week, and is now finished and in first-class shape.

Geo. B. Aiton, inspectors of state high schools, was in the city Wednesday on official business. The gentleman expressed himself as being well pleased with the Brainerd schools.

Among the list of graduates of the elementary course at the St. Cloud Normal school are the names of Miss Mary Doran and James Nolan, of this city. The graduating exercises will occur Thursday, June 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. James Buley are the proud parents of a son, the first born, whose birth dates from Tuesday. The Central hose house has been illuminated with Jim's smile ever since the event occurred.

The "Hard Timers" spent the day at Henry Spalding's Lake View house Thursday, the occasion being Mrs. Spalding's birthday, and the ladies enjoyed one of the most pleasant times since the society was organized.

Headaches that come after reading, or close work, or after riding, are from eye strain, caused by some refractive error. Correctly fitted glasses will cure this kind. Consult Dr. Corkins, the eye specialist, at the Arlington parlors. Afternoons.

Fire at the residence of Henry Bartle on Saturday evening occasioned the fire department a run but the blaze was under control when they arrived. An over-turned lamp was the cause and the damage was considerable, a fine piano being ruined, besides other parlor furnishings.

On Monday O. E. Culver brought a man into the city who had been staying in the woods in the vicinity of Deerwood for several days and who showed every symptoms of insanity. The man was placed in the city jail and after a day or two was released. The authorities seemed to think he was suffering from lack of food more than anything else.

Judge Holland closed the Cass county term of court at Walker on Tuesday evening. The grand jury found indictments againt A. Hayford and Louis Beboe for the murder of Geo. Barclay, and Sheriff Hardy passed through Brainerd yesterday with the prisoners to lodge them in the county jail of Hennepin county for safe keeping until the October term of court. John Foster, better known as "Happy Jack," was given a six years sentence at Stiliwater for highway robbery.

J. H. Morrison, who has done considerable lumbering in this vicinity, was arrested at Halsted on Wednesday on the charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses and brought to this city by Sheriff Erickson. Yesterday morning the prisoner appeared before the municipal court and the examination was set for Friday, May 19. The case is brought by the state through M. J. Reilly of whom Morrison is said to have obtained about $1900 worth of goods some time ago. Morrison gave bond in the sum of $1000.

PERTINENT PERSONAL NOTES.

Supt. Blanchard was in the city Monday.

Mrs. C. E. Allen went to St. Paul on Tuesday.

W. H. Crowell went to St. Paul this afternoon.

Jerome Kelleher was a Walker visitor on Tuesday.

Clifton Allbright was in Staples on legal business Monday.

Mrs. E. O. Parks has been visiting St. Paul friends during the week.

Miss Lettie Chrysler left on Monday for a visit with Staples friends.

Mrs. L. J. Cale and Miss Lurline Cale went to Minneapolis Tuesday.

Wm. Wood left for a few days' visit in Minneapolis on Wednesday.

C. A. Richardson went to Staples Wednesday where he will visit his son.

Dr. Courtney was a passenger on Wednesday's train bound for St. Paul.

Mrs. A. J. Forsyth went to Little Falls this morning for a few days visit.

Mrs. A. M. Opsahl left Monday for a month's visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Mrs. Sarah L. Sleeper went to Minneapolis on Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Smith.

James Wickham left on Thursday for Chicago, and will also visit at Toledo, Ohio, before his return.

Mrs. S. Turner went to Staples Wednesday on a visit with her daughter, Mrs. R. A. Closterman.

R. J. Rofidal, of Garrison, left on Tuesday for Bemidji with his family, and expects to make that his future home.

D. D. Smith spent several days in the Twin Cities this week purchasing supplies for his machinery warehouse.

Knute Neisham went to St. Paul Tuesday to secure medical aid for his daughter whose eyes are badly affected.

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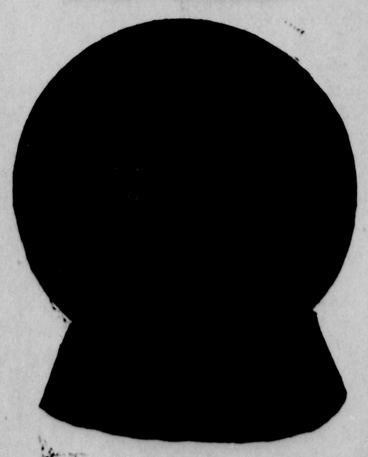
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